



IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & WELFARE
DIVISION OF PUBLIC HEALTH

Reportable Diseases and Conditions

Epidemiology Program
Bureau of Communicable Disease Prevention

Data are updated as of 10/01/2017

Most disease trends begin with data reported during calendar year 1987. Electronic disease case investigation data management began in 1987 with implementation of the National Electronic Telecommunications System for Surveillance (NETSS), later replaced by the National Notifiable Disease Surveillance System (NNDSS) in 2005.

Idaho incidence rates are calculated using population estimates published by the U.S. Census Bureau. Prior to 2005, annual rates were recalculated if the U.S. Census Bureau population estimates were revised. This practice has been discontinued and the population estimate used to calculate incidence rates are provided.

United States rates are from the most recent Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) publication *MMWR Summary of Notifiable Diseases, United States* (https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/mmwr_nd/index.html).

Definitions and Methods

Incidence: The number of instances of illness commencing, or of persons falling ill, during a given period of time in a specific population.

Incidence rate: The rate at which new events occur in a population. The numerator is the number of new events that occur in a defined period (incidence); the denominator is the population at risk of experiencing the event during this period.

For data presented here, incidence rates represent the rate per 100,000 population. The following formula is used to calculate annual incidence rates:

$$\frac{\text{Number of cases of disease reported during the calendar year}}{\text{Number of persons living in Idaho during the calendar year}} \times 100,000$$

Annual incidence rates are not presented if disease incidence over the time period has generally been less than 5 cases per year.

For annual statewide counts of disease (incidence) and by smaller geographic areas (e.g., county), please see the Annual Idaho Reportable Disease Summaries.

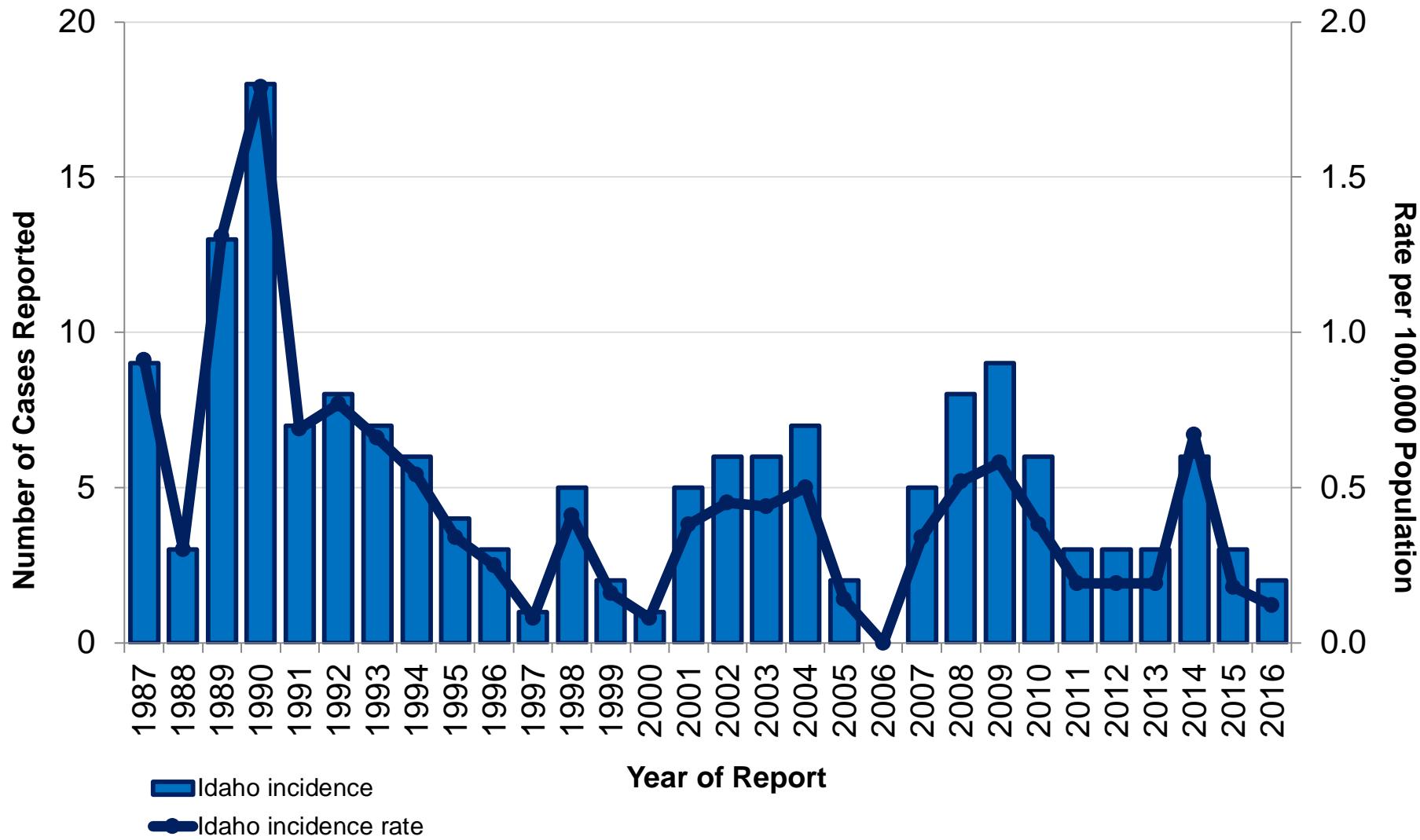
U.S. Census Bureau estimates for Idaho population used to calculate incidence rates

July 1, 1987: 984,997
July 1, 1988: 985,664
July 1, 1989: 994,416
July 1, 1990: 1,006,734
July 1, 1991: 1,011,882
July 1, 1992: 1,038,915
July 1, 1993: 1,066,490
July 1, 1994: 1,101,204
July 1, 1995: 1,165,000
July 1, 1996: 1,187,706
July 1, 1997: 1,210,638
July 1, 1998: 1,230,923
July 1, 1999: 1,251,700
July 1, 2000: 1,299,721
July 1, 2001: 1,320,585

July 1, 2002: 1,341,131
July 1, 2003: 1,366,332
July 1, 2004: 1,393,262
July 1, 2005: 1,407,060
July 1, 2006: 1,428,666
July 1, 2007: 1,450,503
July 1, 2008: 1,523,816
July 1, 2009: 1,545,801
July 1, 2010: 1,567,582
July 1, 2011: 1,584,985
July 1, 2012: 1,595,728
July 1, 2013: 1,612,136
July 1, 2014: 1,634,464
July 1, 2015: 1,654,930
July 1, 2016: 1,683,140

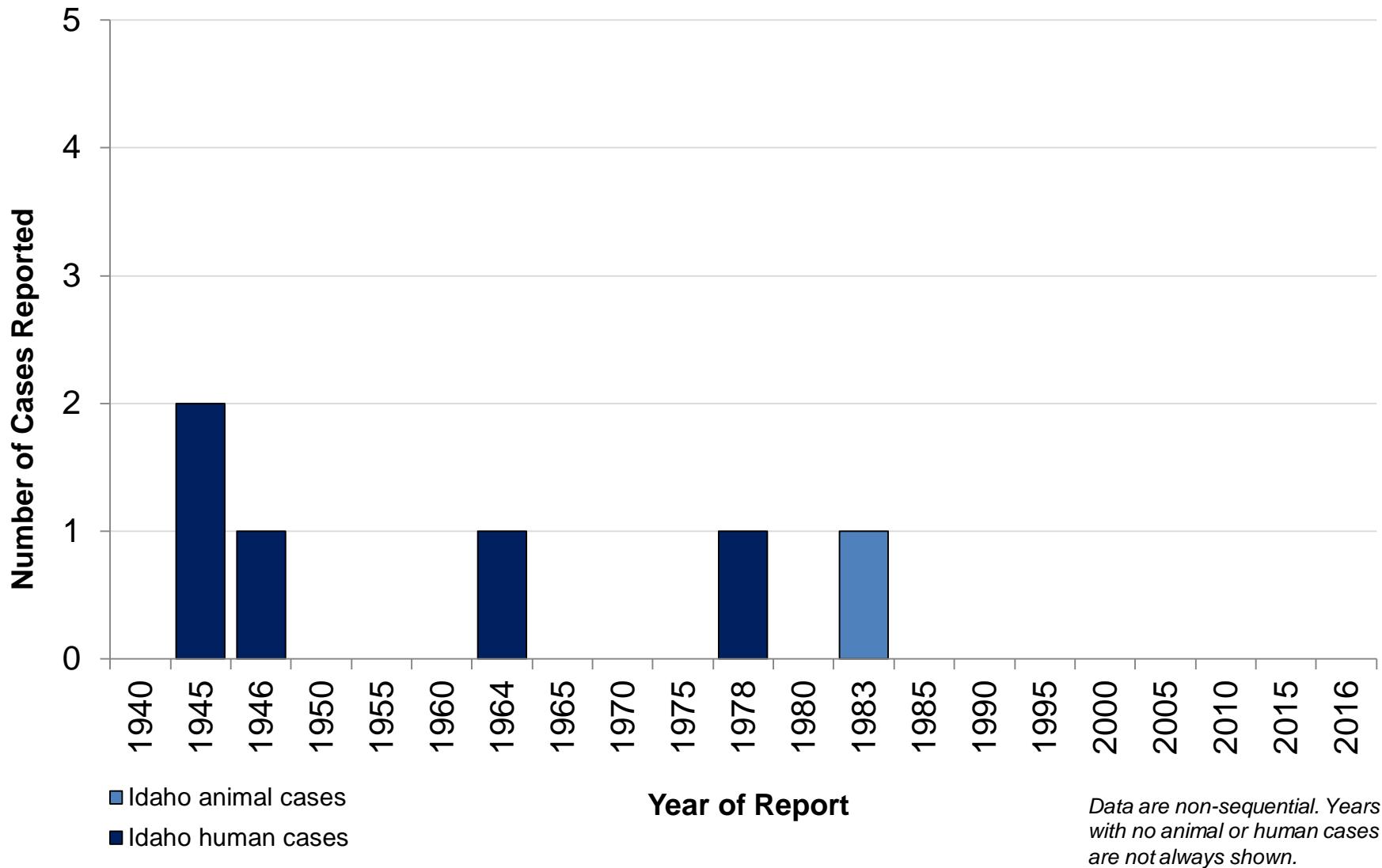
Amebiasis

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho, 1987 – 2016



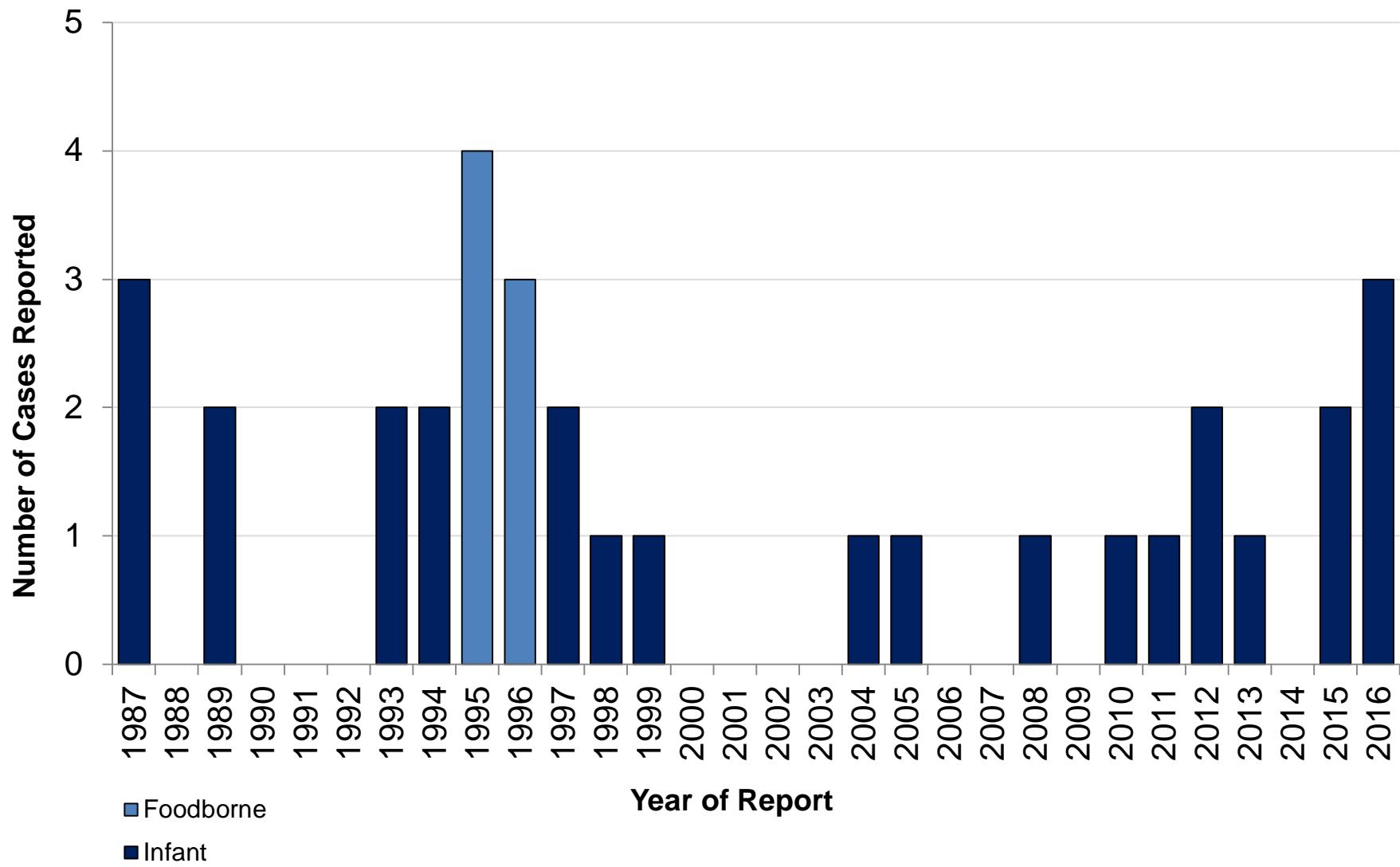
Anthrax

Human and animal cases: Idaho, 1940 - 2016



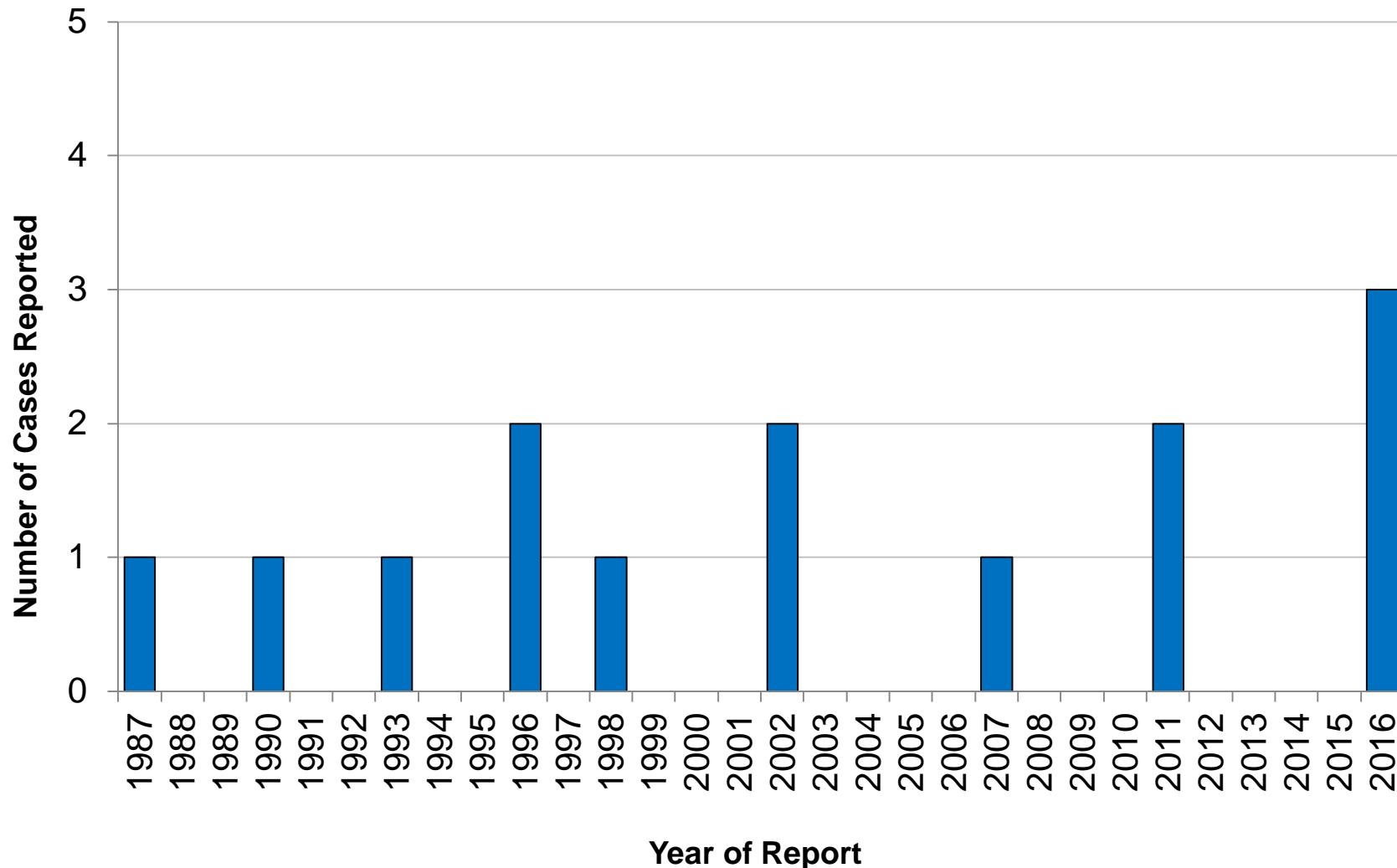
Botulism

Cases: Idaho, 1987 - 2016



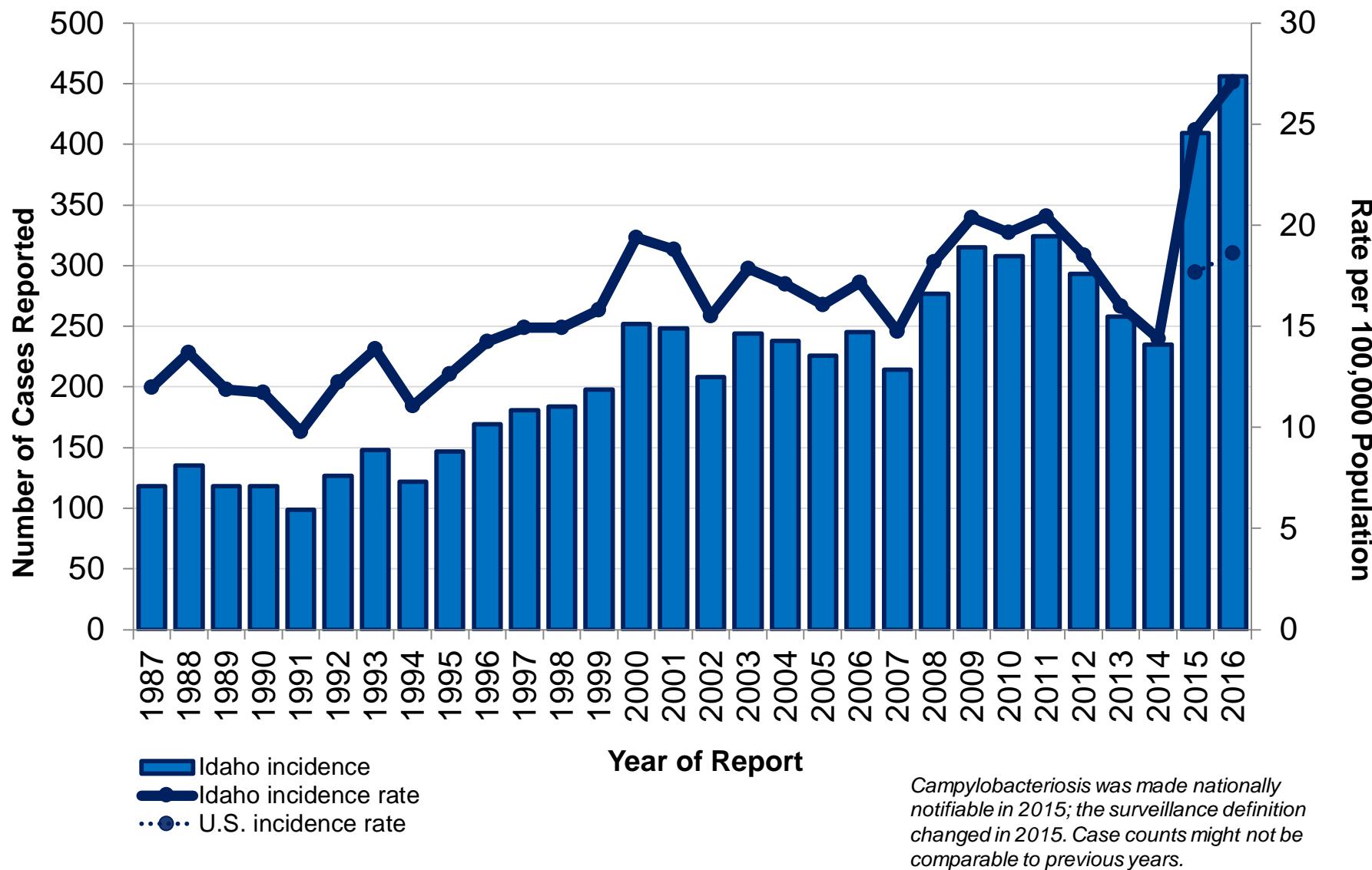
Brucellosis

Cases: Idaho, 1987 - 2016



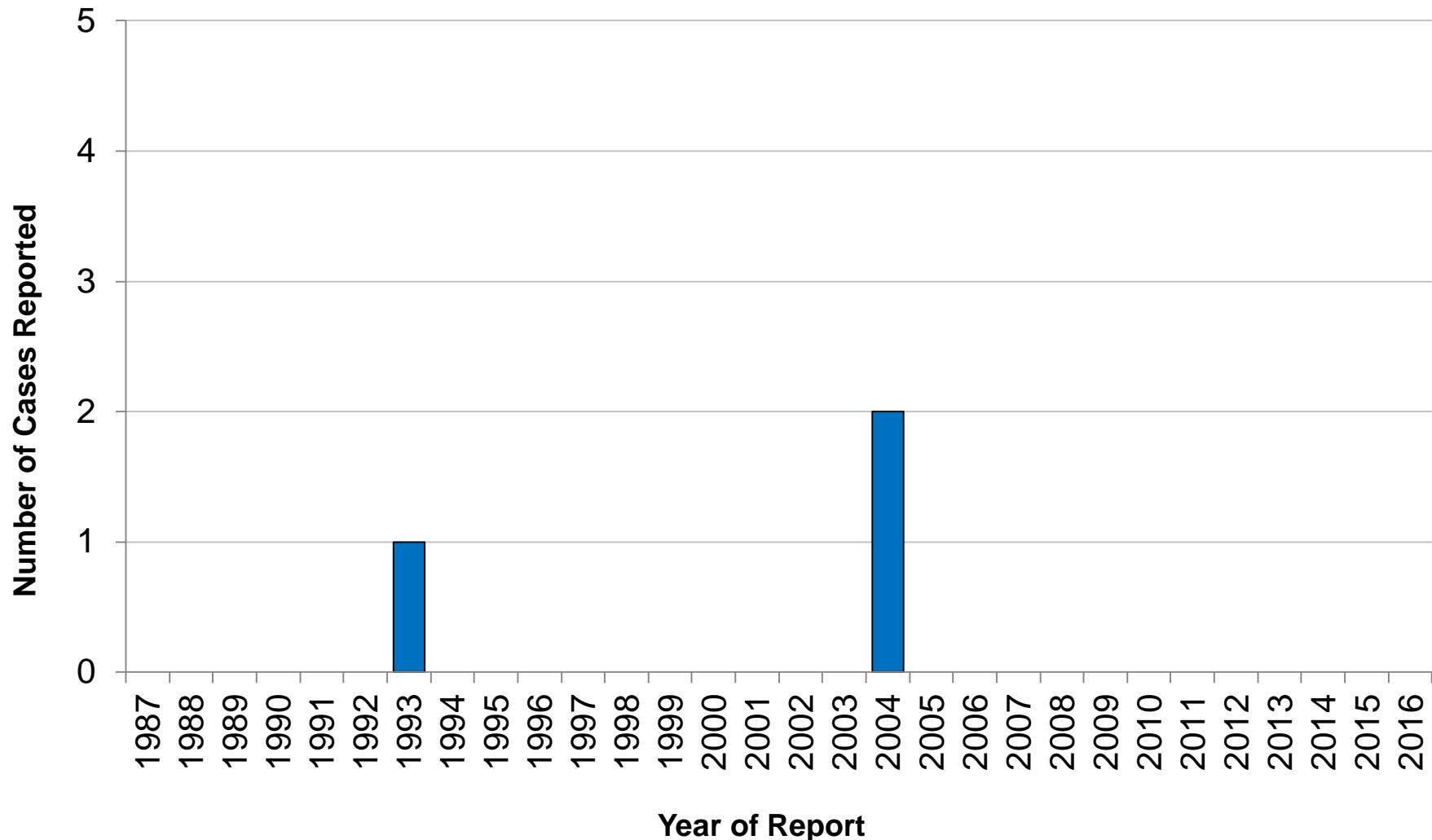
Campylobacteriosis

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho, 1987 – 2016



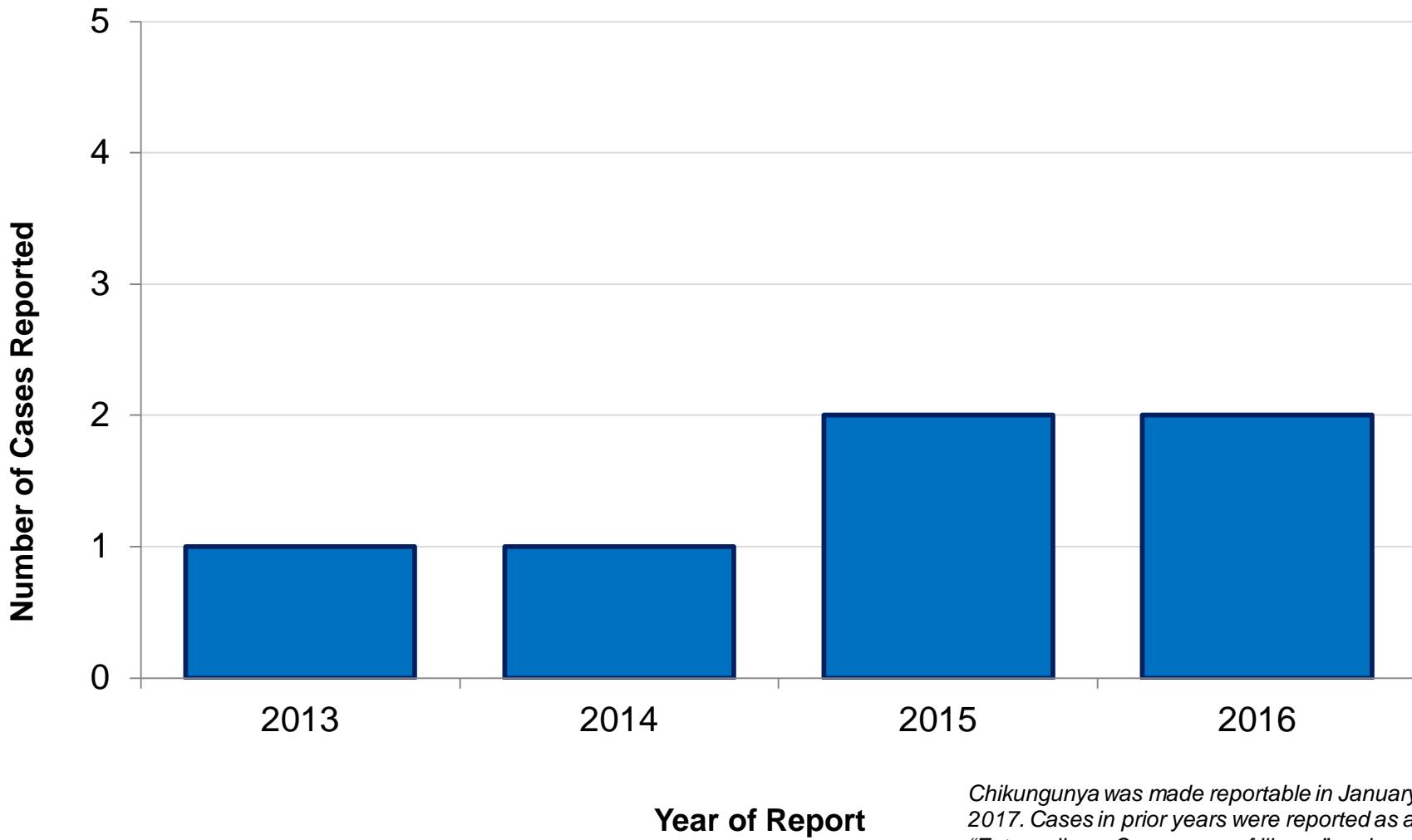
Chancroid

Cases: Idaho, 1987 - 2016



Chikungunya

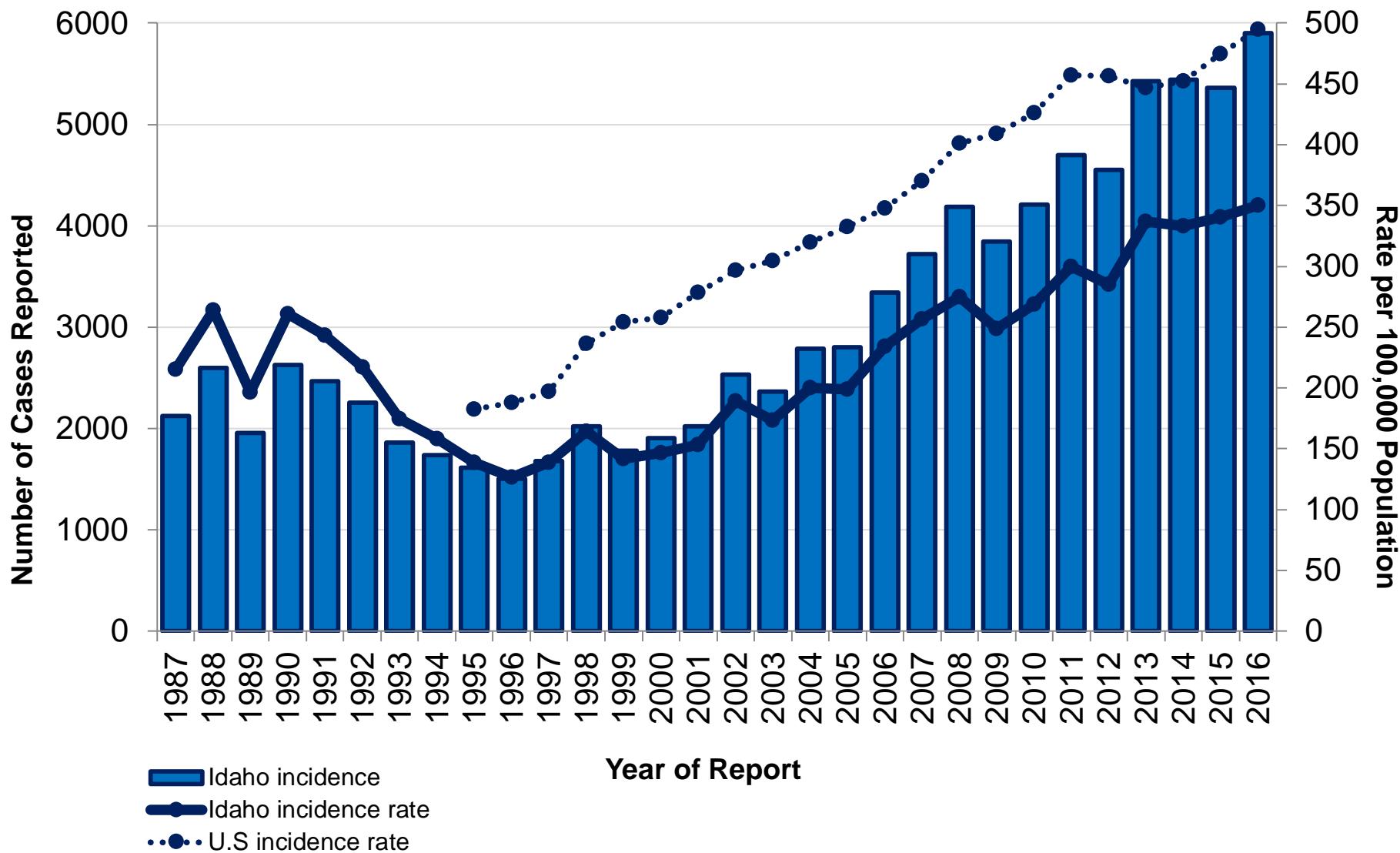
Cases: Idaho, 2013 – 2016



Chikungunya was made reportable in January 2017. Cases in prior years were reported as an "Extraordinary Occurrence of Illness" under Idaho Reportable Disease laws

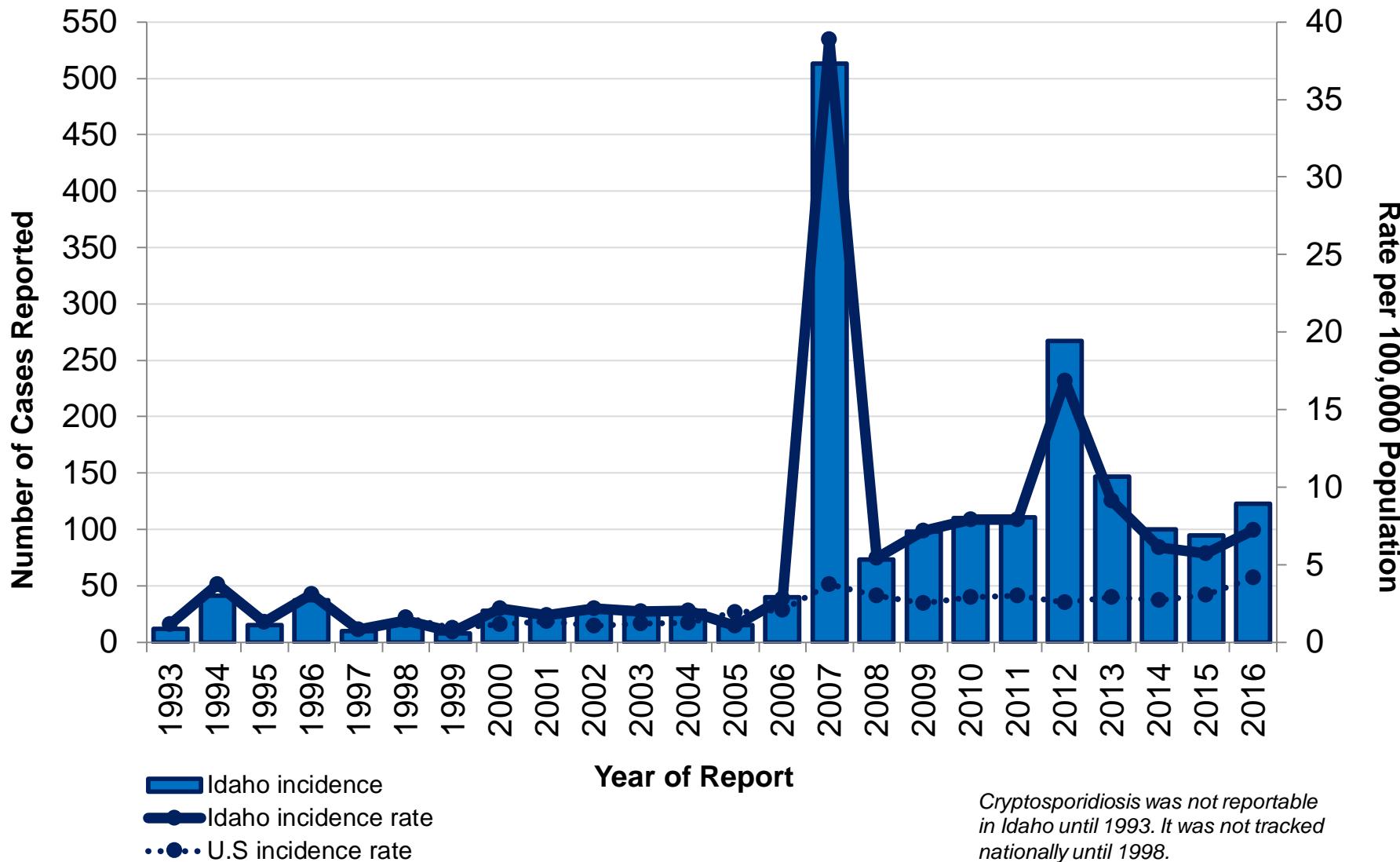
Chlamydia

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho and U.S., 1987 – 2016



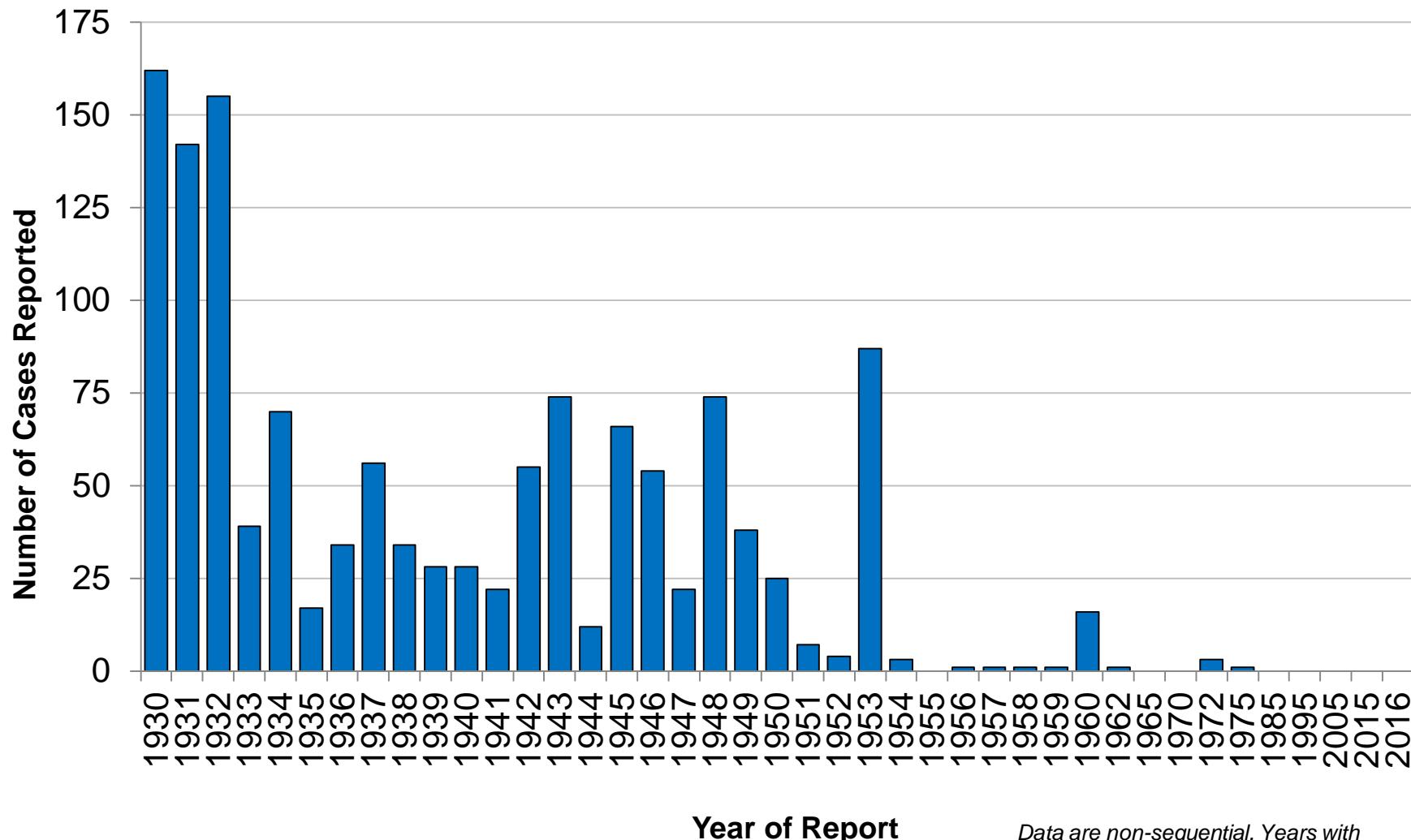
Cryptosporidiosis

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho and U.S., 1993 – 2016



Diphtheria

Cases: Idaho, 1930 - 2016

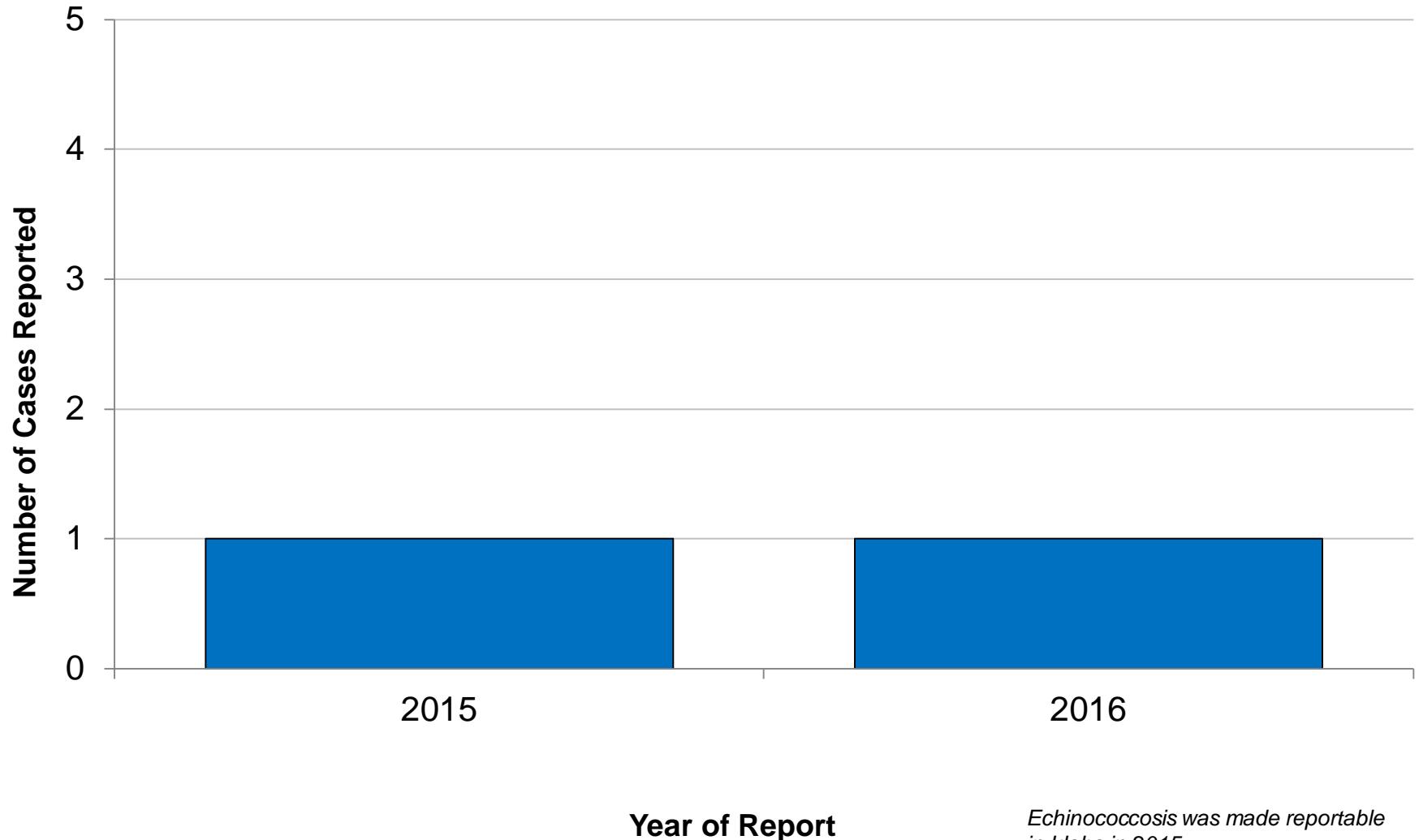


Year of Report

Data are non-sequential. Years with no cases are not always shown.

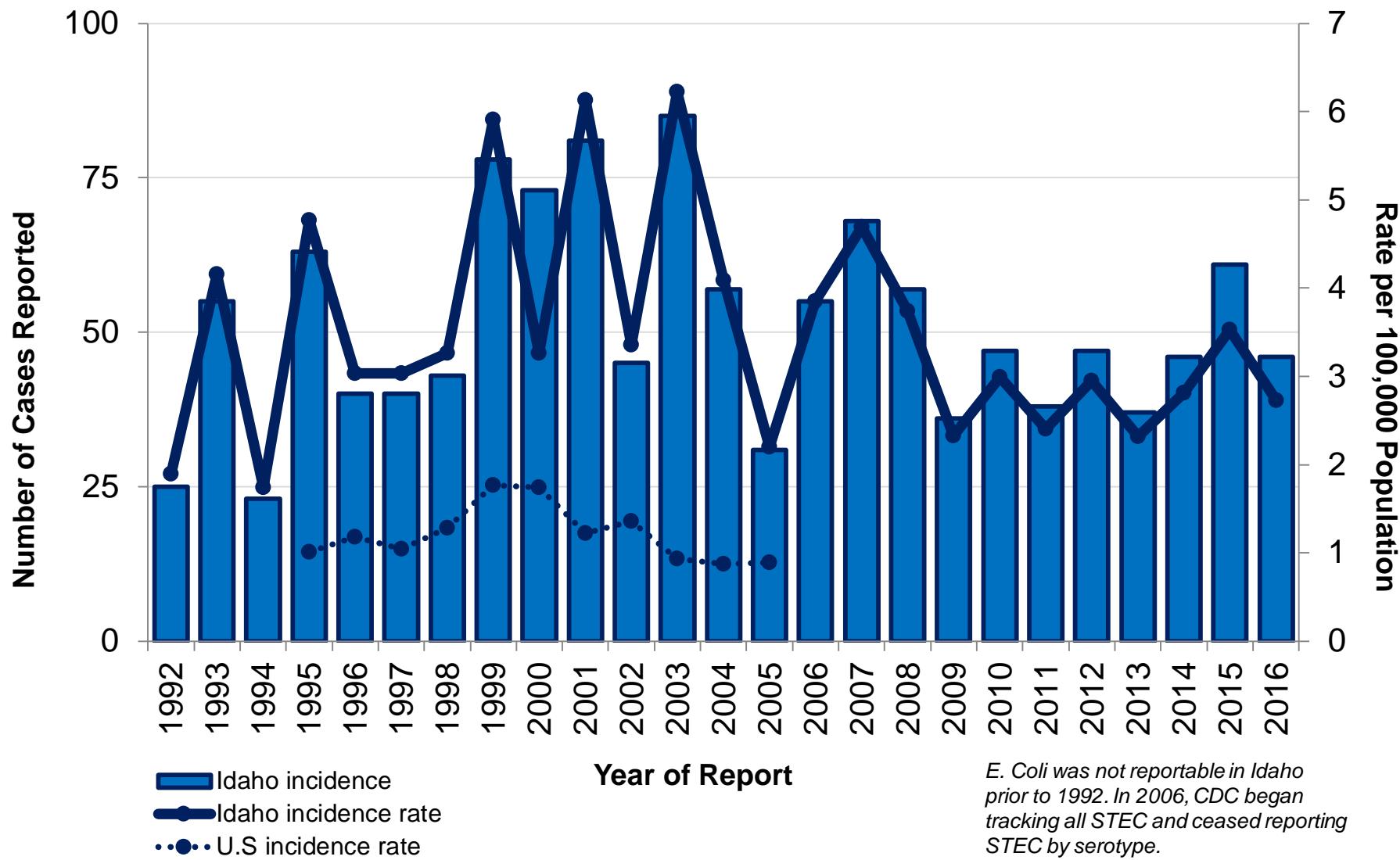
Echinococcosis

Cases: Idaho, 2015-2016



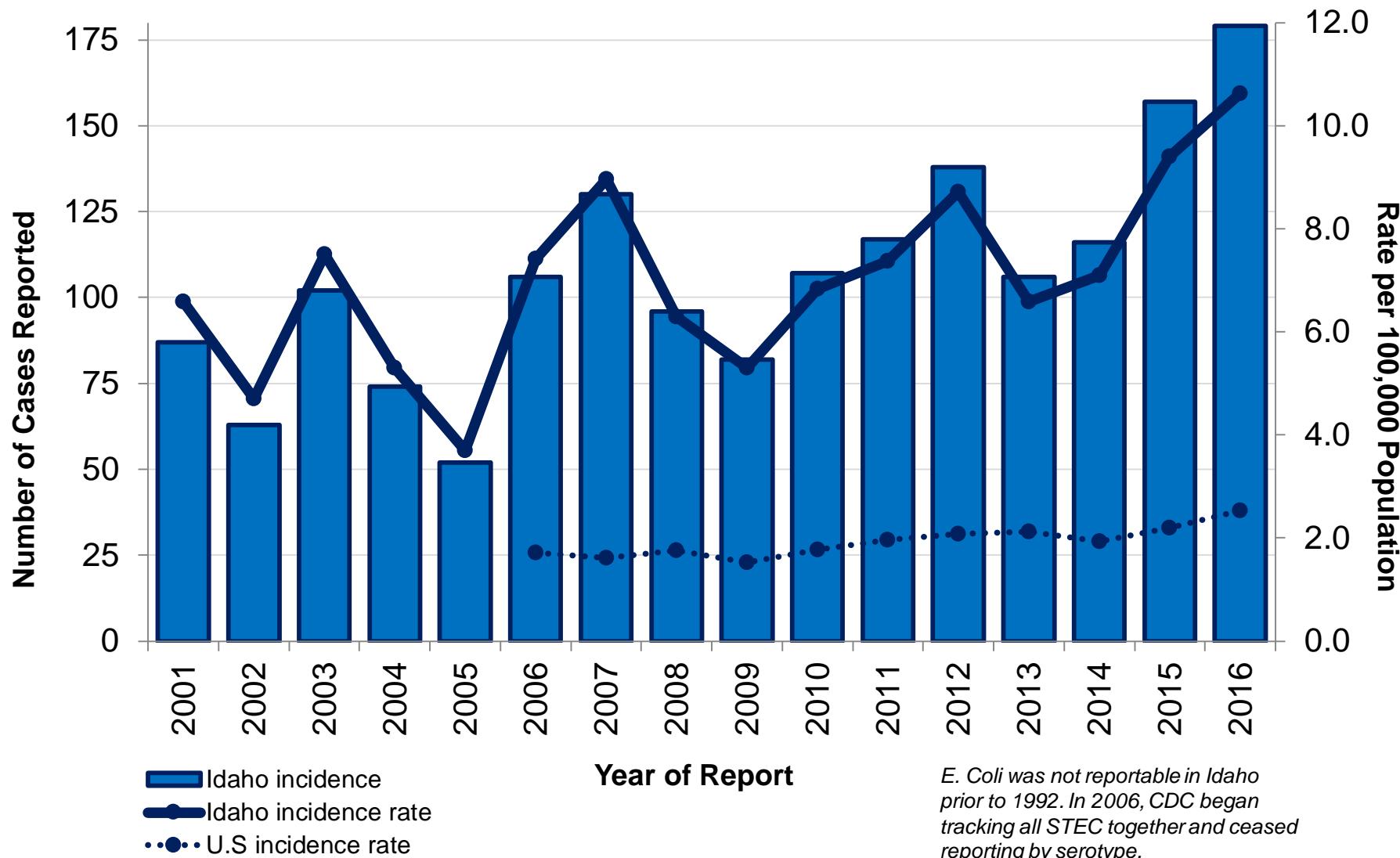
E. Coli O157:H7

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho and U.S., 1992 – 2016



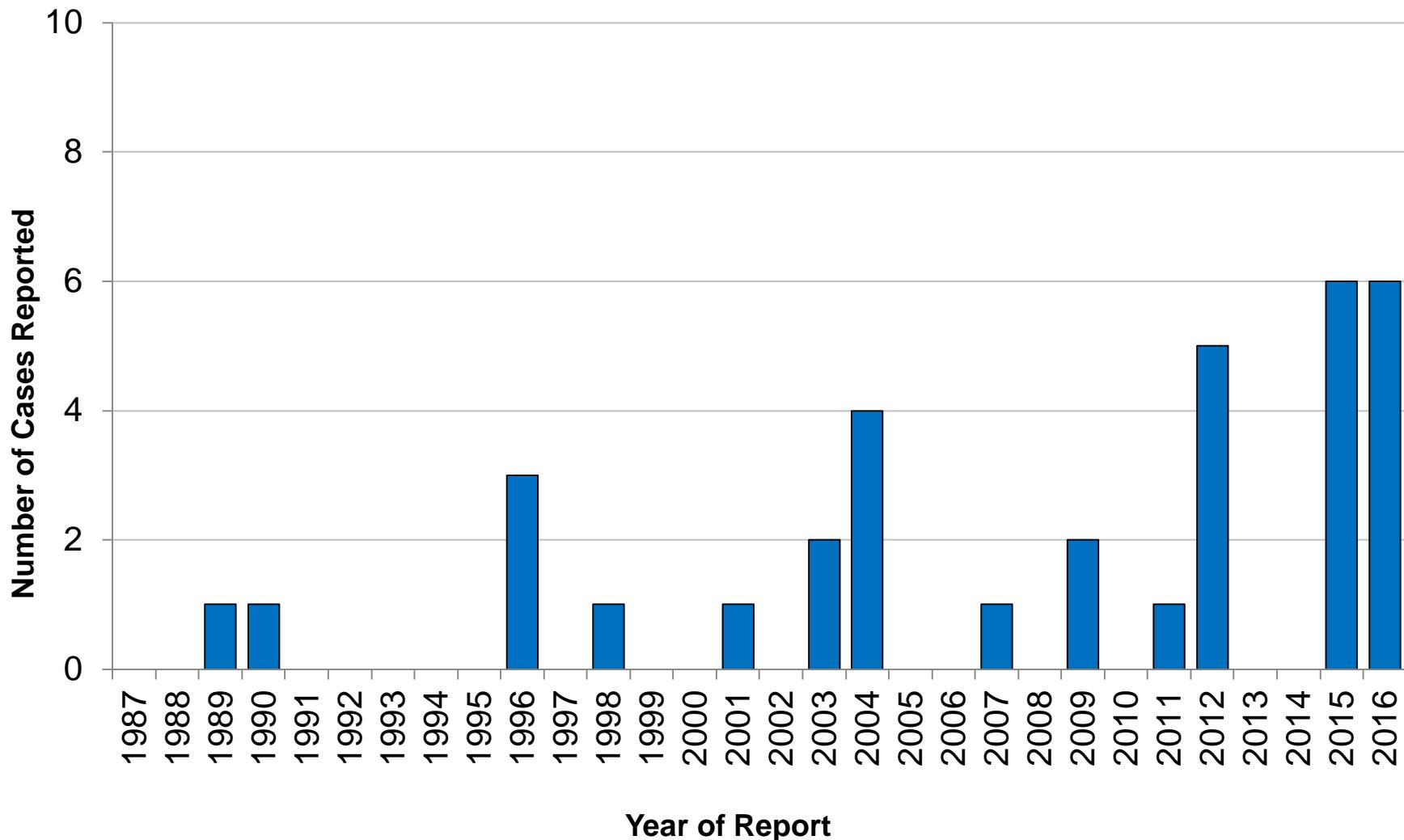
E. Coli STEC

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho and U.S., 2001 – 2016



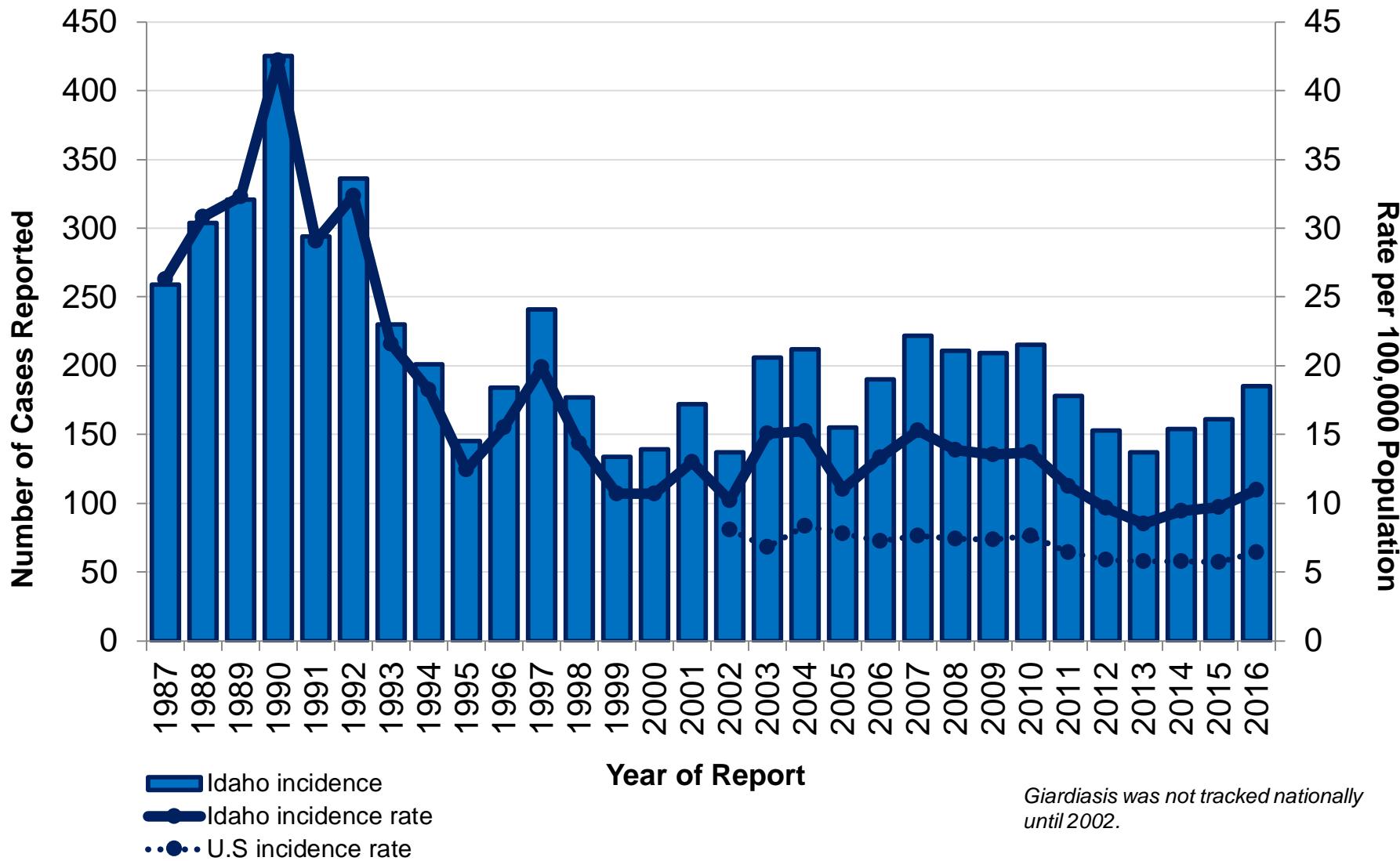
Encephalitis, viral or aseptic

Cases: Idaho, 1987 – 2016



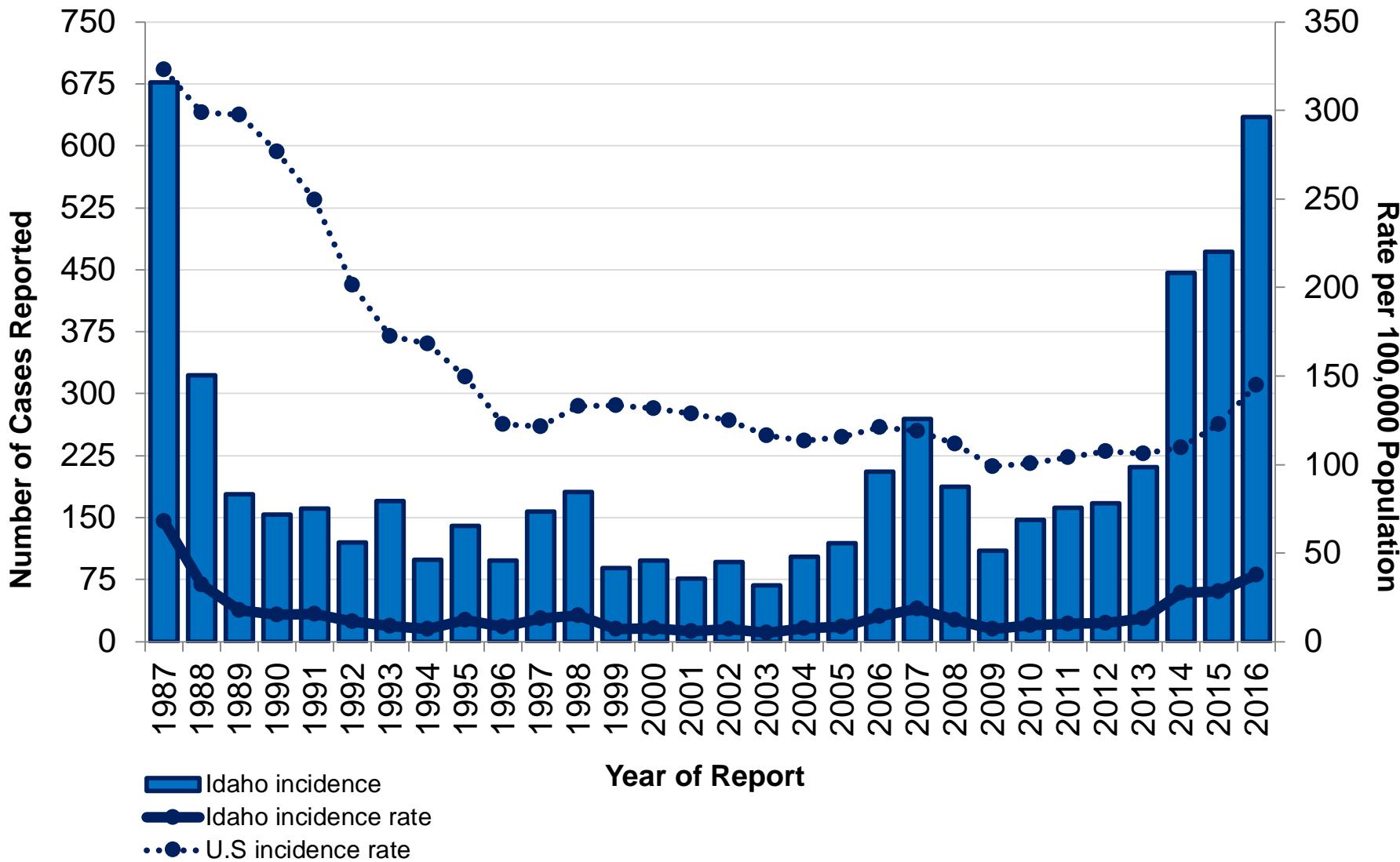
Giardiasis

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho and U.S., 1987 – 2016



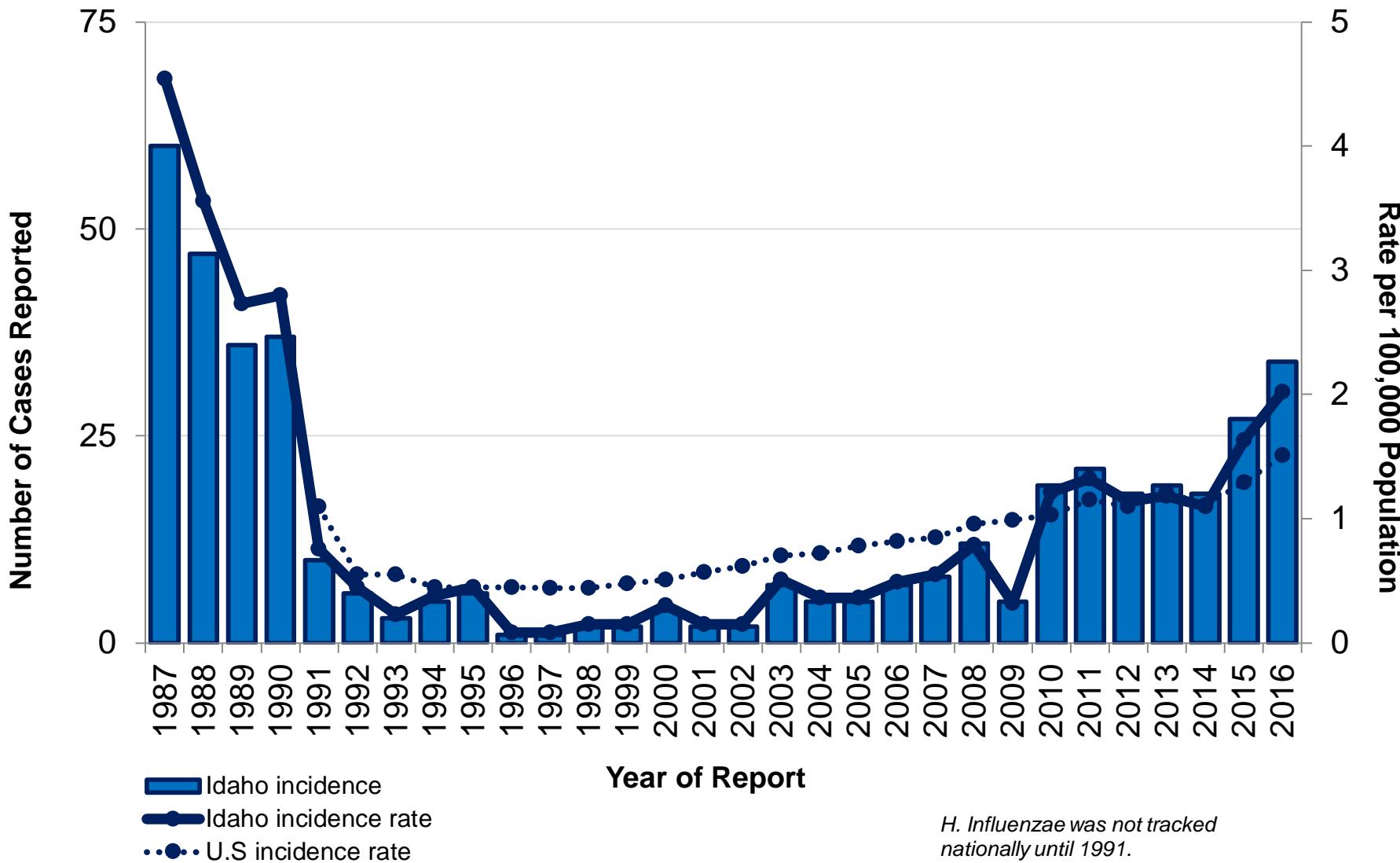
Gonorrhea

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho and U.S., 1987 – 2016



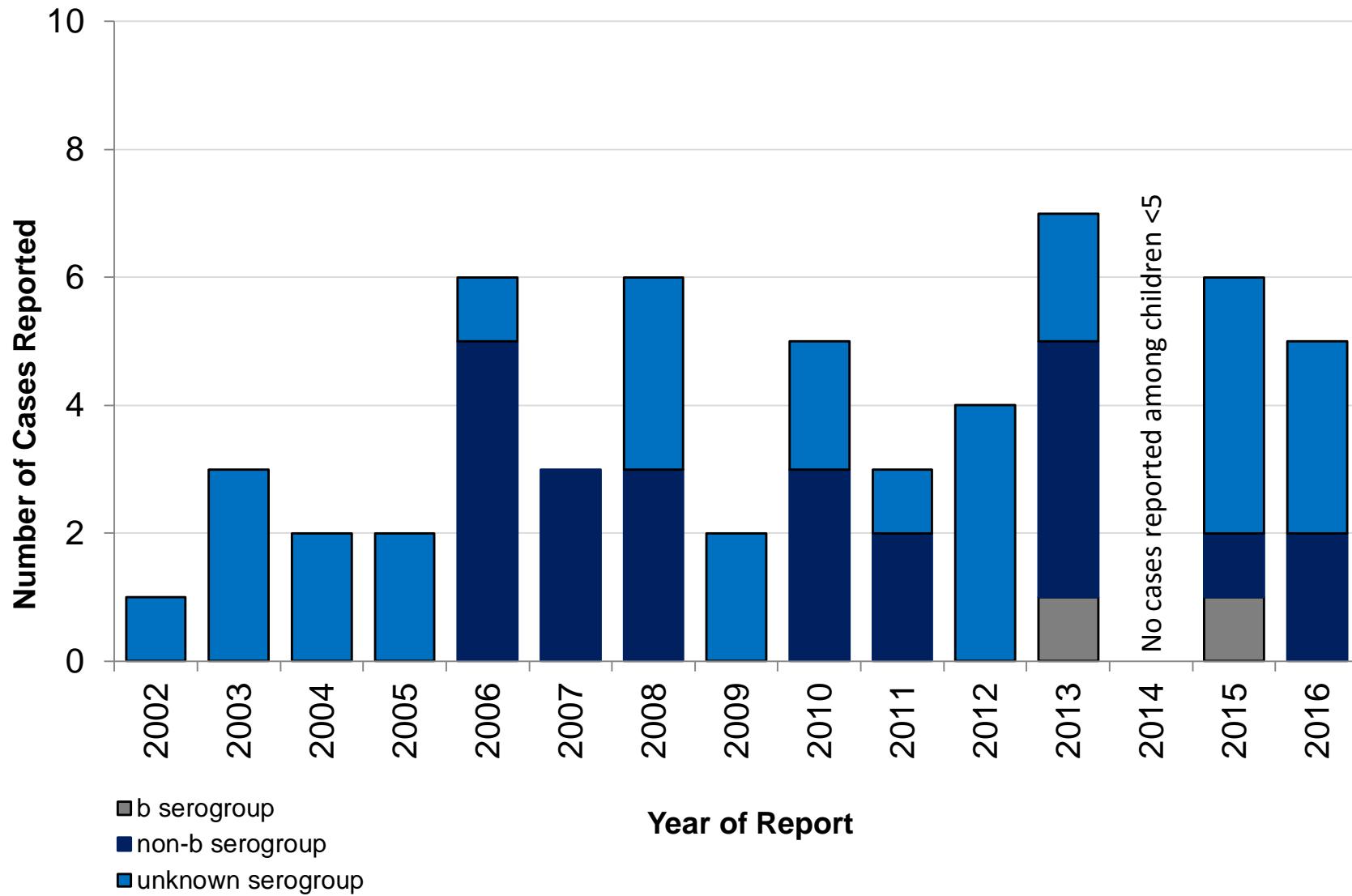
Haemophilus influenzae invasive disease

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho and U.S., 1987 – 2016



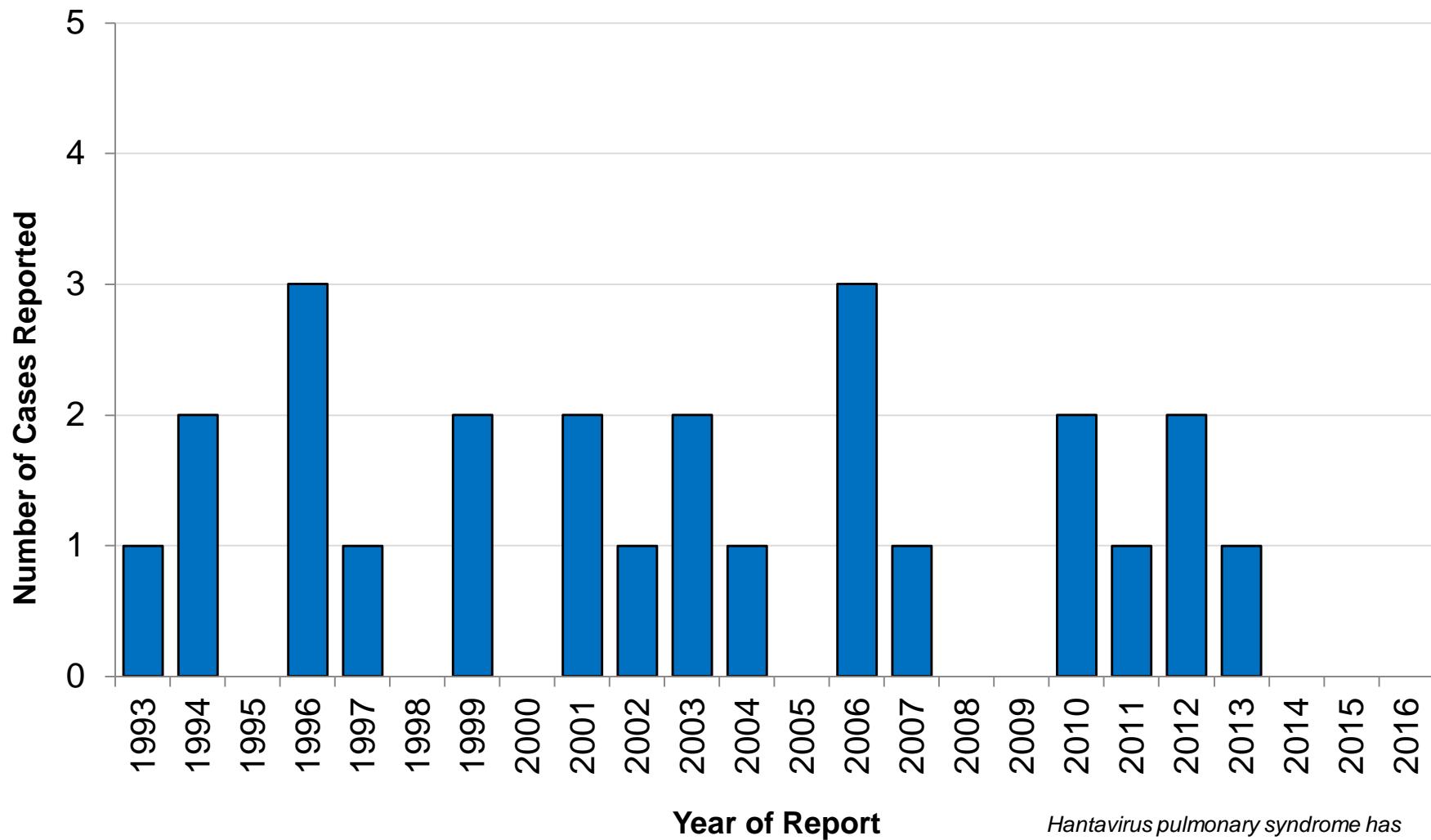
Haemophilus influenzae invasive disease

Cases among children <5 years of age by serogroup: Idaho, 2002 - 2016



Hantavirus Pulmonary Syndrome

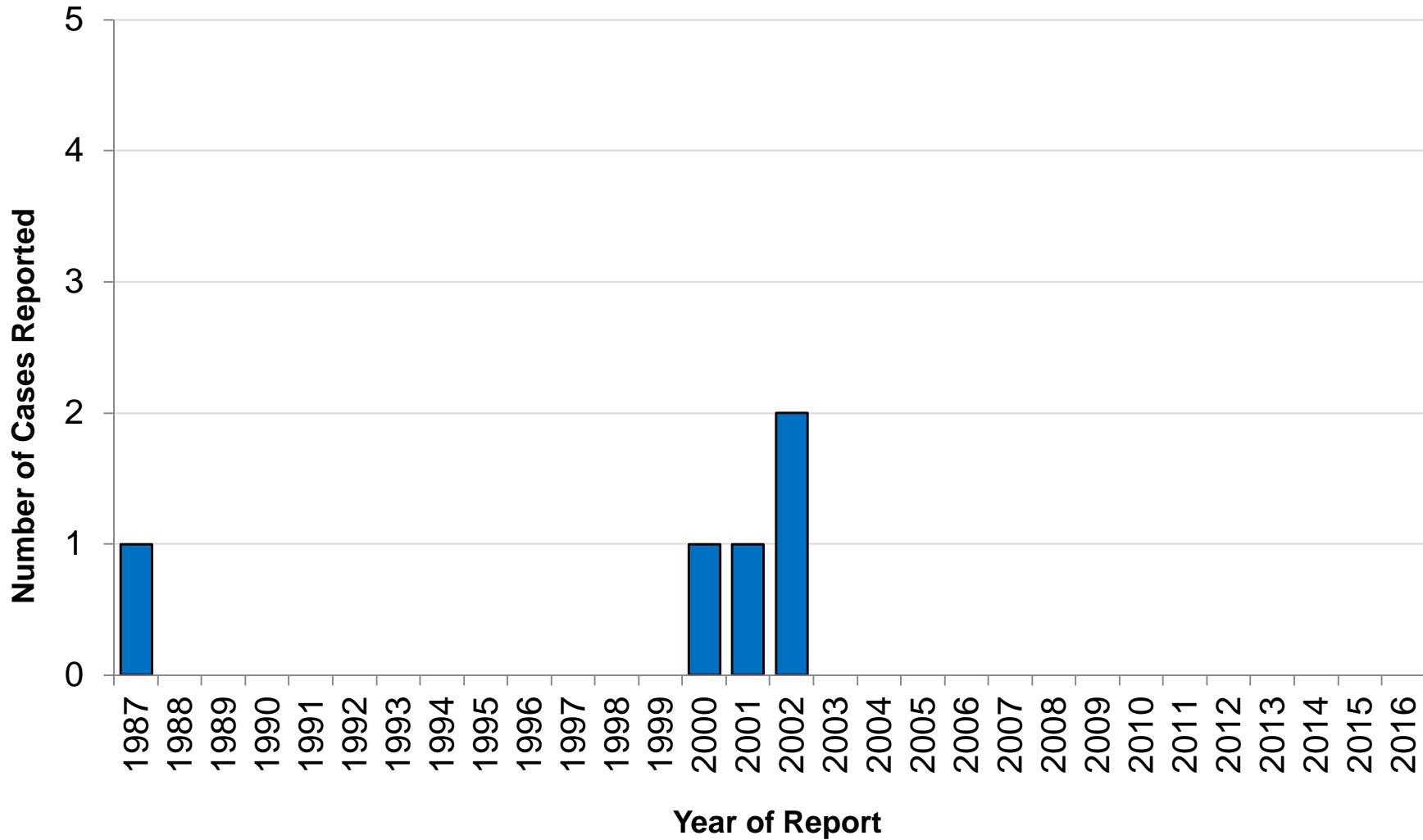
Cases: Idaho, 1993 – 2016



Hantavirus pulmonary syndrome has been tracked nationally since 1995. It was made reportable in Idaho in 2001, but cases have been recognized retrospectively, including one 1978 case (data not shown).

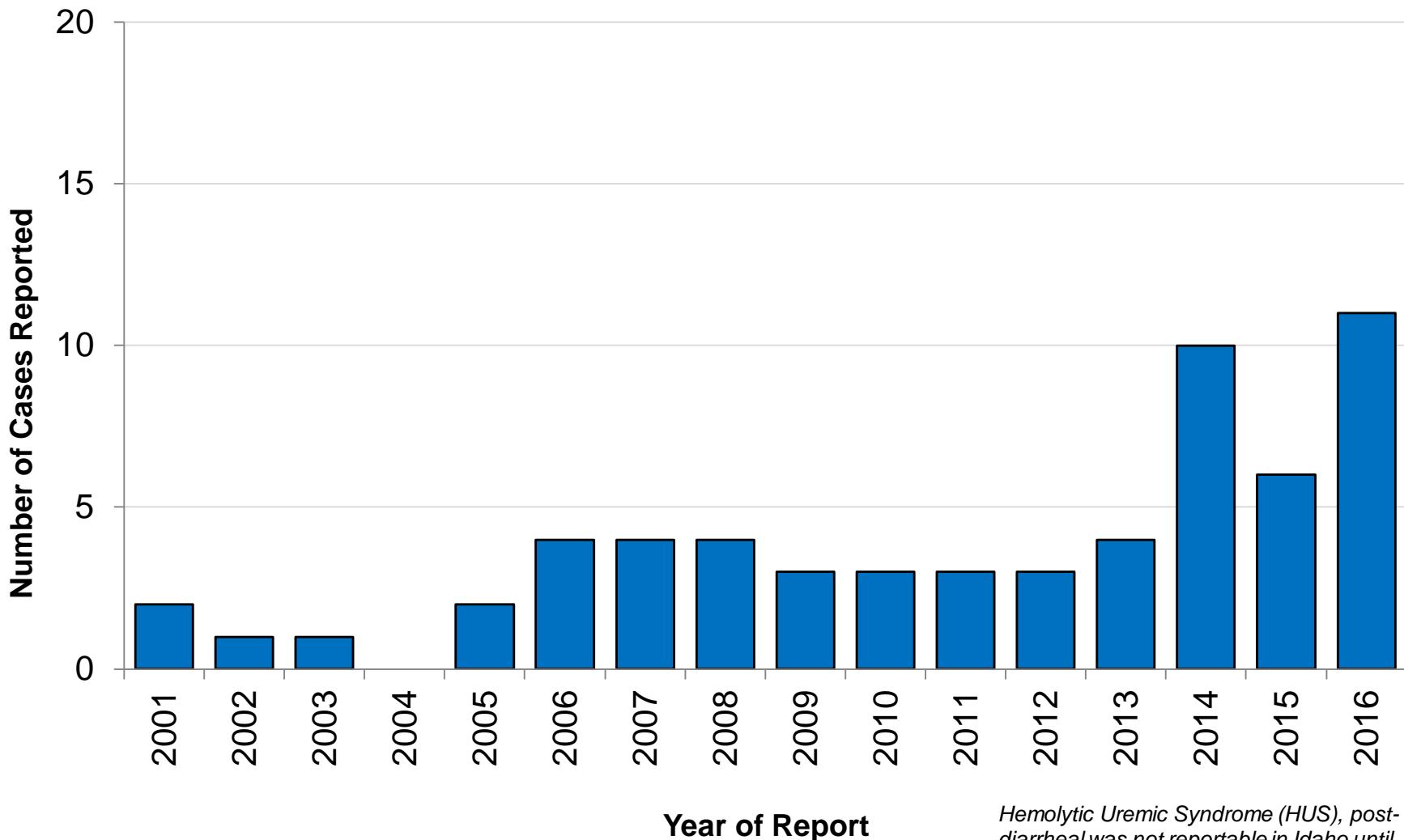
Hansen's Disease (Leprosy)

Cases: Idaho, 1987 – 2016



Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome

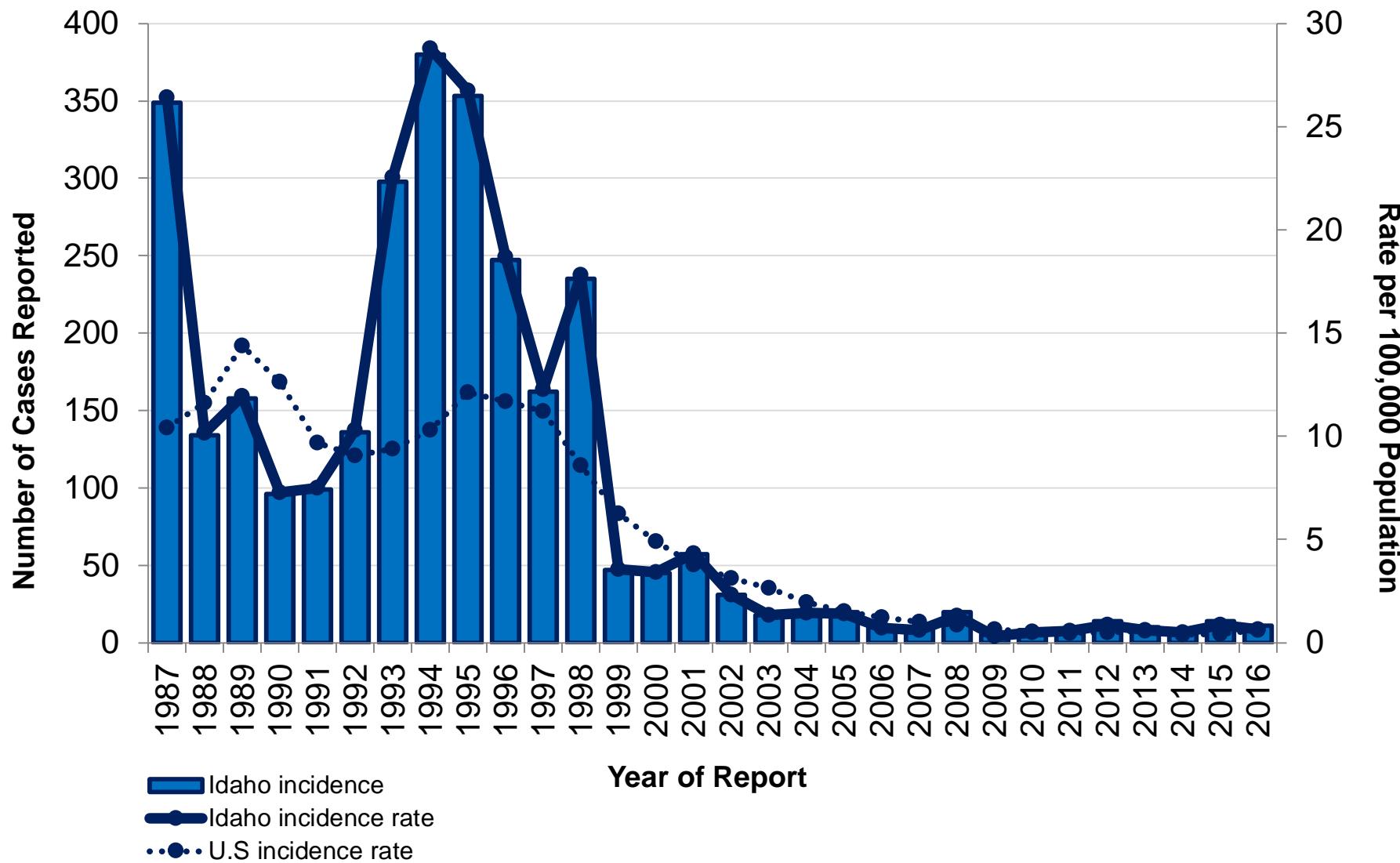
Cases: Idaho, 2001 – 2016



Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome (HUS), post-diarrheal was not reportable in Idaho until 2001. Not all HUS cases reported result from STEC infection.

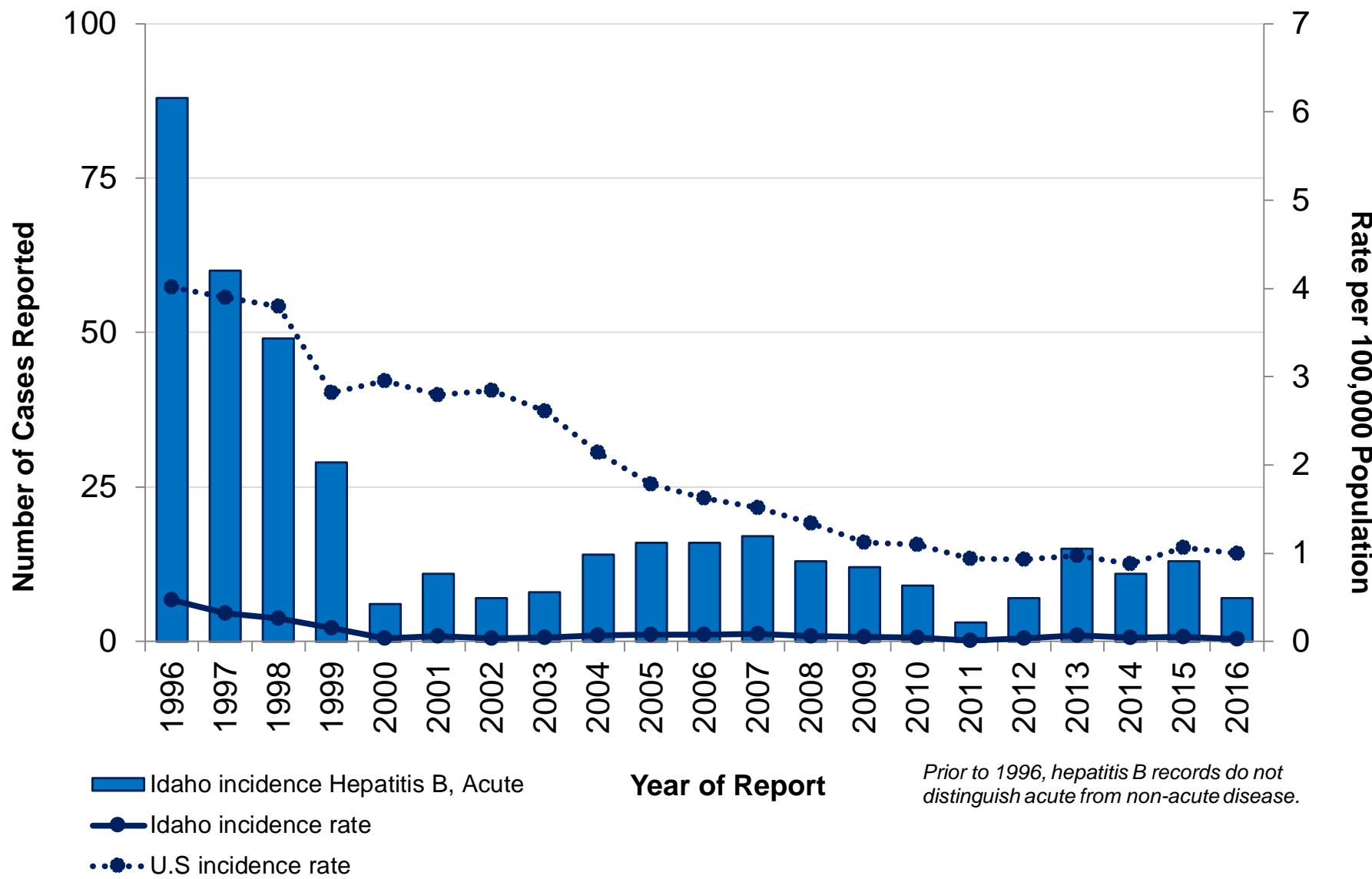
Hepatitis A

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho and U.S., 1987 – 2016



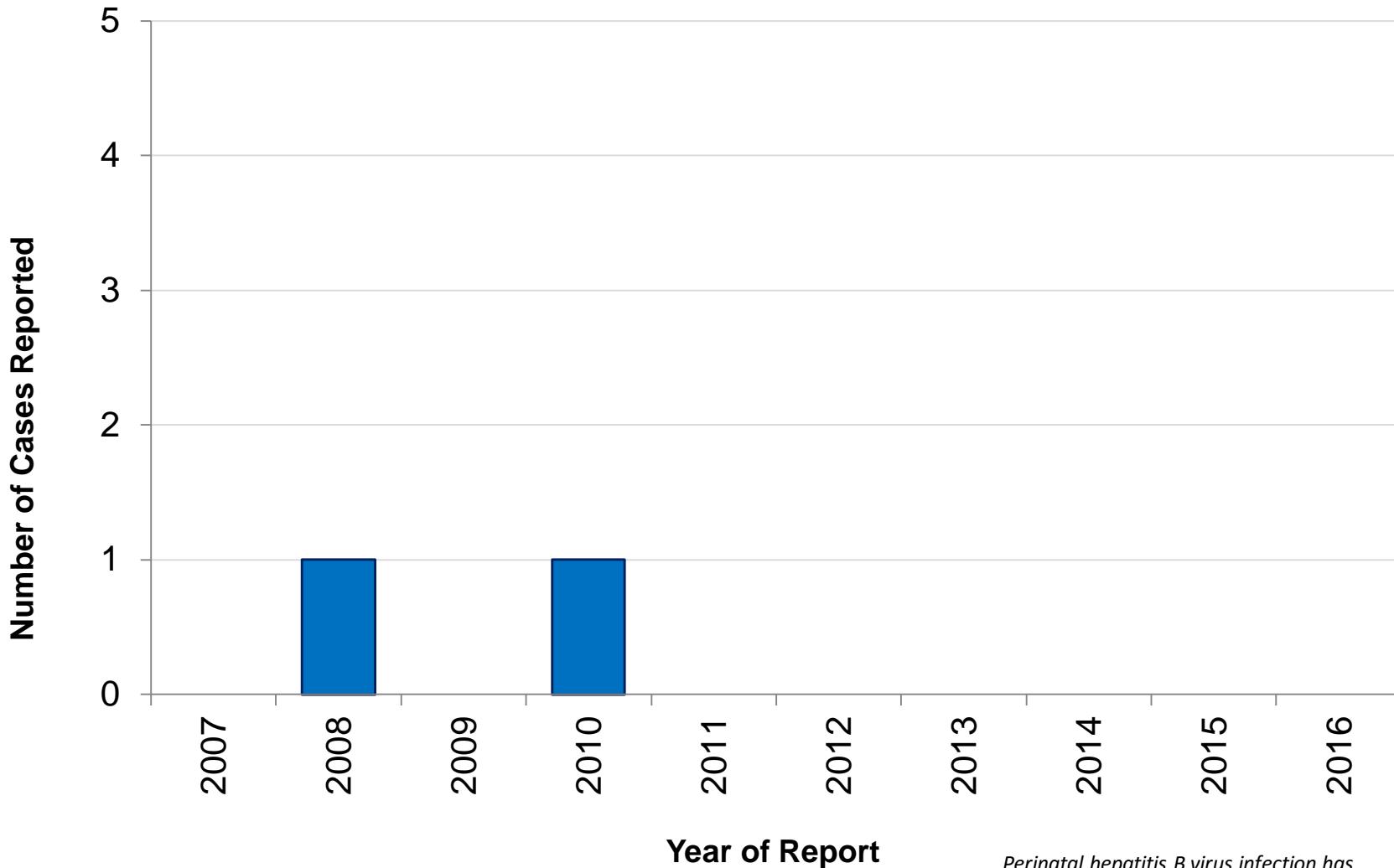
Hepatitis B, Acute

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho and U.S., 1996 – 2016



Hepatitis B, Perinatal

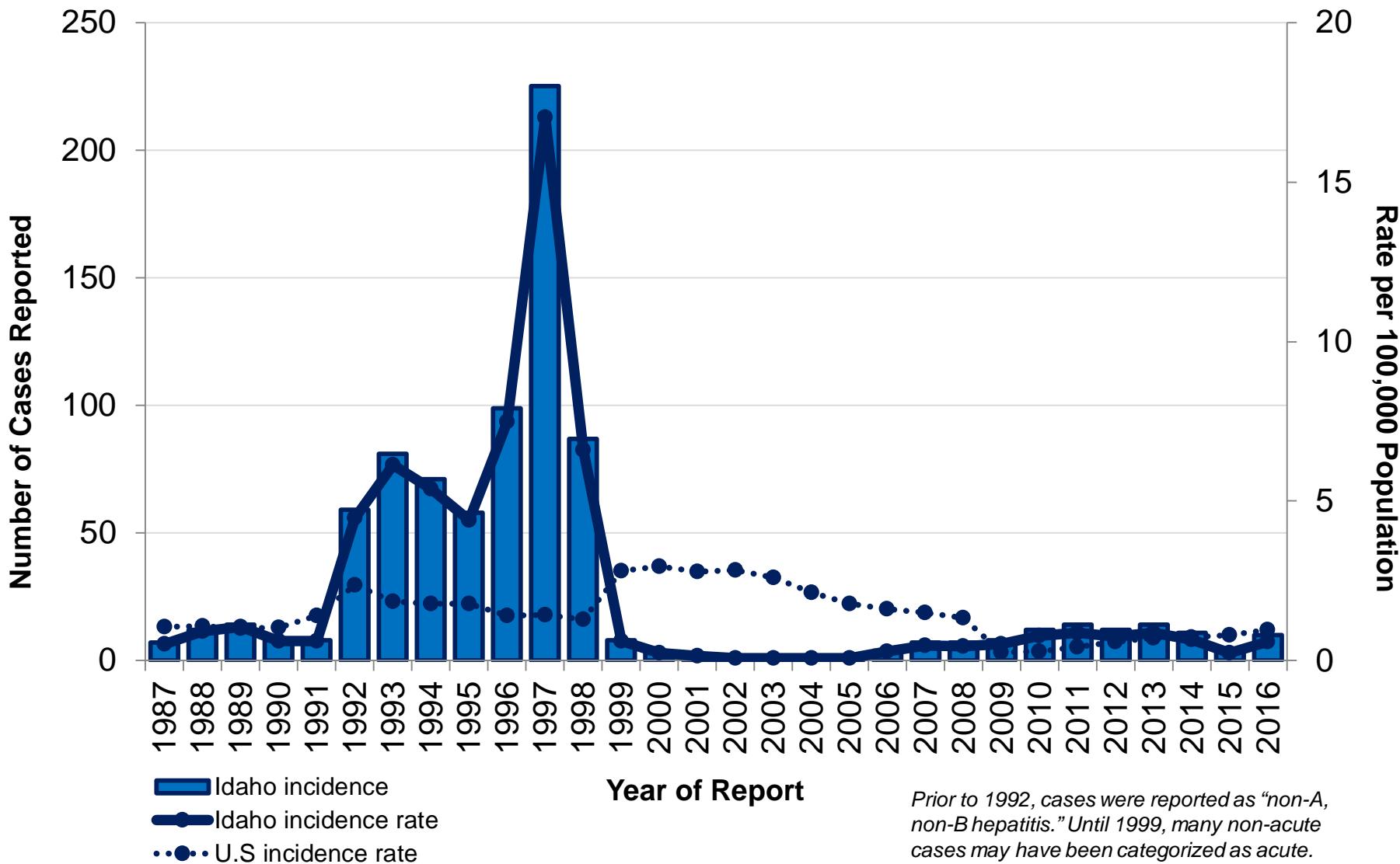
Cases: Idaho, 2007 – 2016



Perinatal hepatitis B virus infection has been reportable in Idaho since 2007.

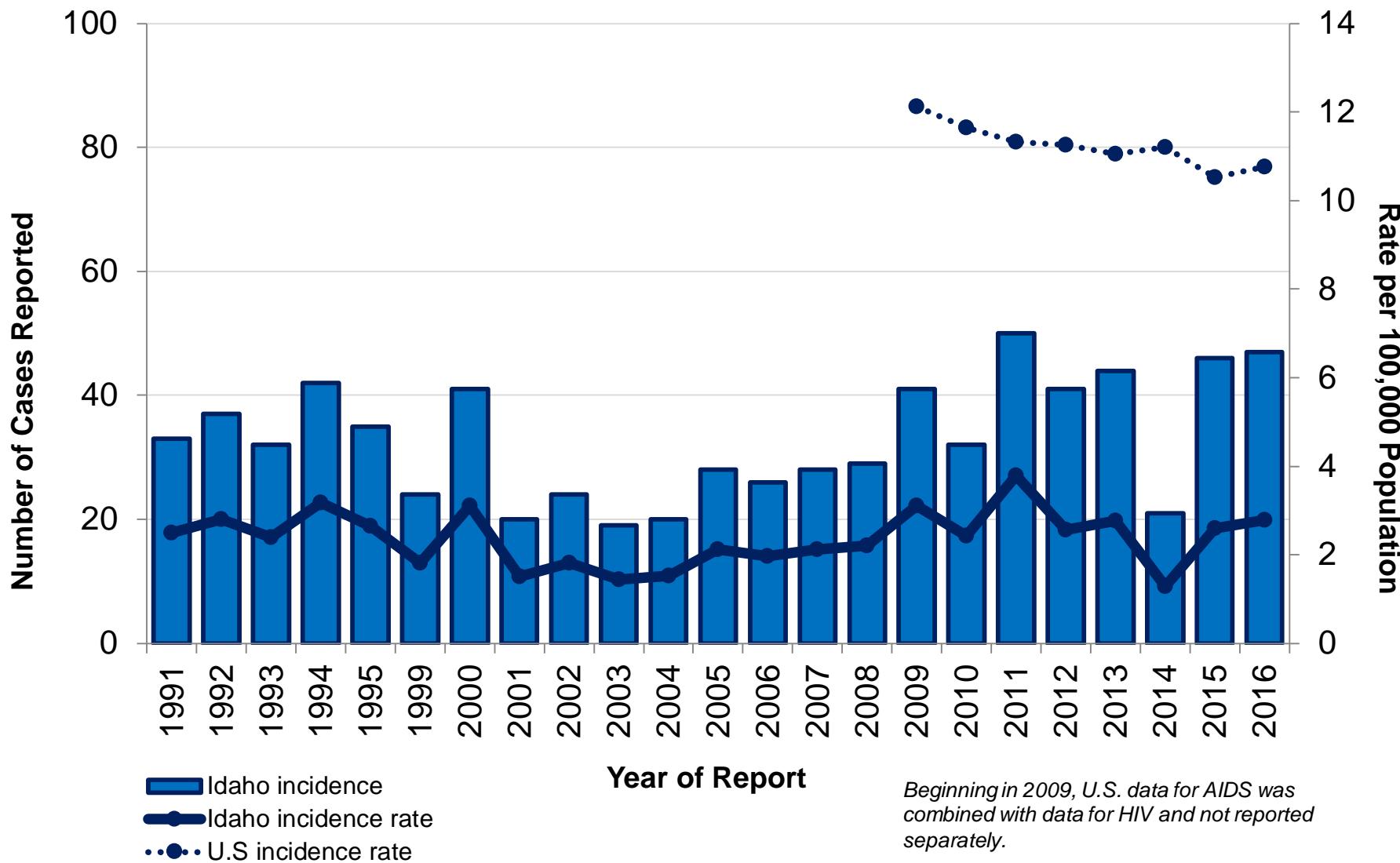
Hepatitis C, Acute

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho and U.S., 1987 – 2016



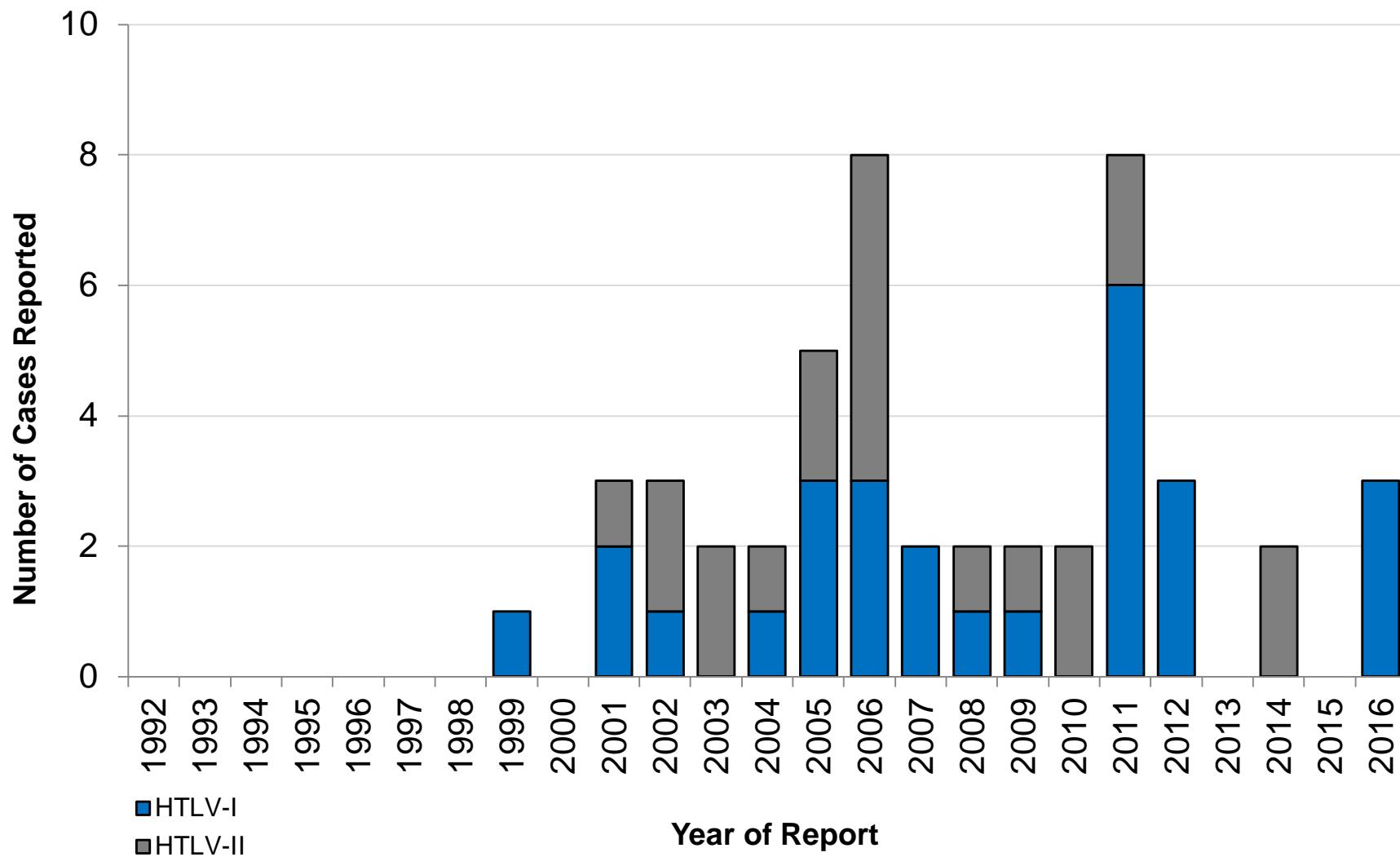
HIV

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho and U.S., 1991 – 2016



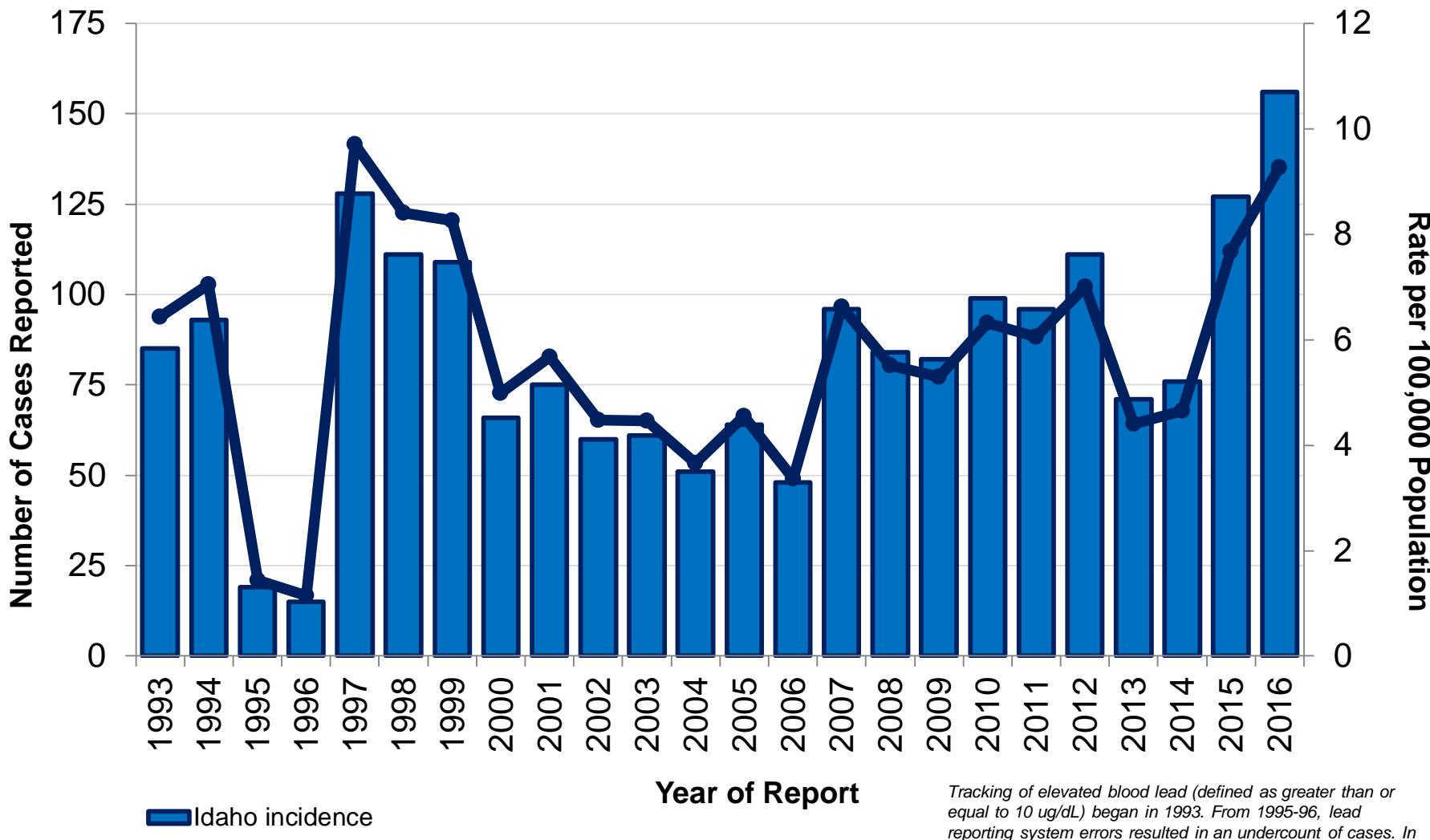
Human T-lymphotrophic virus (HTLV)

Cases: Idaho, 1992 – 2016



Elevated Blood Lead, All ages

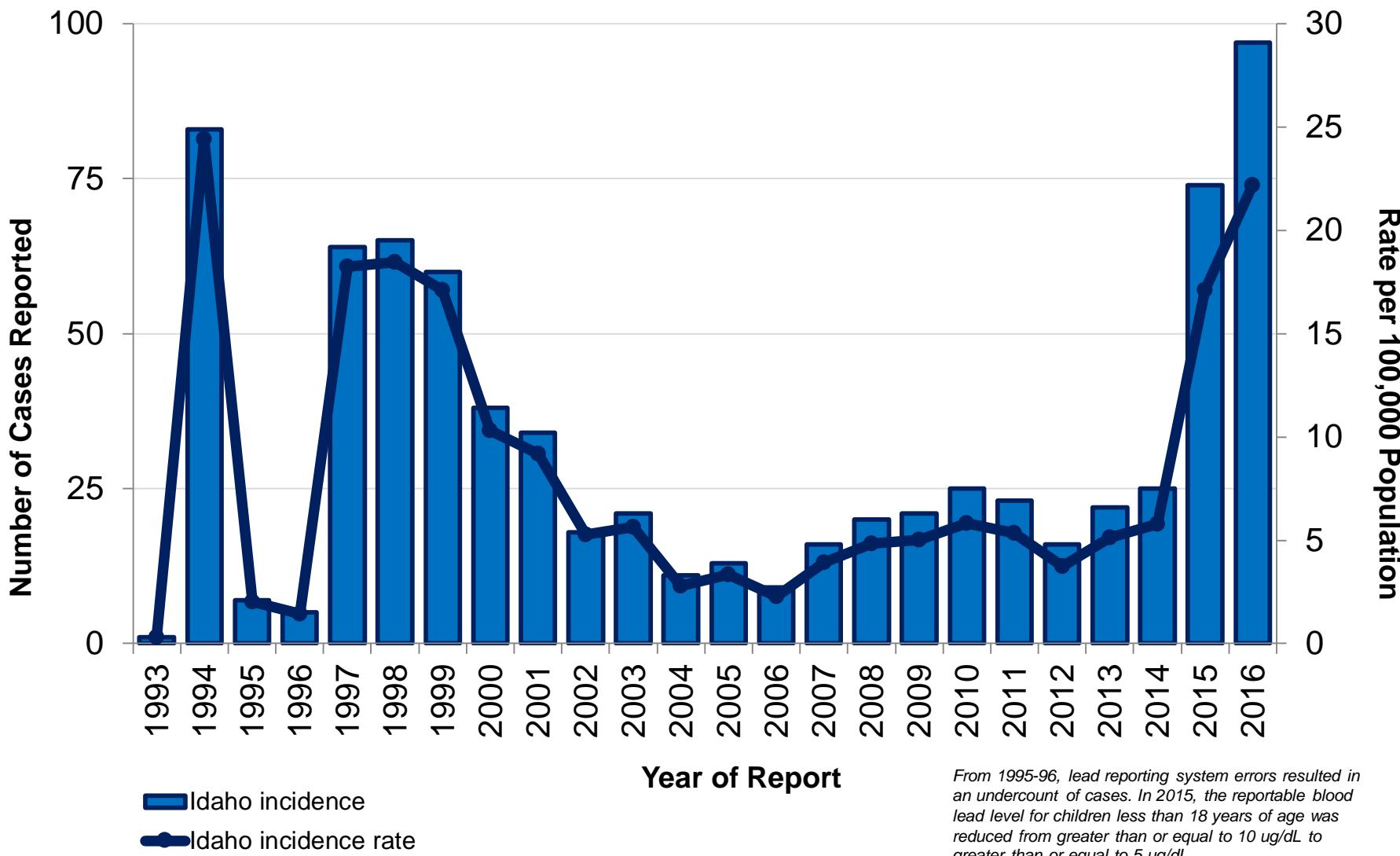
Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho, 1993 – 2016



Tracking of elevated blood lead (defined as greater than or equal to 10 ug/dL) began in 1993. From 1995–96, lead reporting system errors resulted in an undercount of cases. In 2015, the reportable blood lead level for children less than 18 years of age was reduced to greater than or equal to 5 ug/dL; reporting for adults remained unchanged.

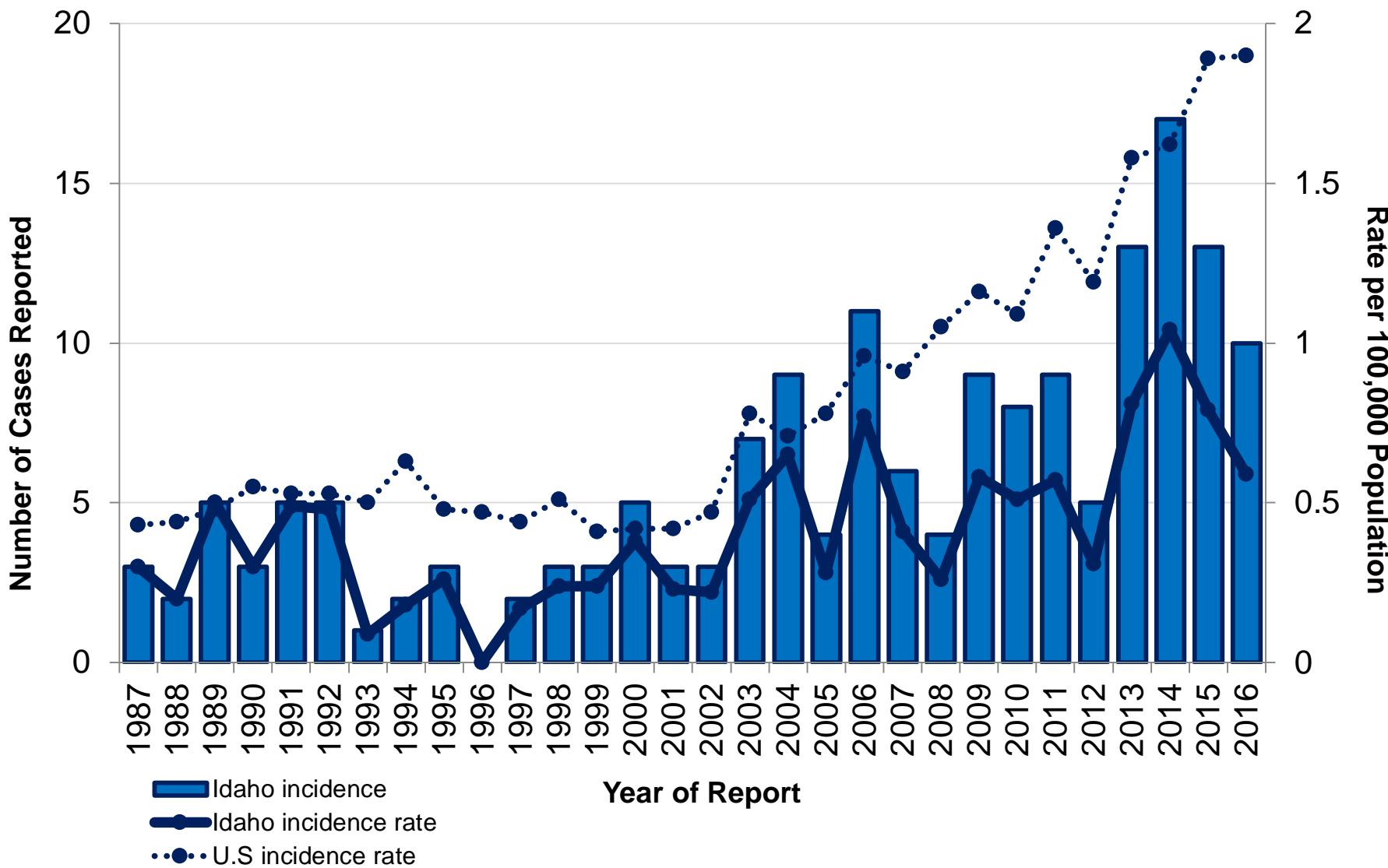
Elevated Blood Lead, Children

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 children 0-17: Idaho, 1993 – 2016



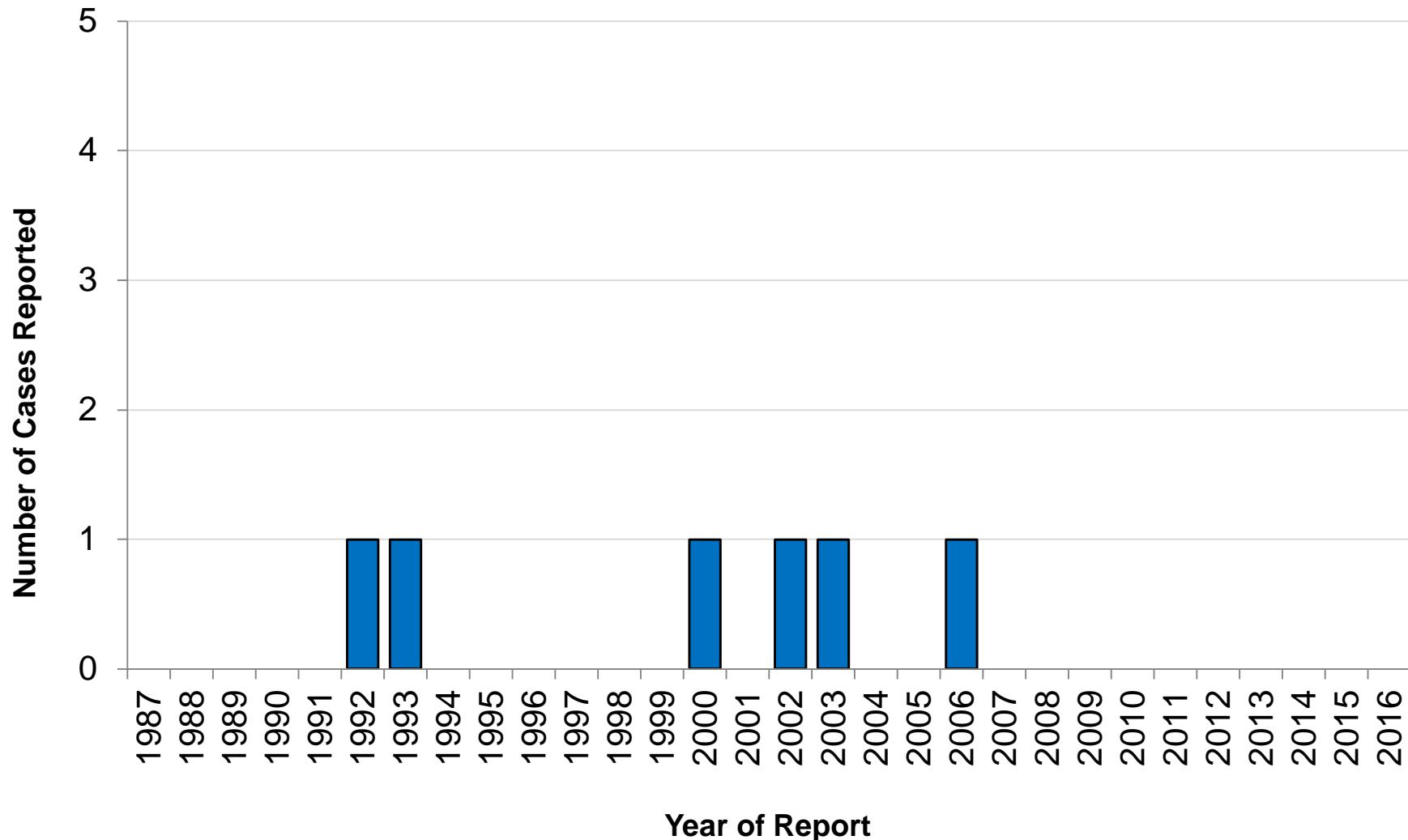
Legionellosis

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho and U.S., 1987 – 2016



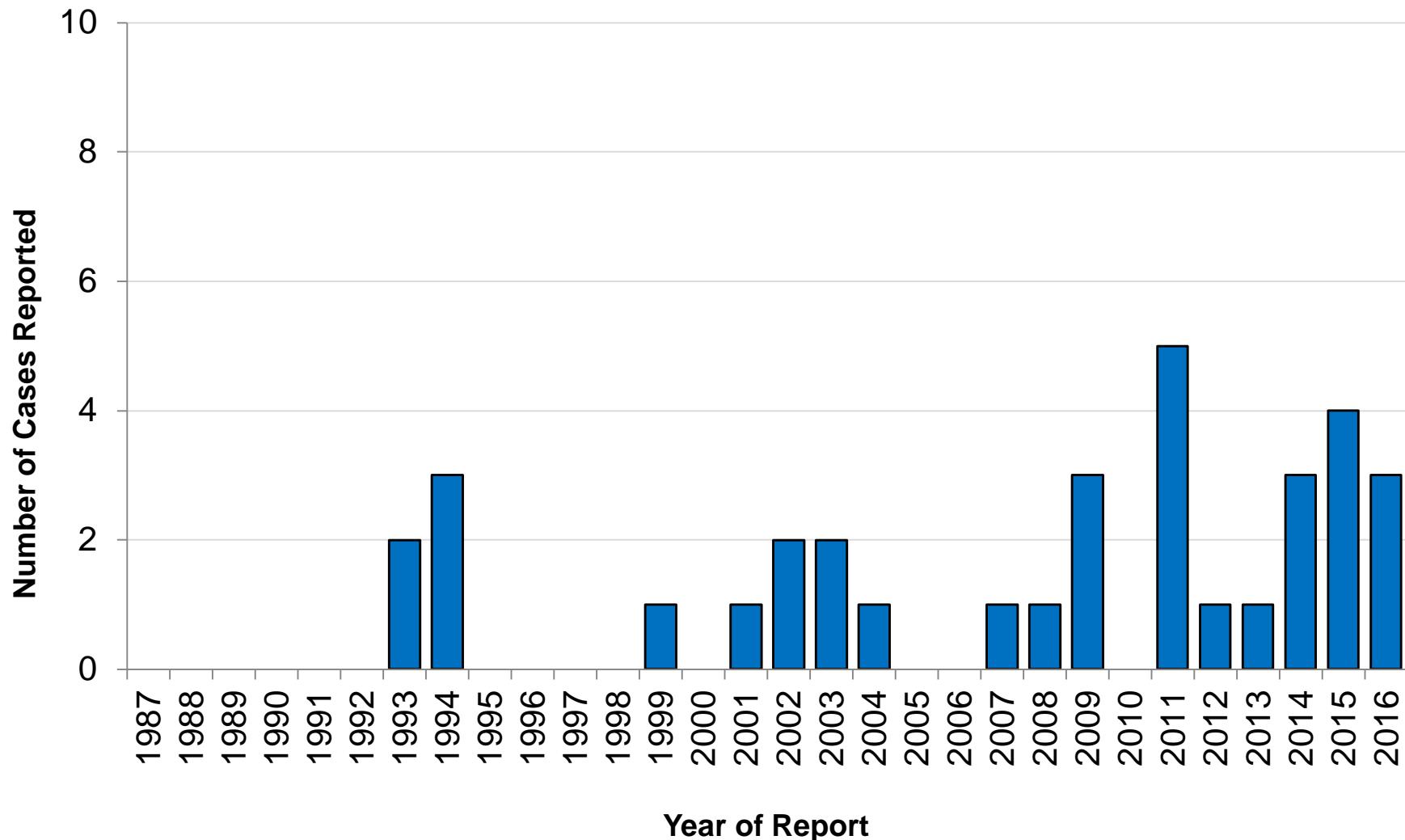
Leptospirosis

Cases: Idaho, 1987 - 2016



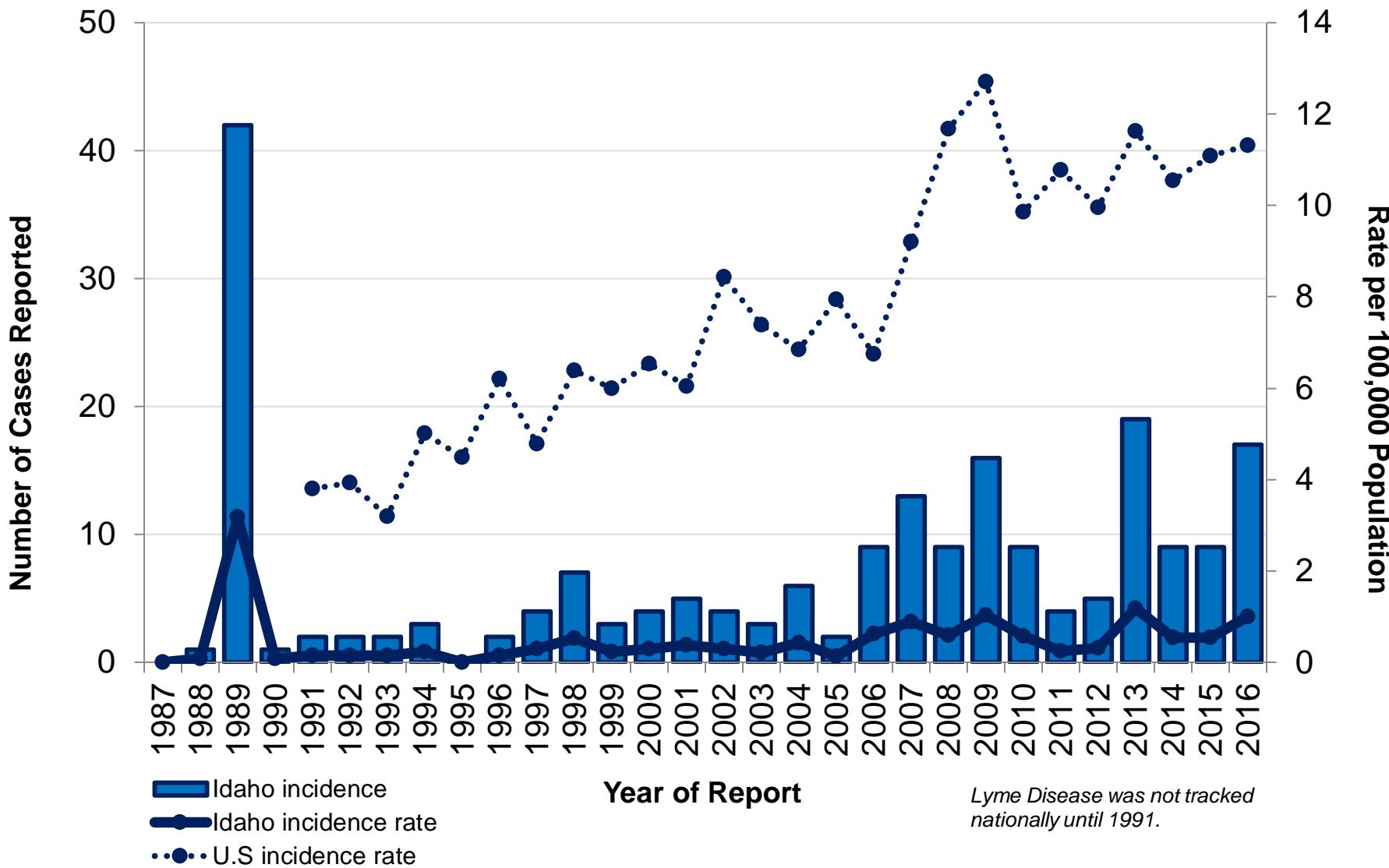
Listeriosis

Cases: Idaho, 1987 – 2016



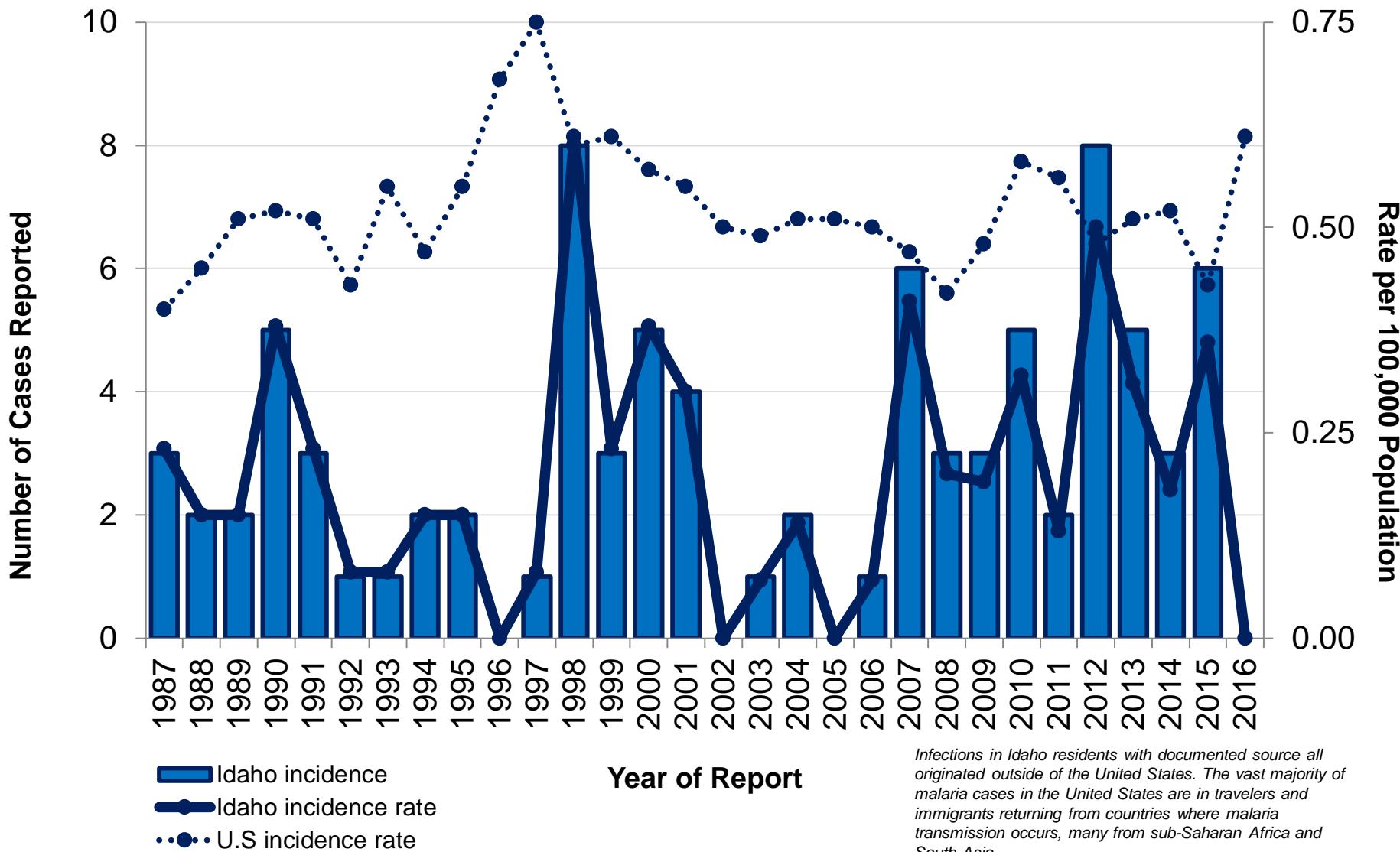
Lyme Disease

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho and U.S., 1987 – 2016



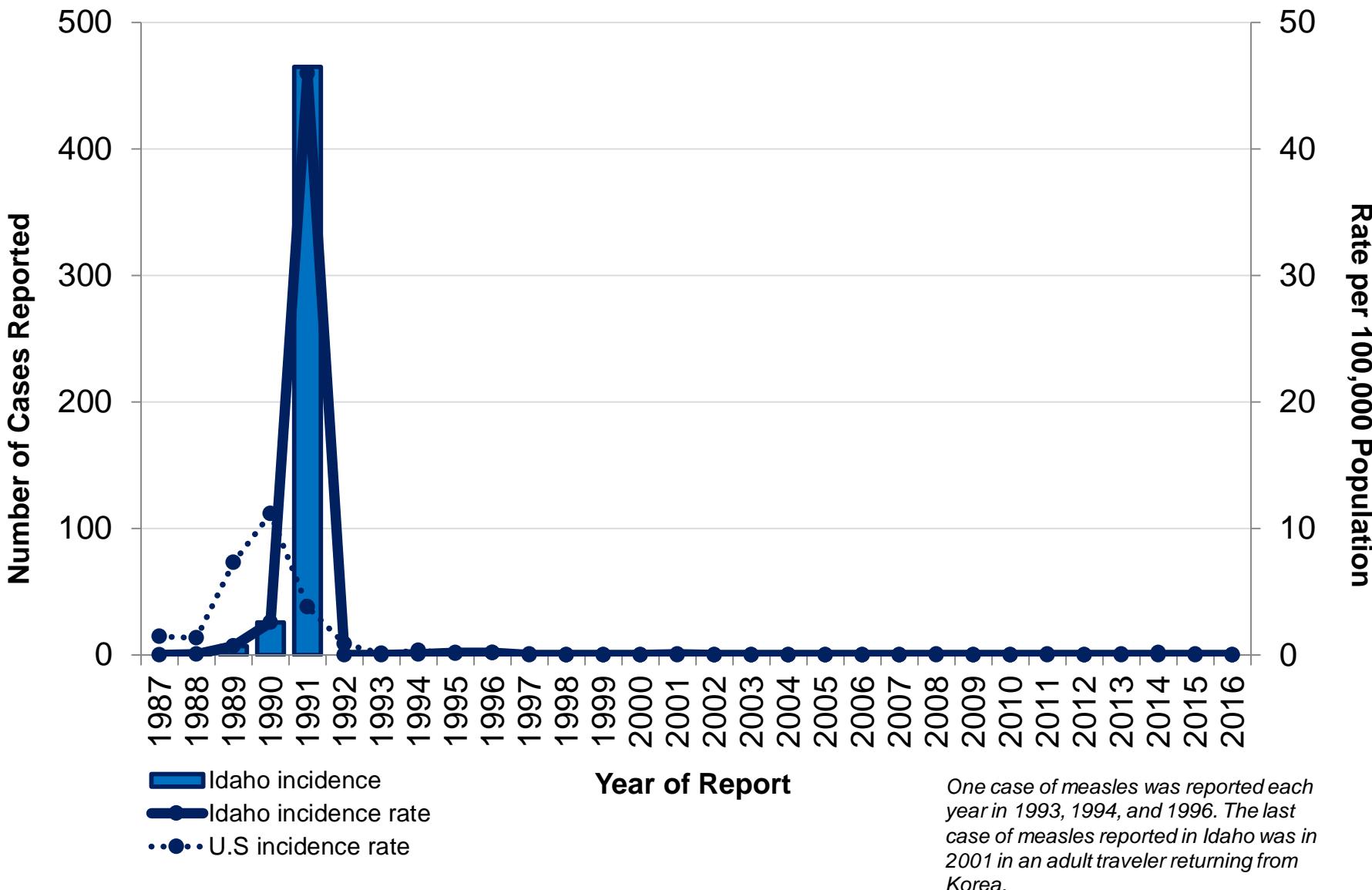
Malaria

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho and U.S., 1987 – 2016



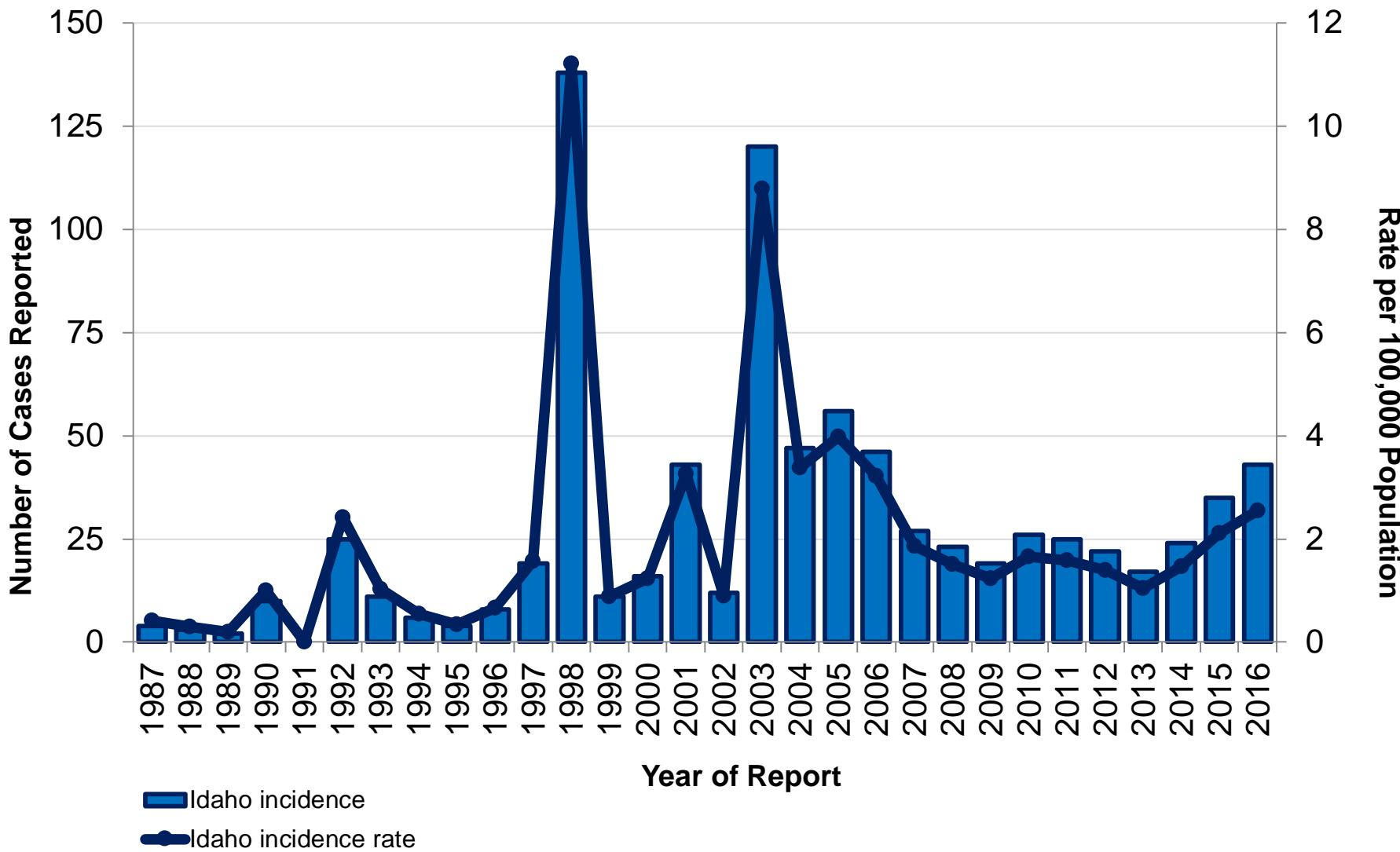
Measles

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho and U.S., 1987 – 2016



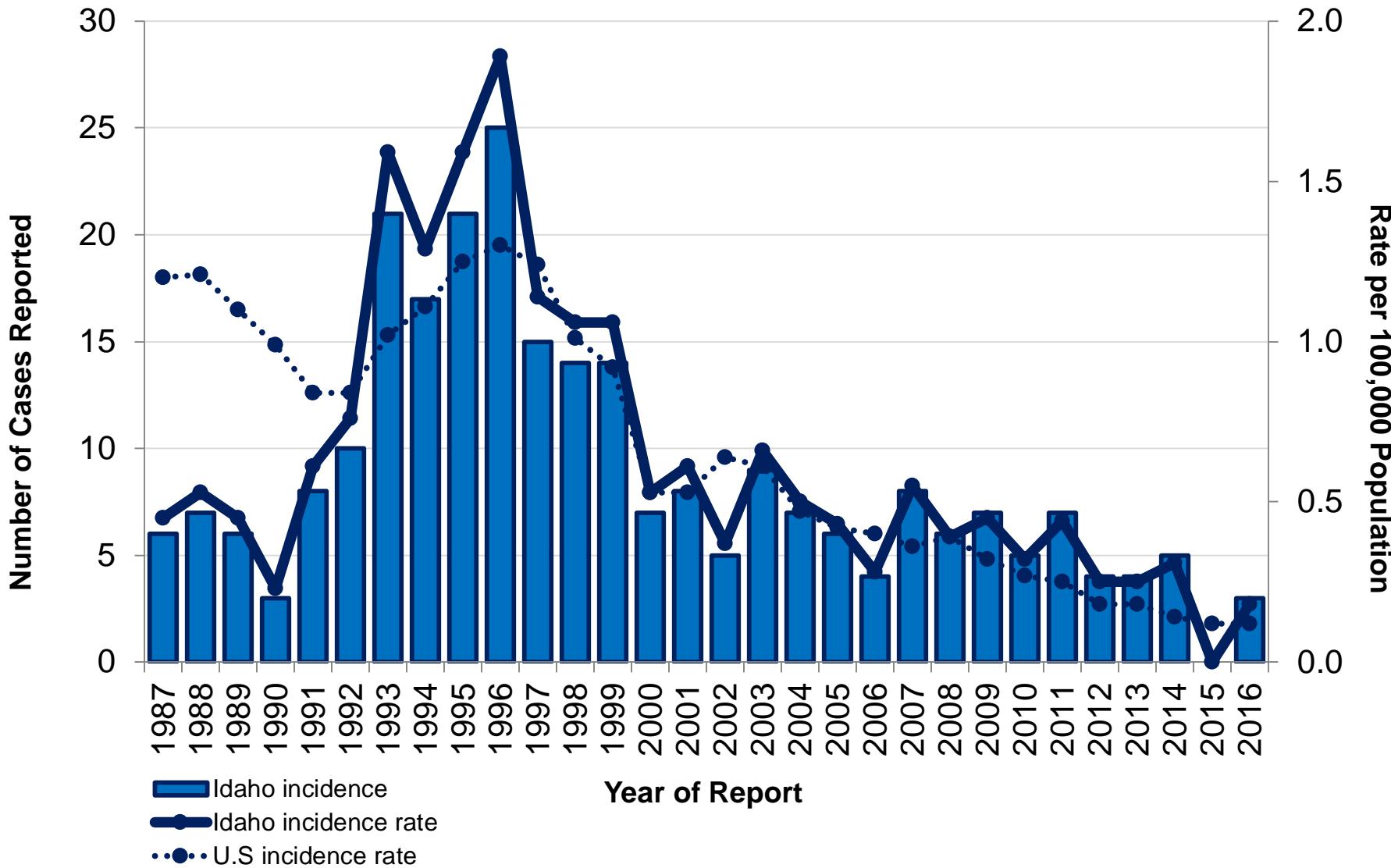
Meningitis, viral or aseptic

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho, 1987 – 2016



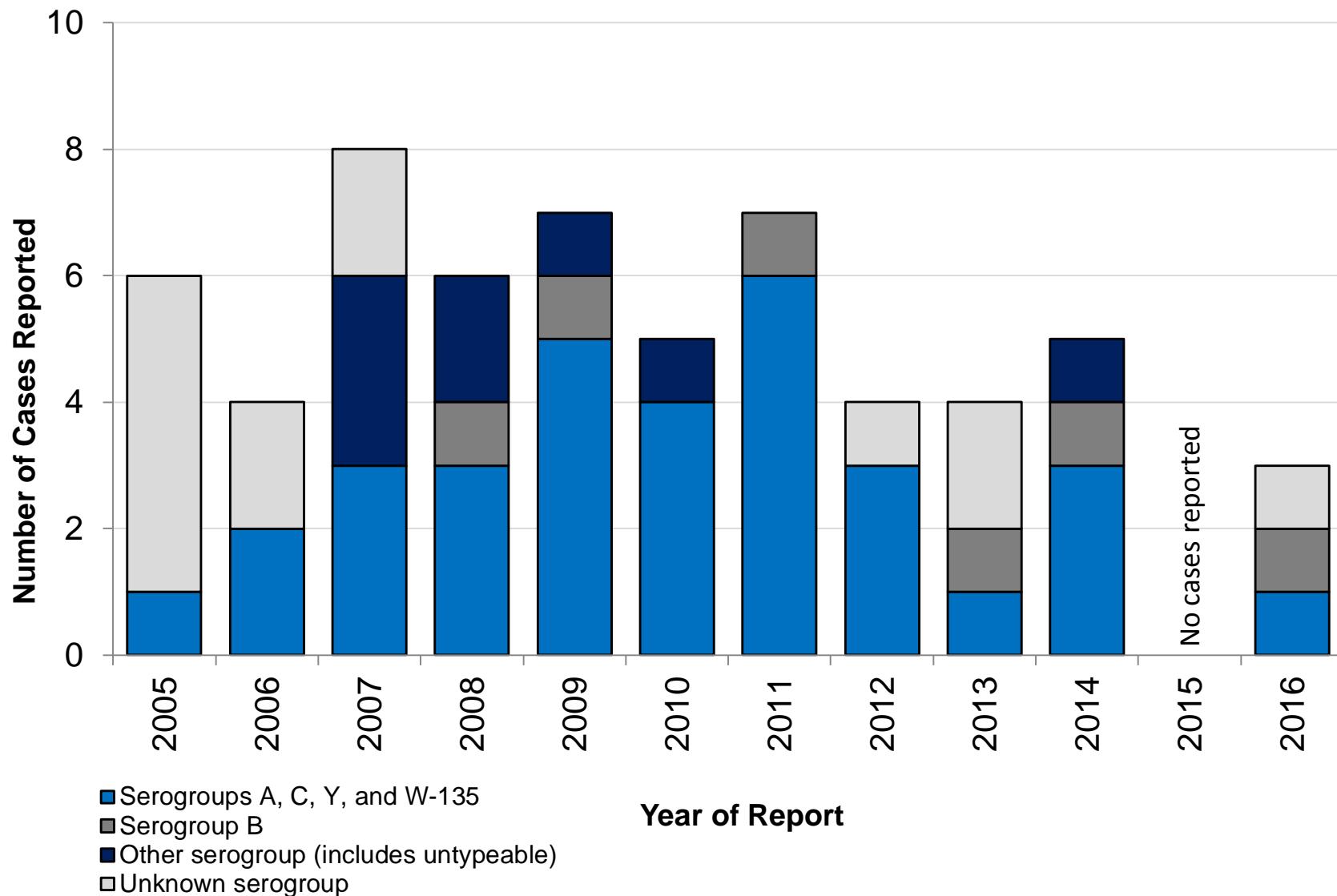
Meningococcal disease, invasive

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho and U.S., 1987 – 2016



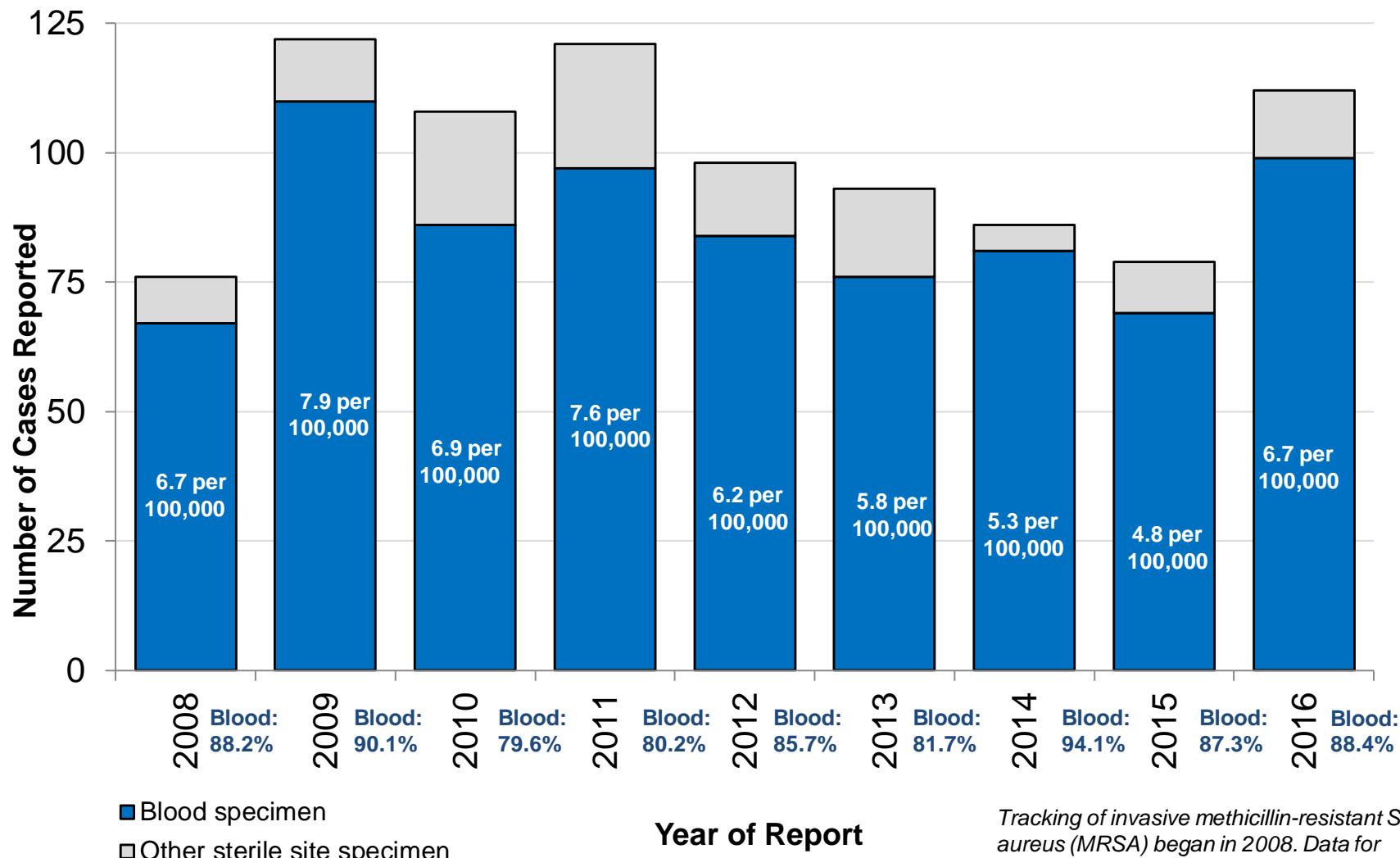
Neisseria meningitidis, invasive disease

Cases by serogroup: Idaho, 2005 – 2016



Methicillin-resistant *S. aureus*, invasive

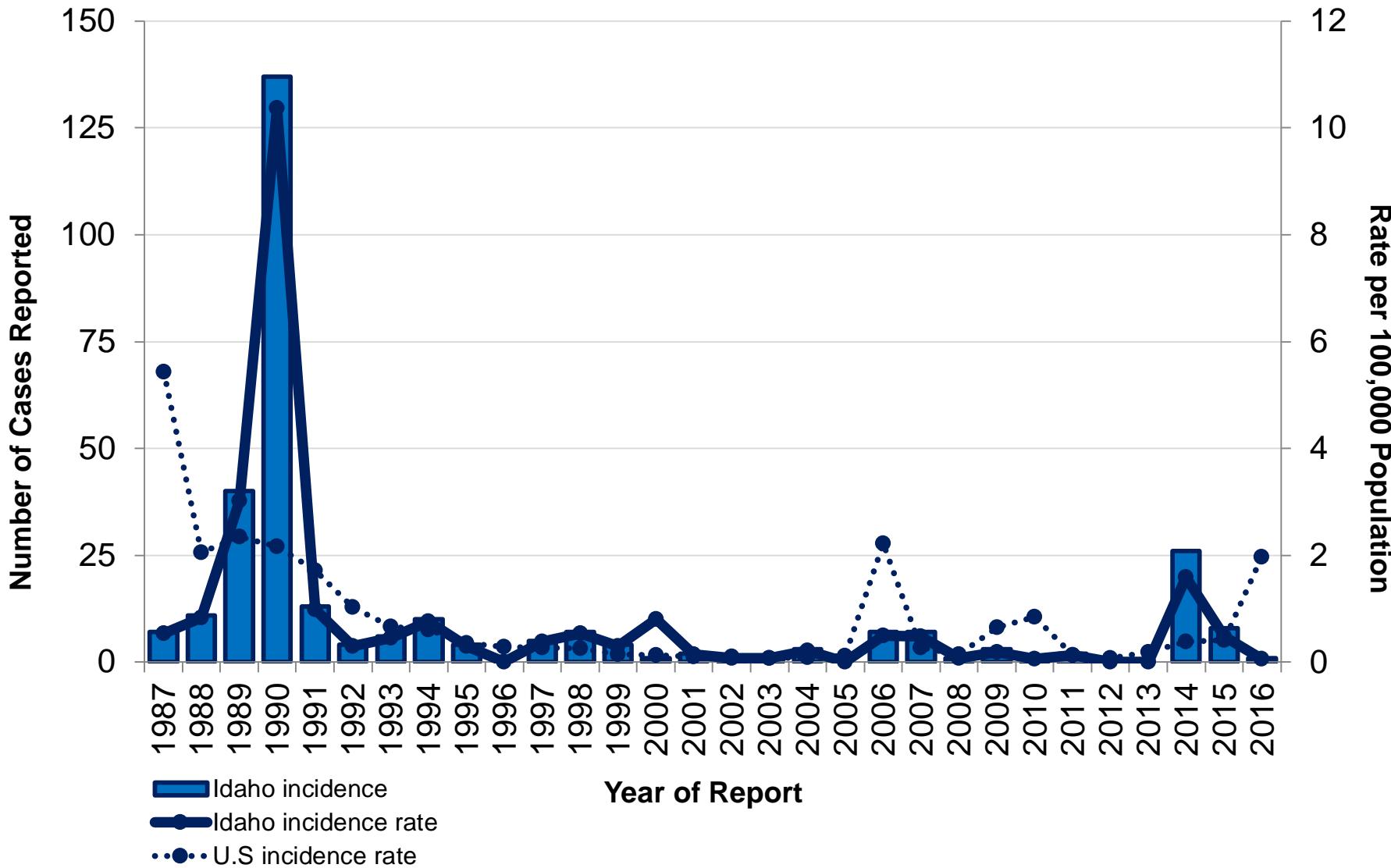
Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho, 2008 – 2016



Tracking of invasive methicillin-resistant *S. aureus* (MRSA) began in 2008. Data for 2008 only includes cases reported from April through December and the rate is adjusted for a partial year.

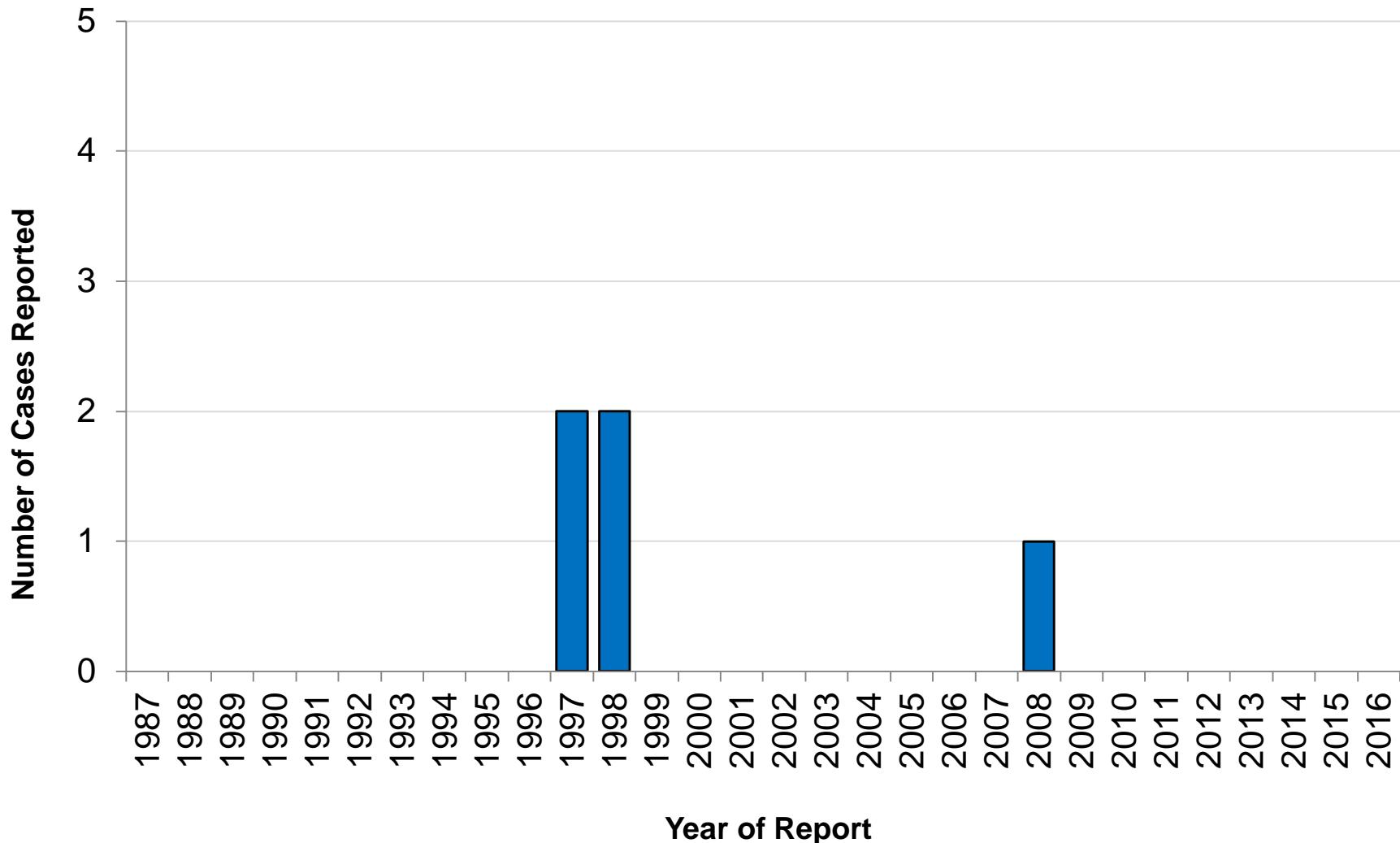
Mumps

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho and U.S., 1987 – 2016



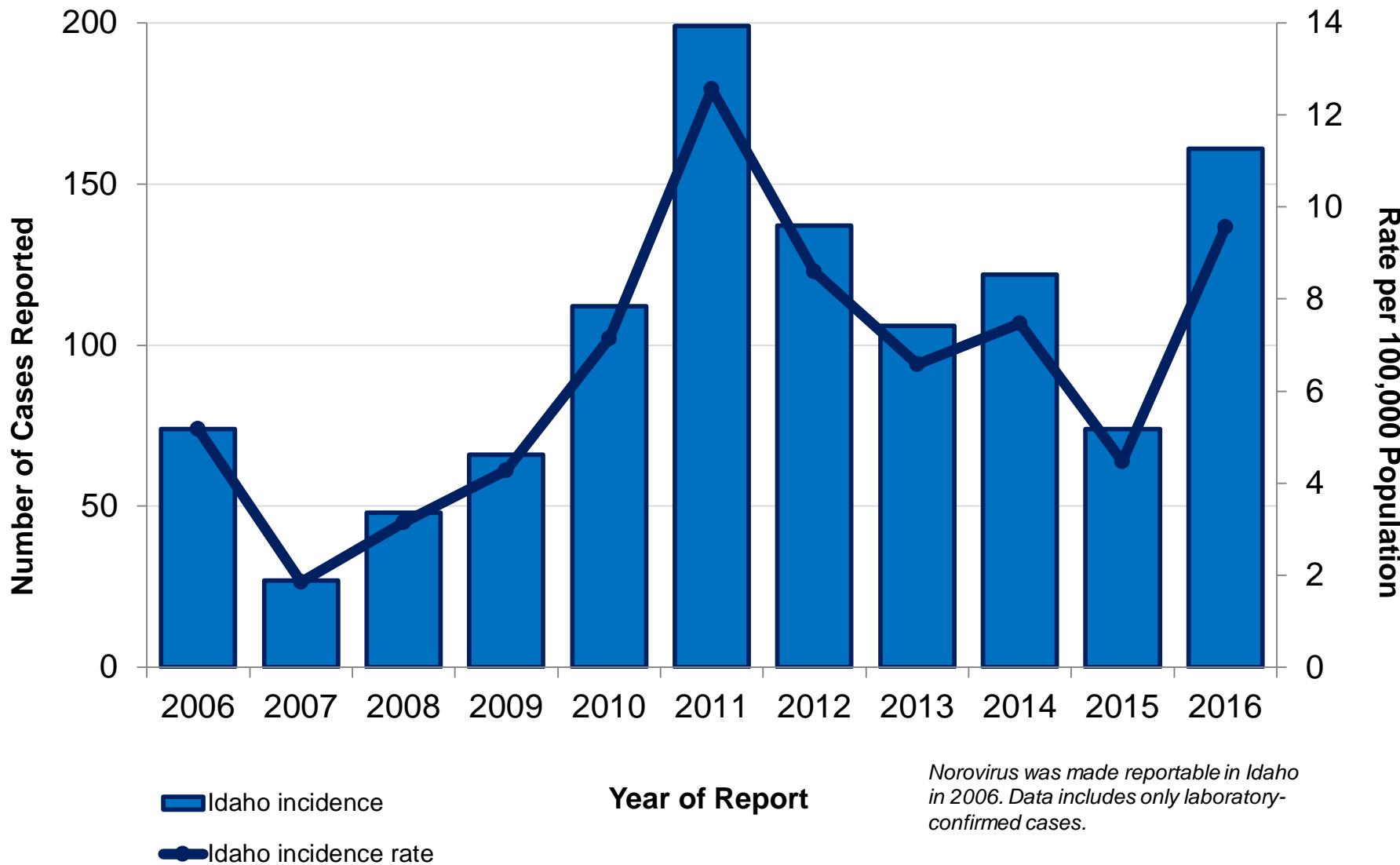
Myocarditis, viral

Cases: Idaho, 1987 – 2016



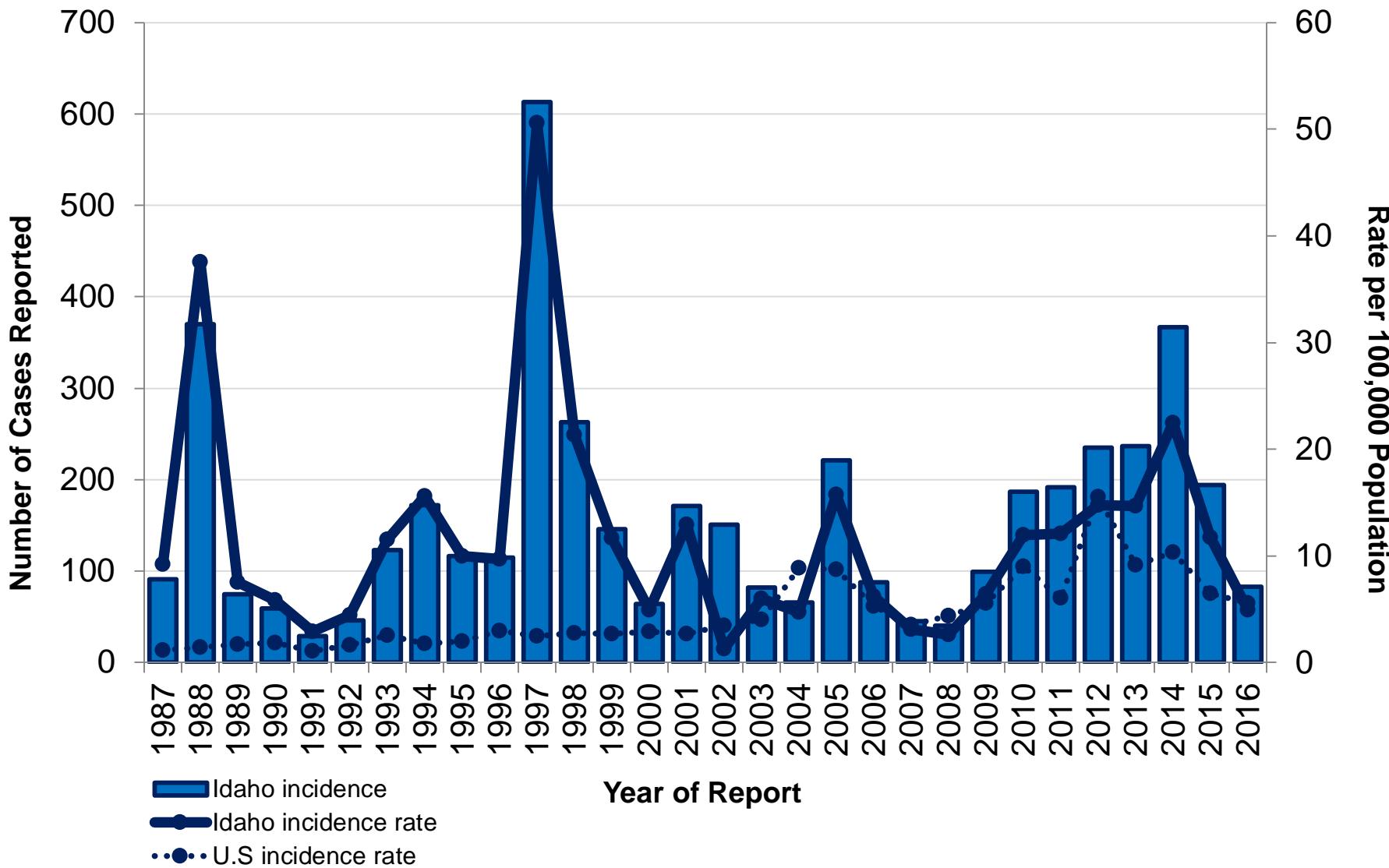
Norovirus

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho, 2006 – 2016



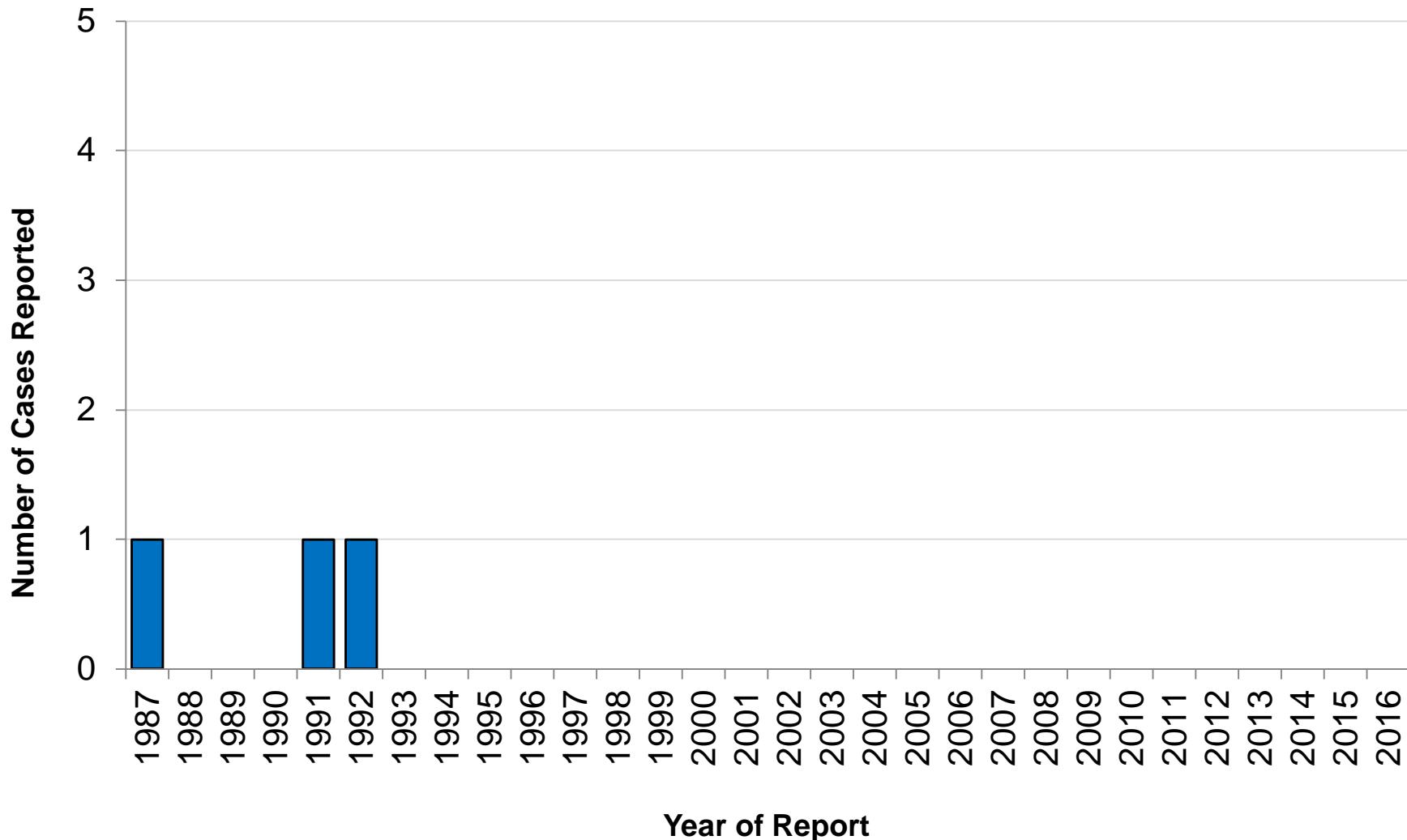
Pertussis

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho and U.S., 1987 – 2016



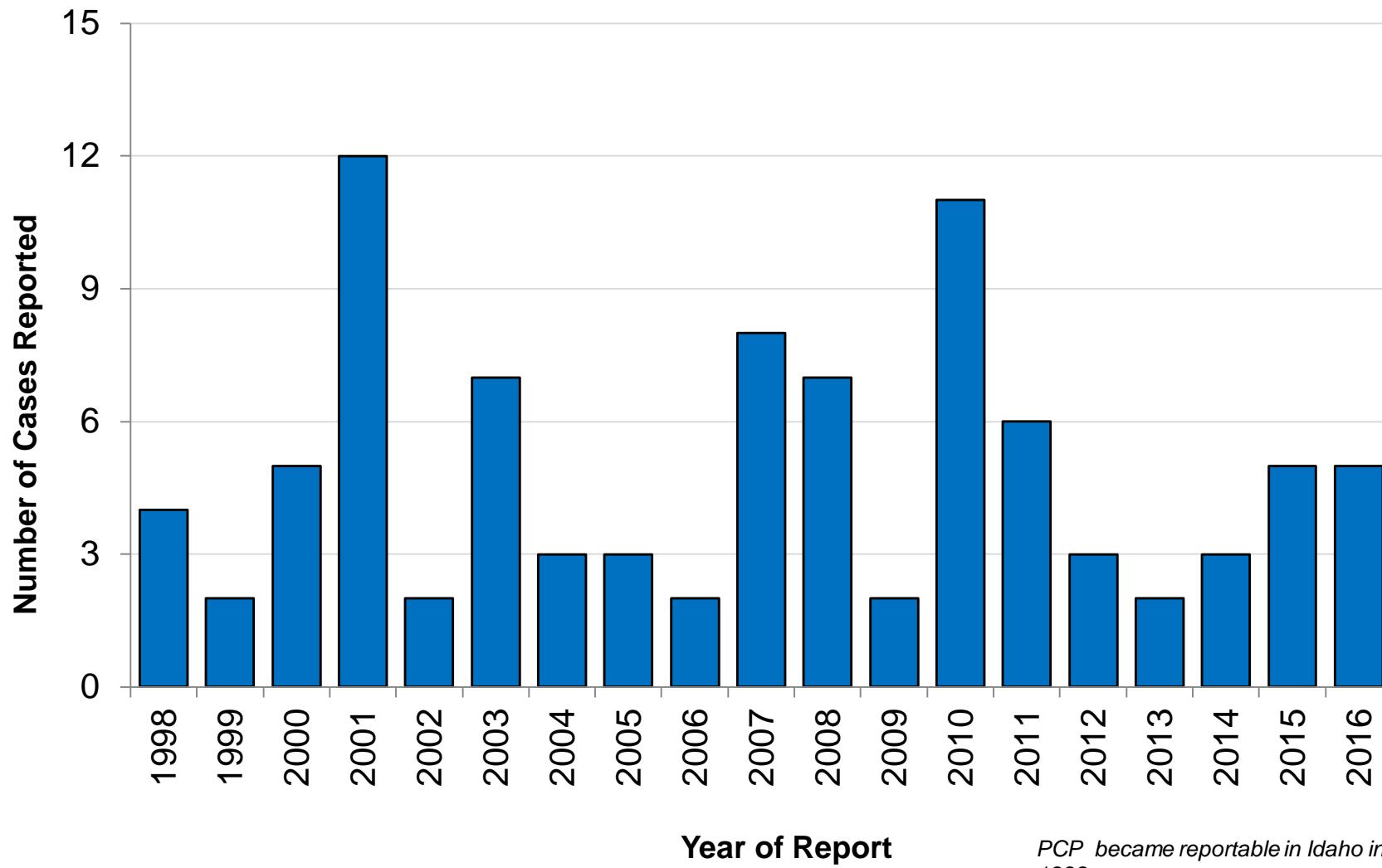
Plague

Cases: Idaho, 1987 – 2016



Pneumocystis pneumonia (PCP)

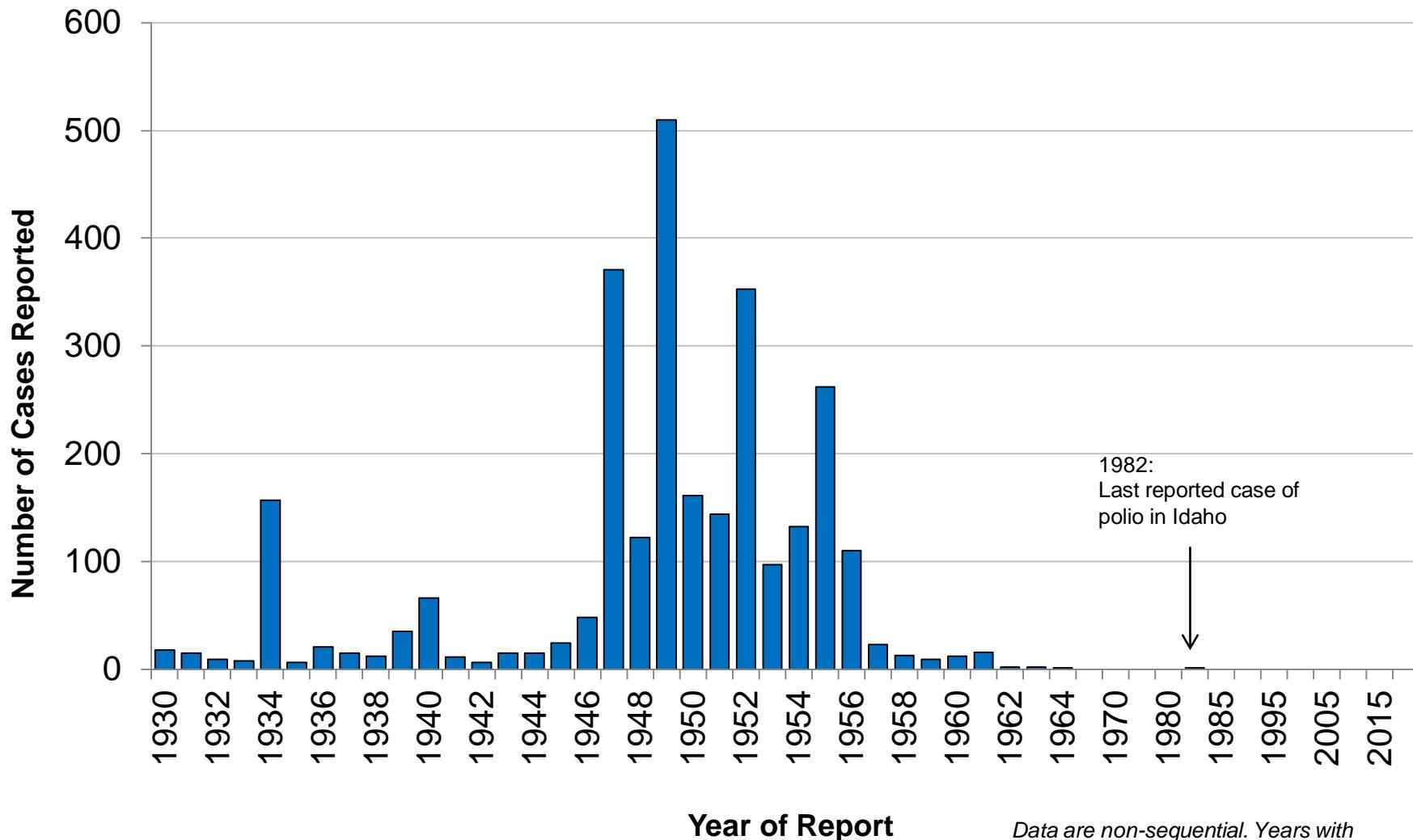
Cases: Idaho, 1998 – 2016



PCP became reportable in Idaho in 1998.

Polio

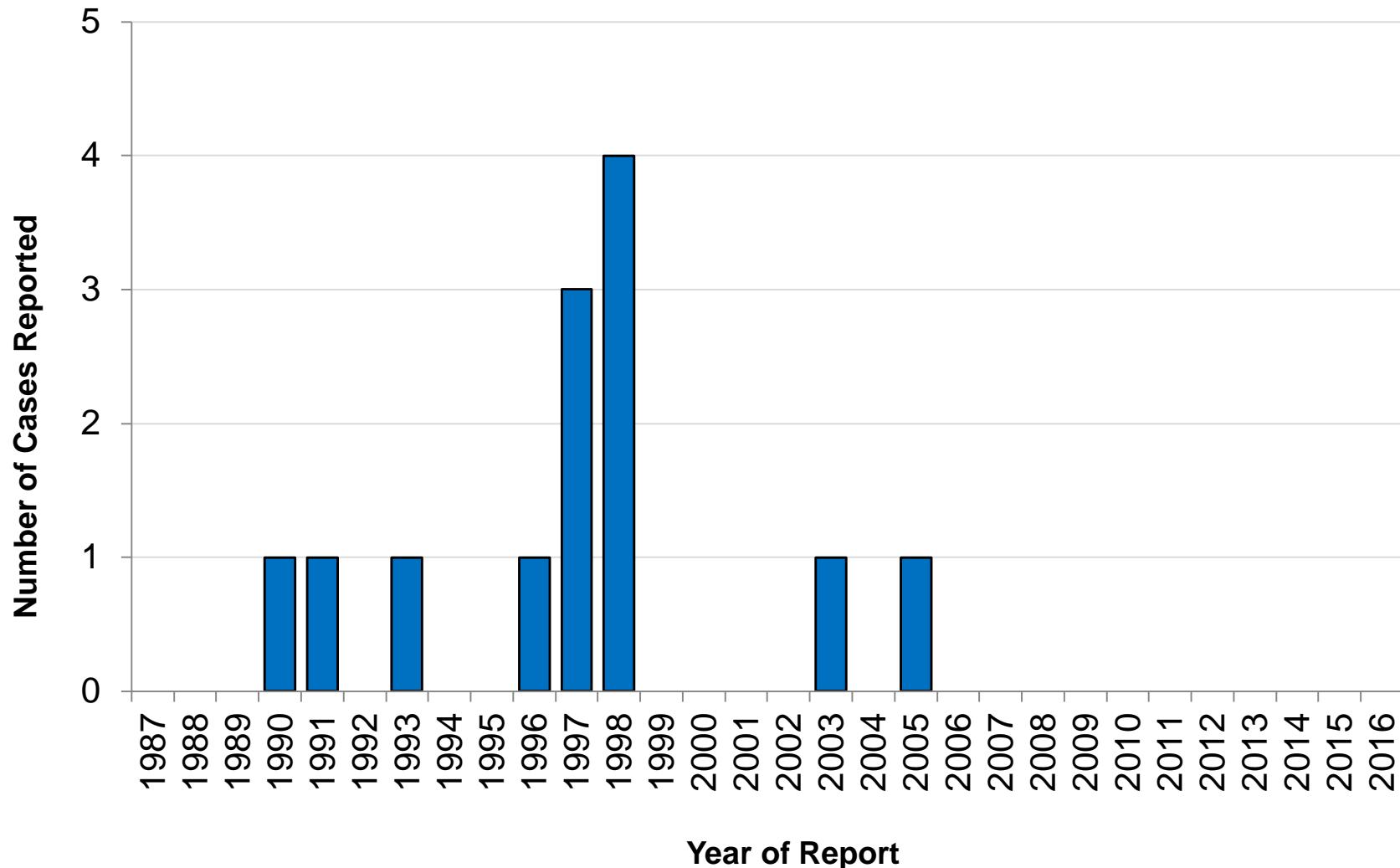
Cases: Idaho, 1930 – 2016



Data are non-sequential. Years with no cases are not always shown.

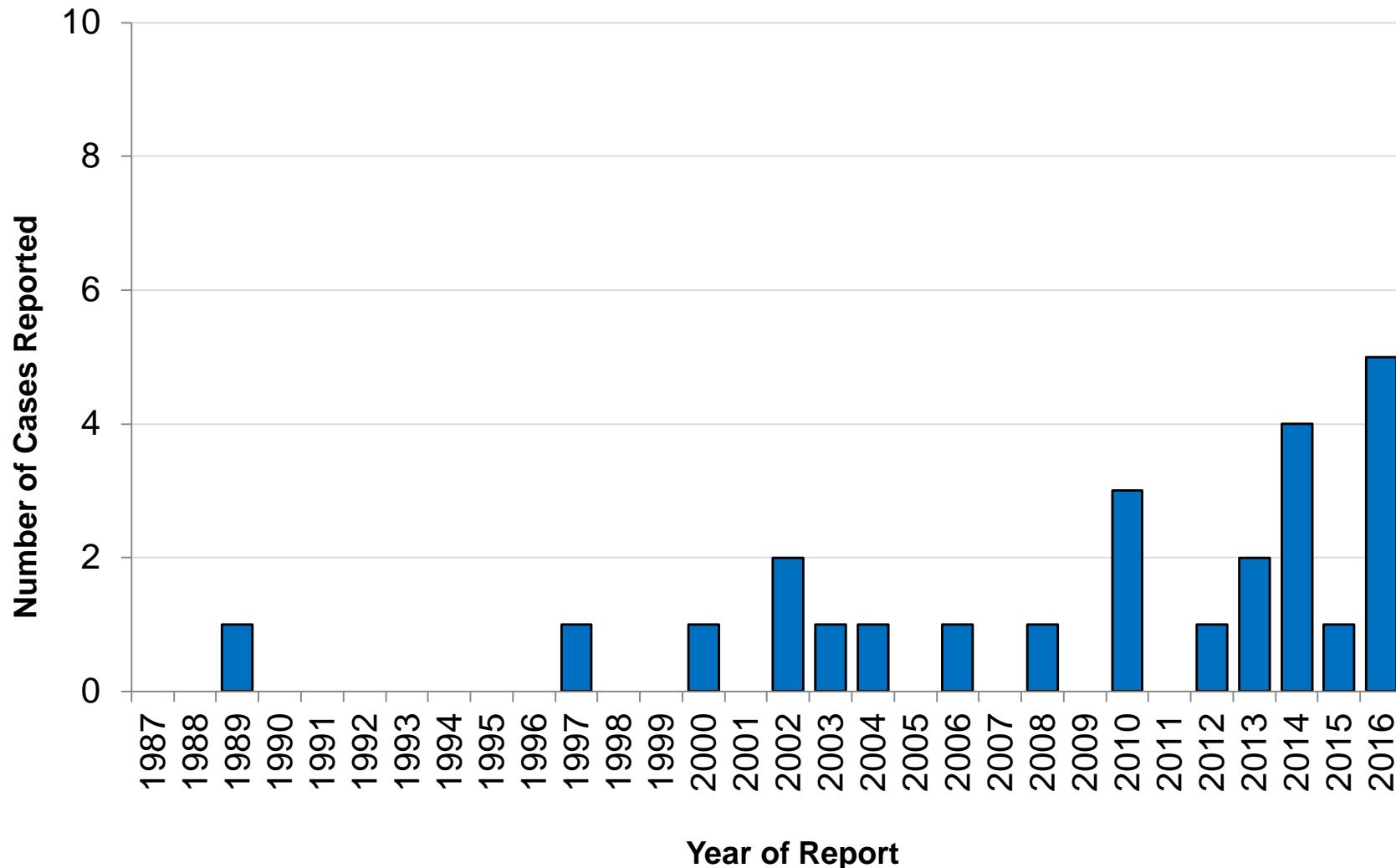
Psittacosis

Cases: Idaho, 1987 – 2016



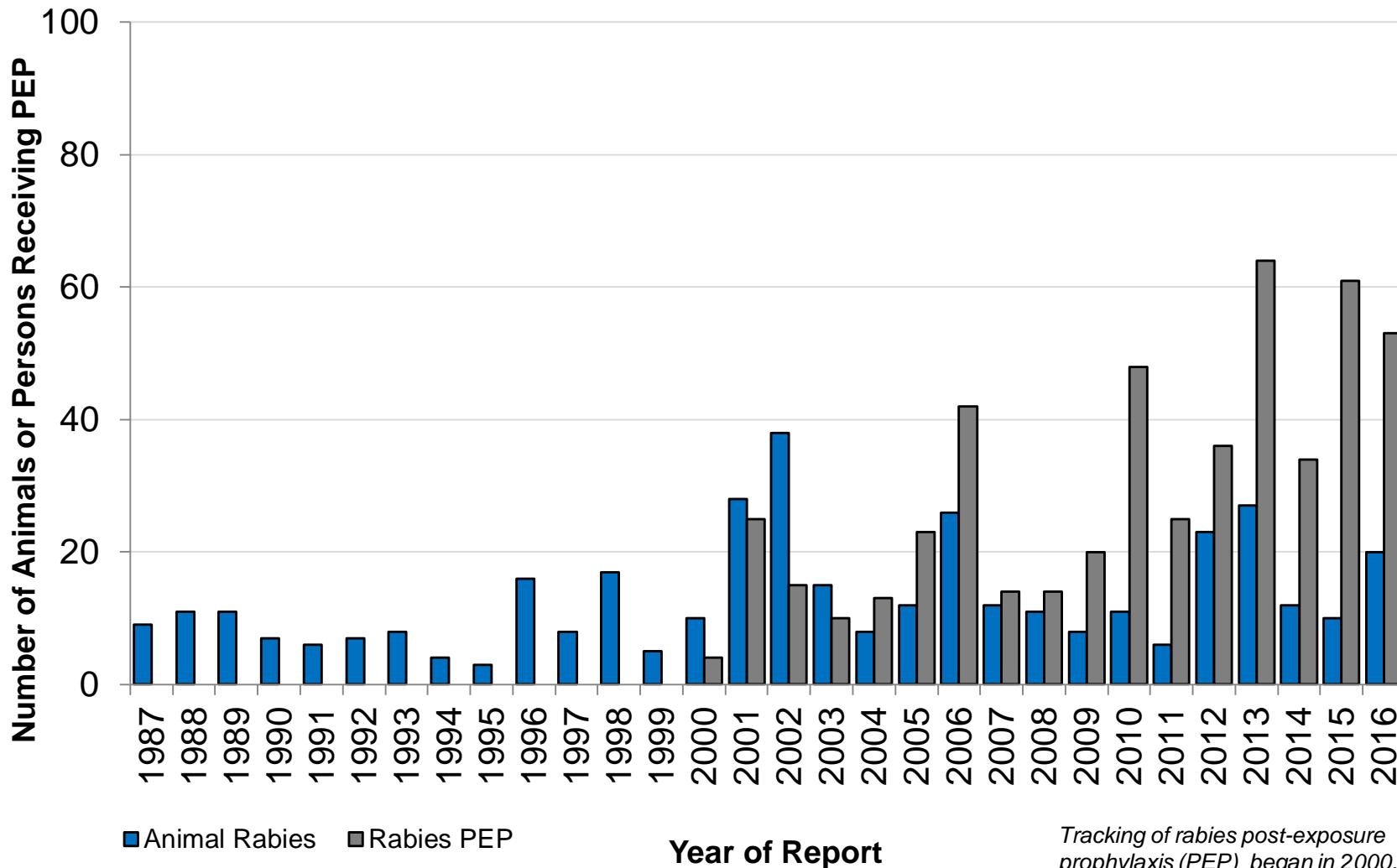
Q Fever

Cases: Idaho, 1987 – 2016



Animal Rabies and Rabies PEP

Counts: Idaho, 1987 – 2016



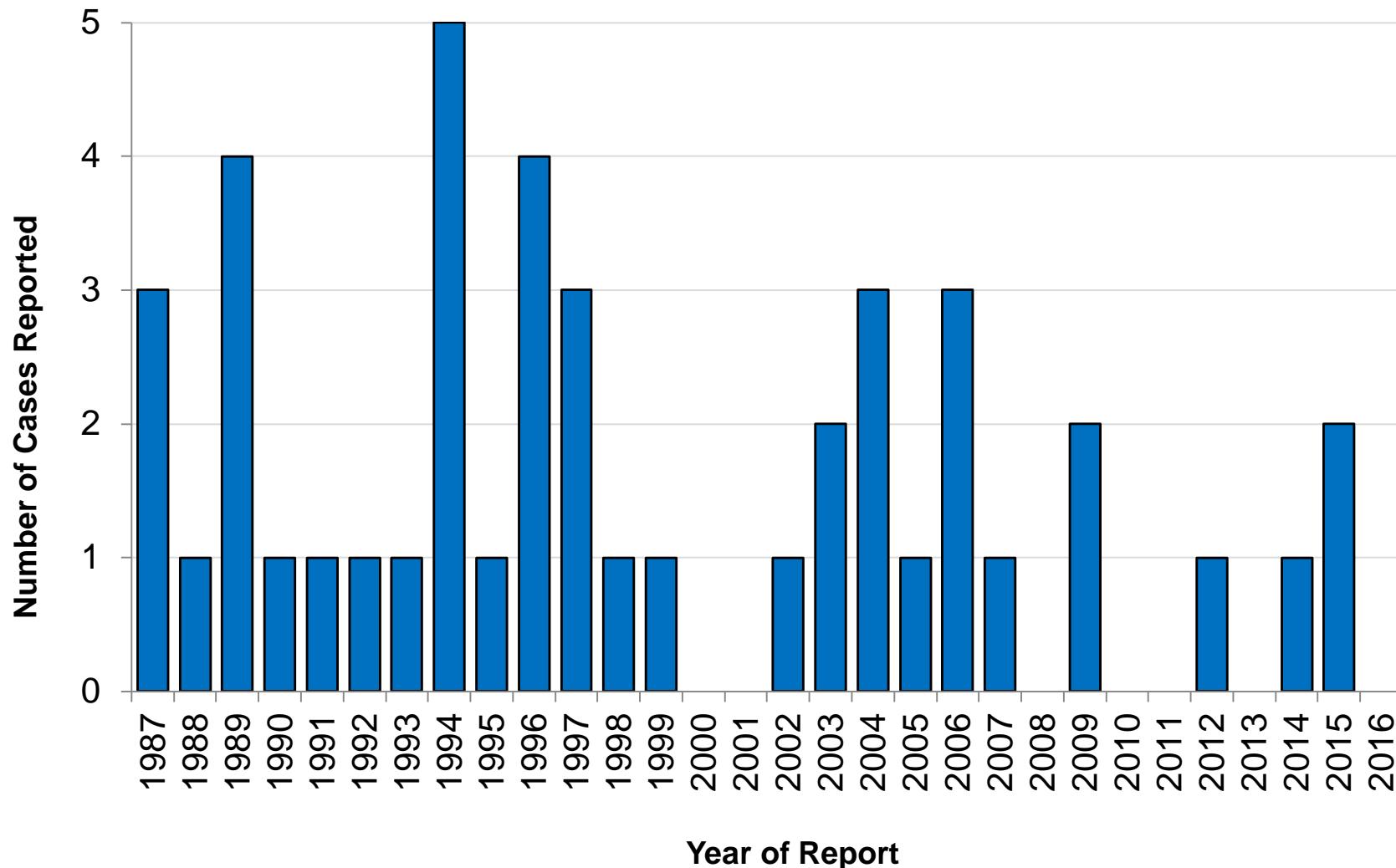
■ Animal Rabies ■ Rabies PEP

Year of Report

Tracking of rabies post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP) began in 2000.

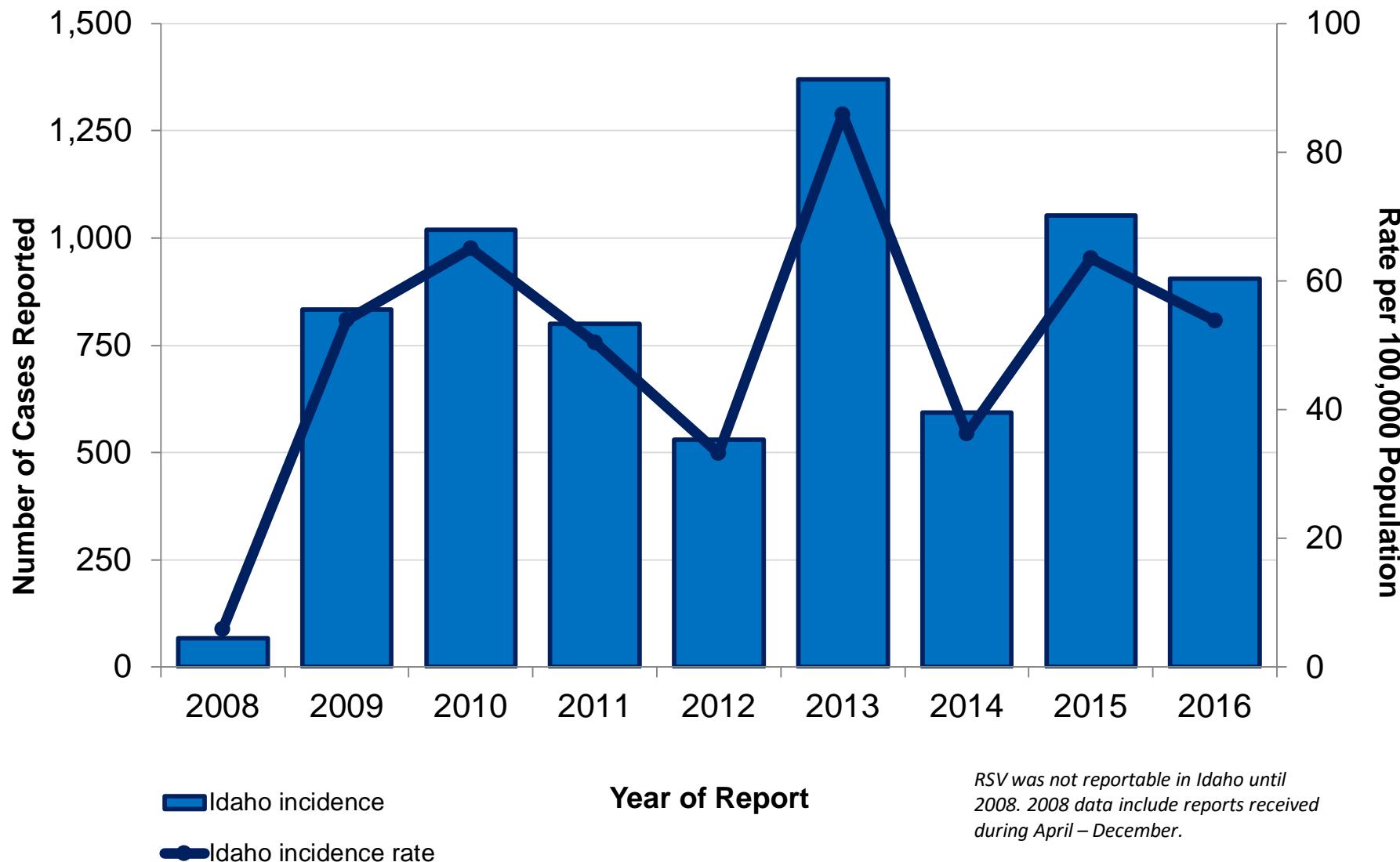
Relapsing Fever (tick- and louse-borne)

Cases: Idaho, 1987 – 2016



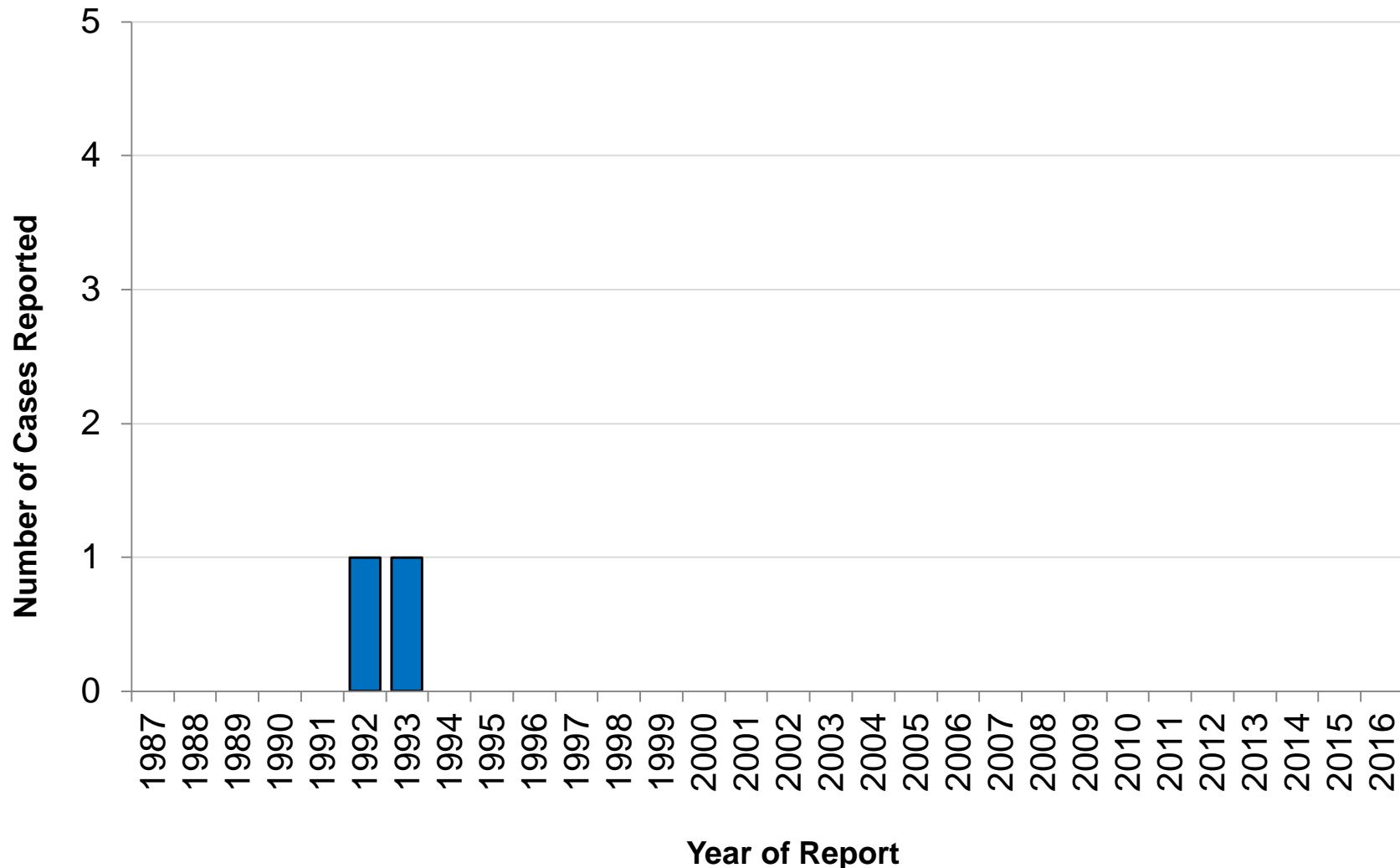
Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV)

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho, 2008 – 2016



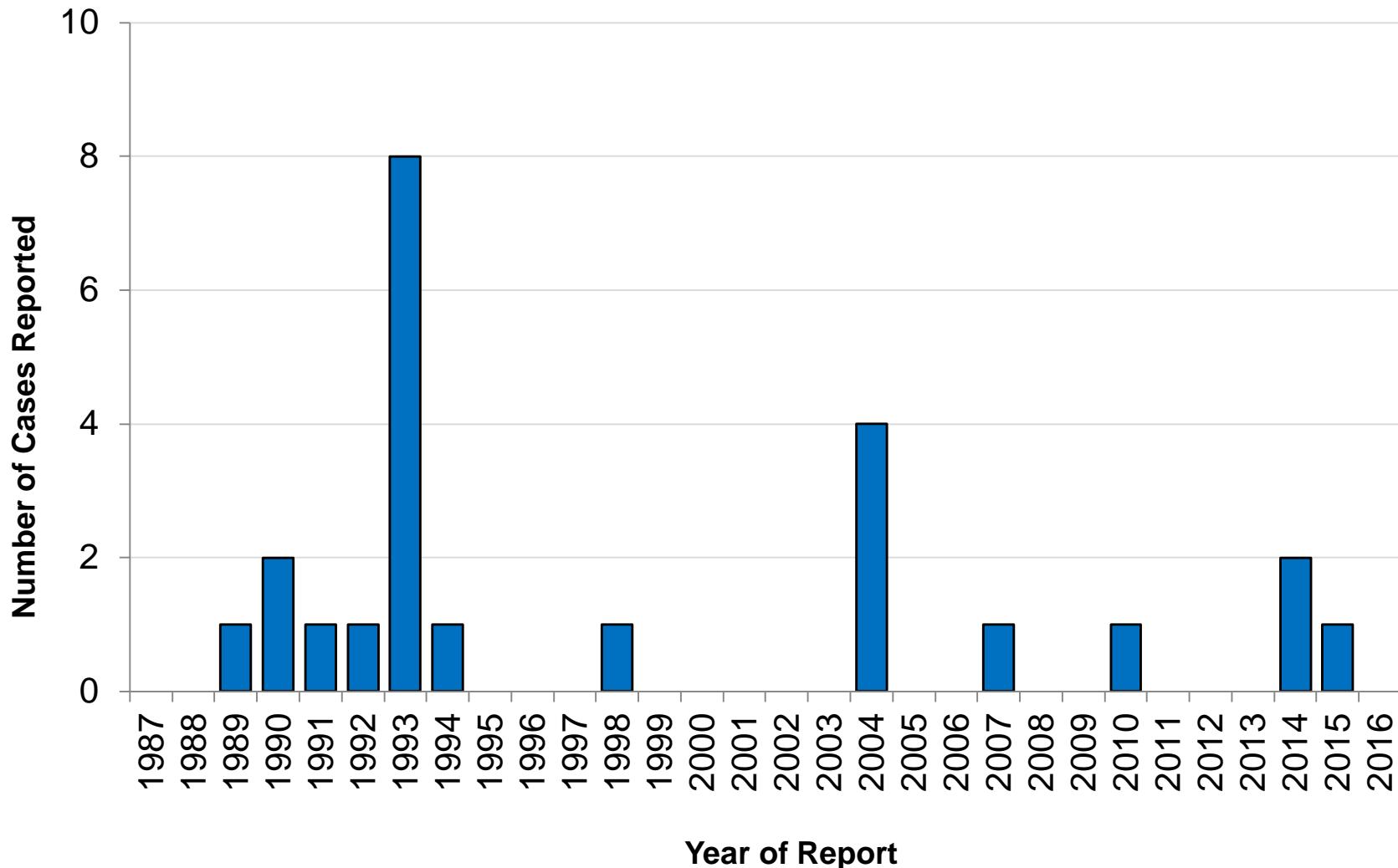
Reye Syndrome

Cases: Idaho, 1987 – 2016



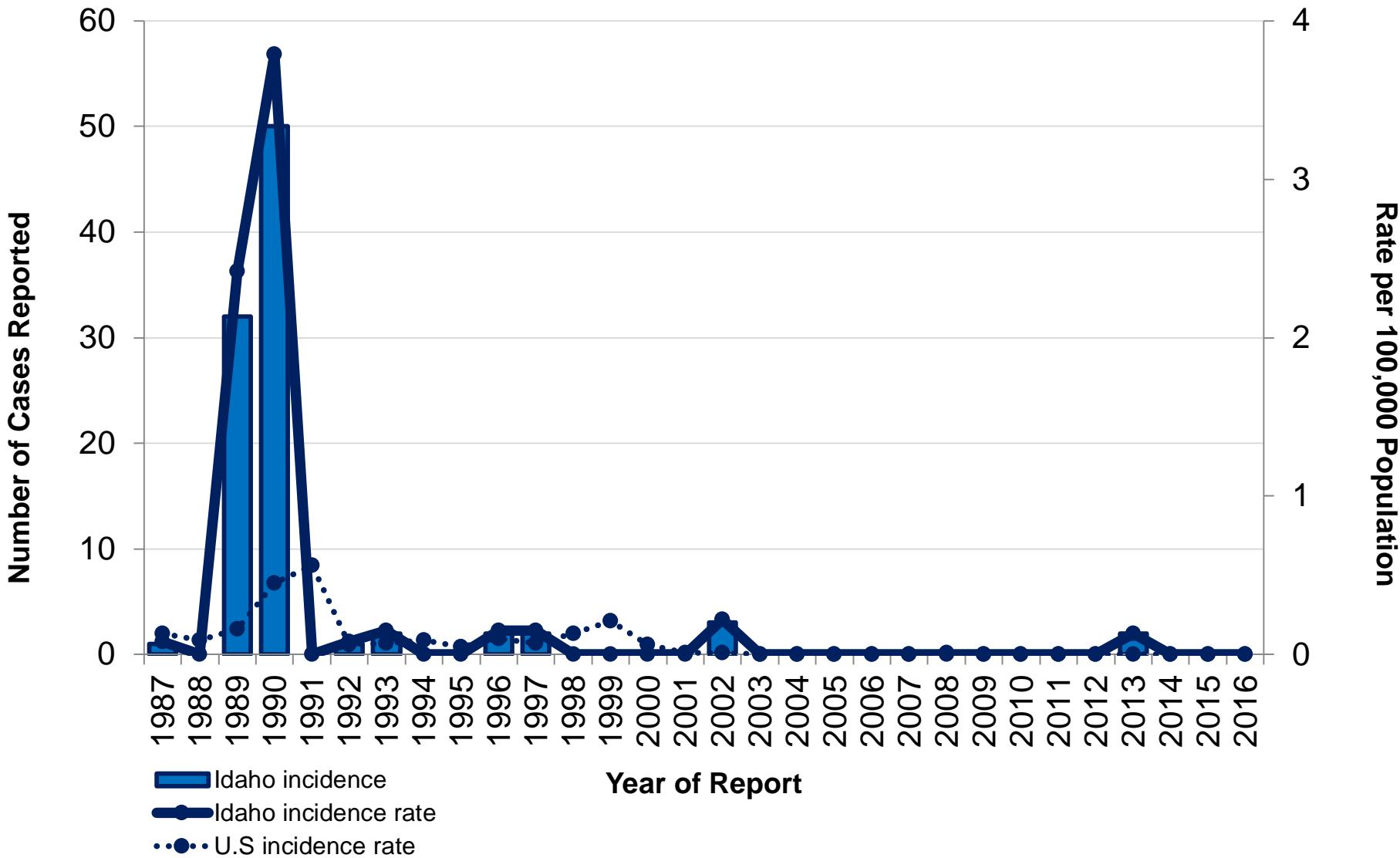
Rheumatic Fever, Acute

Cases: Idaho, 1987 – 2016



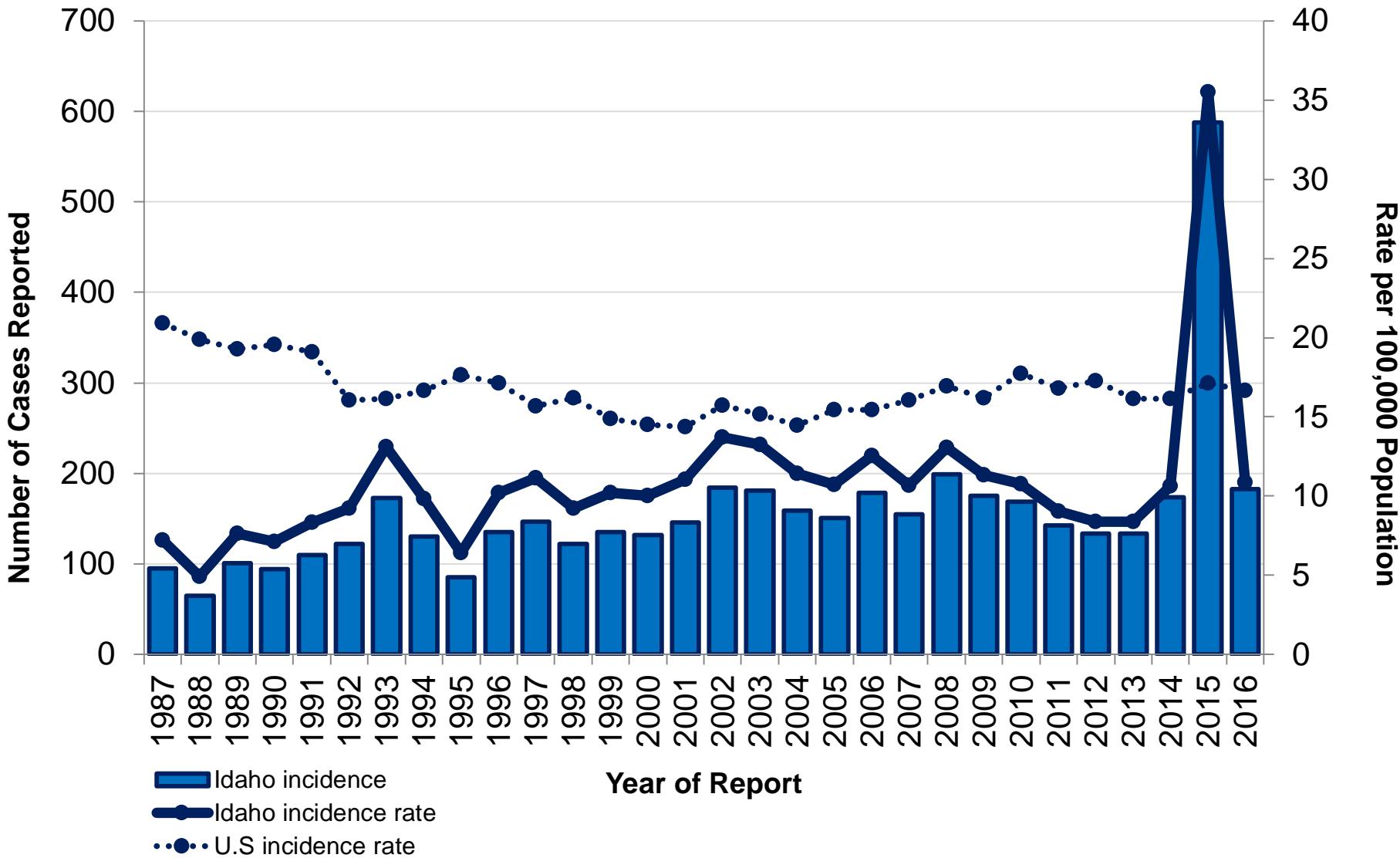
Rubella

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho and U.S., 1987 – 2016



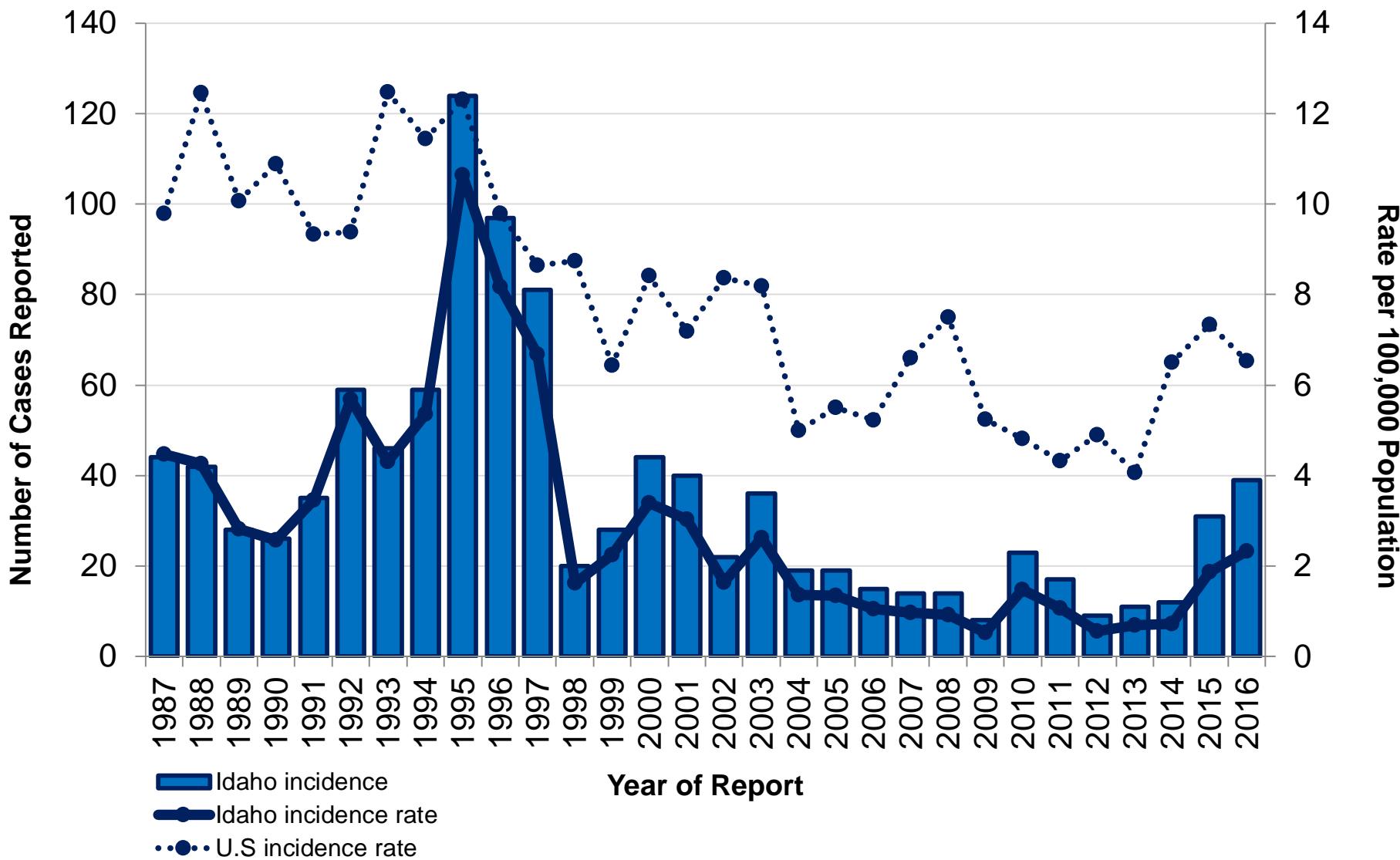
Salmonellosis

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho and U.S., 1987 – 2016



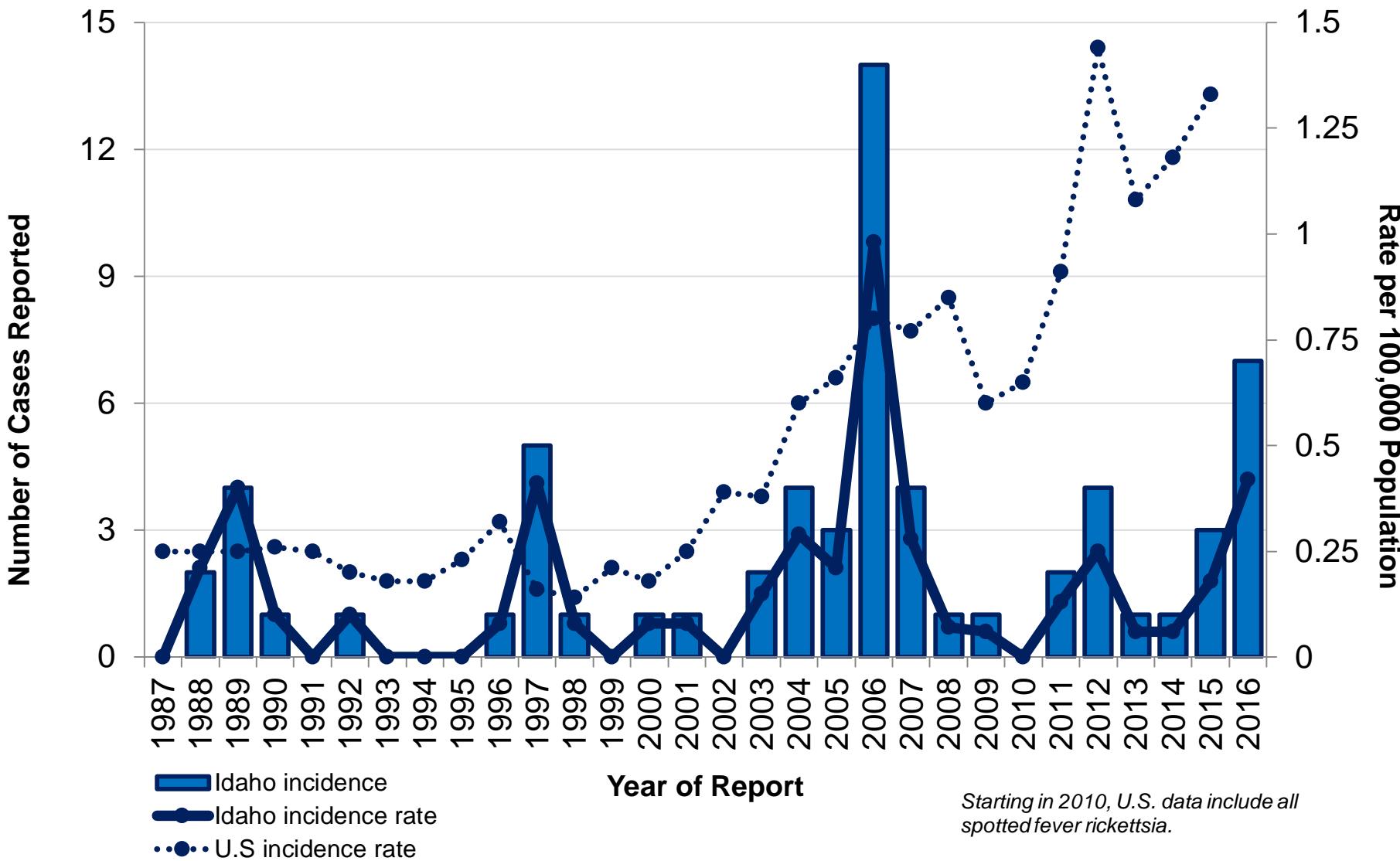
Shigellosis

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho and U.S., 1987 – 2016



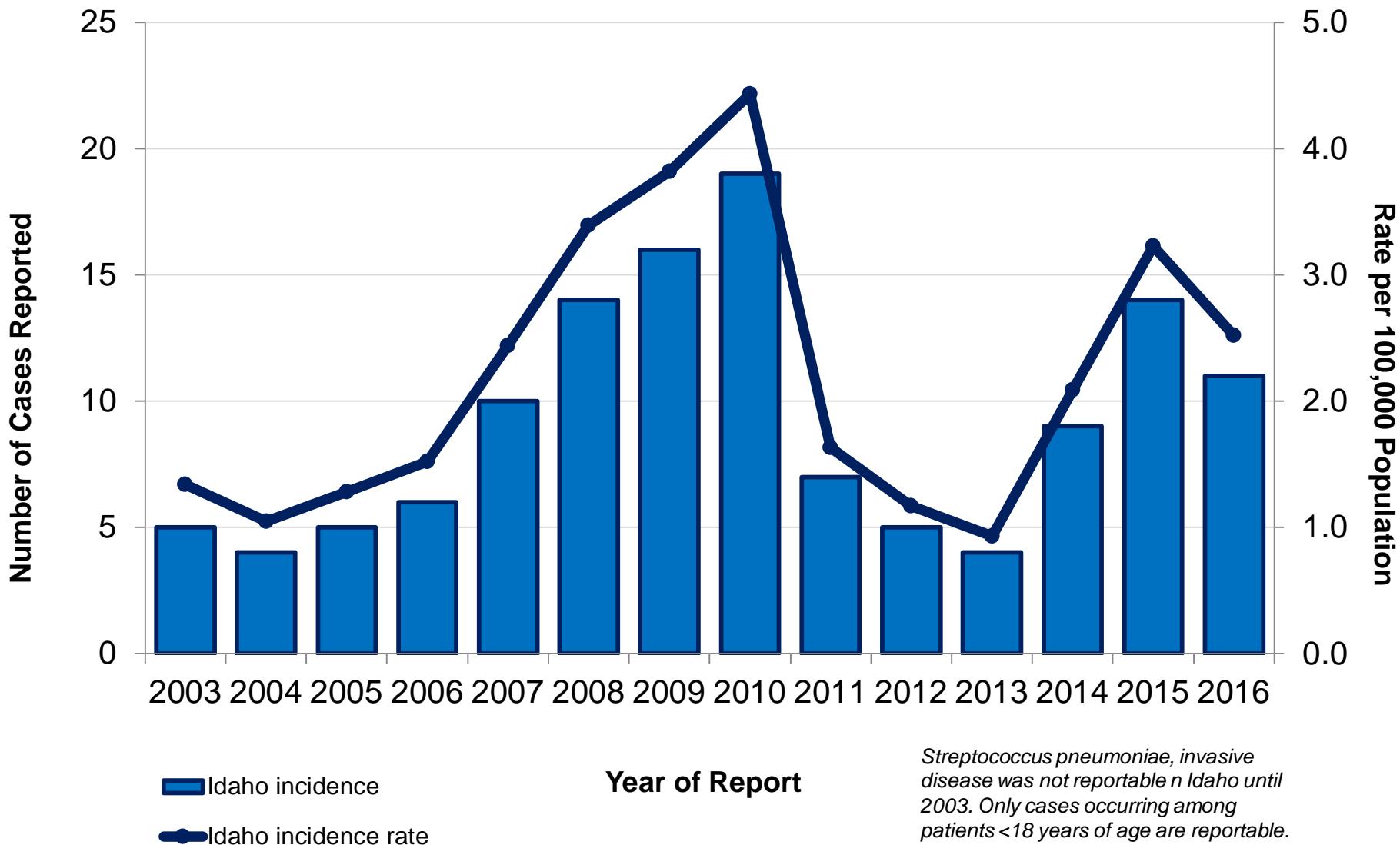
Spotted Fever Rickettsiosis (RMSF)

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho and U.S., 1987 – 2016



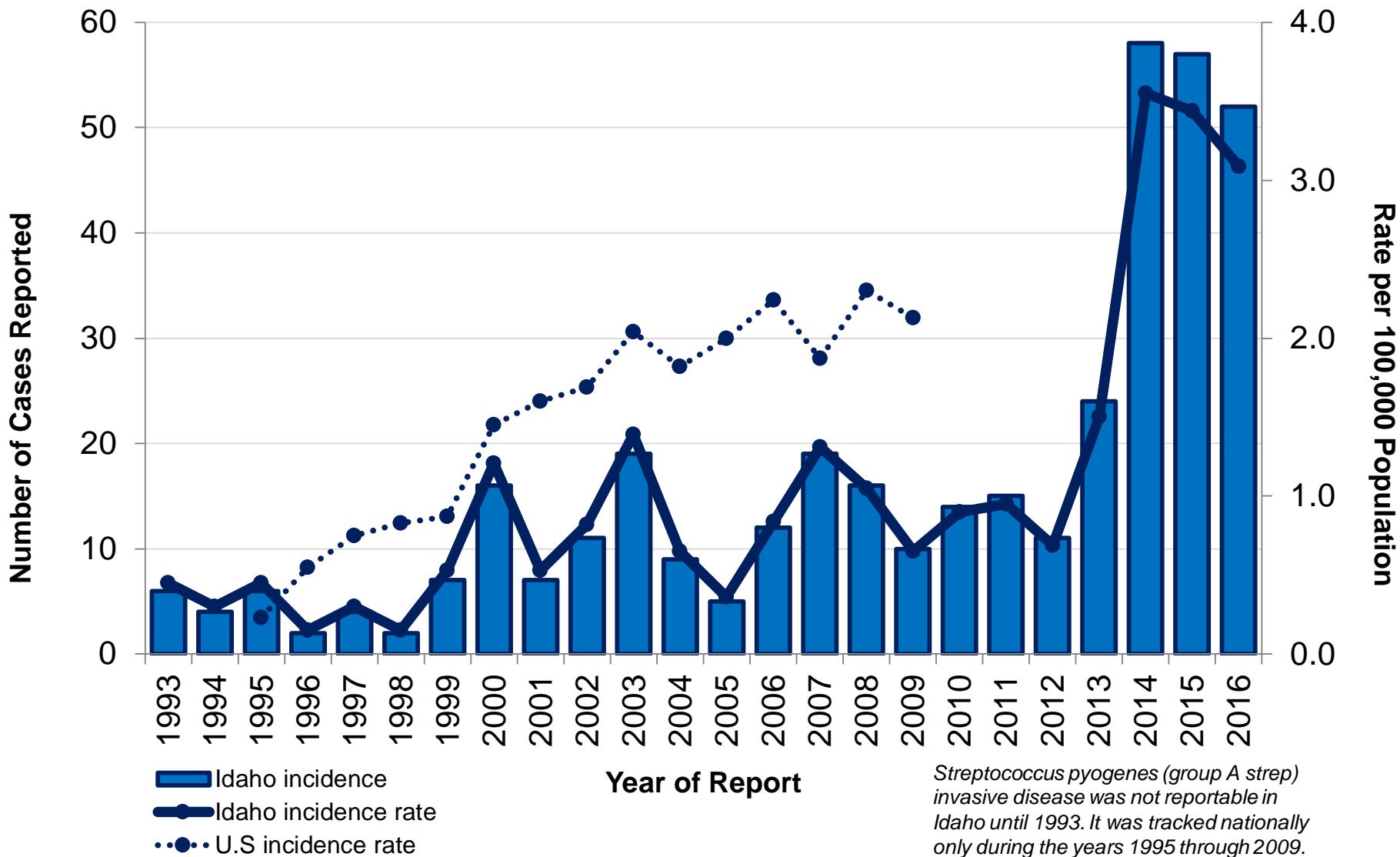
S. pneumoniae, Invasive

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population 0-17 years of age: Idaho, 2003 – 2016



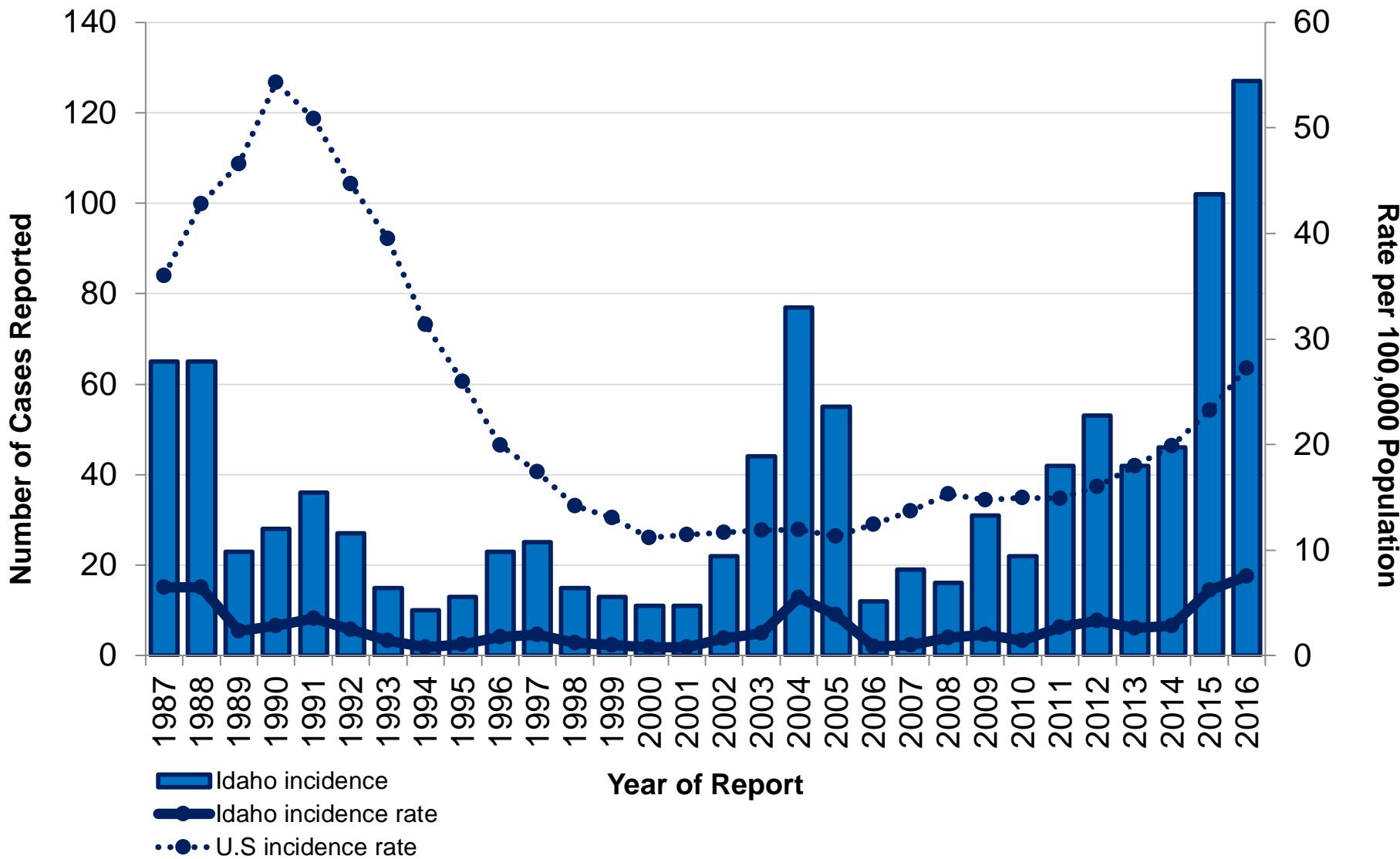
S. pyogenes (Group A Strep), Invasive

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho and U.S., 1993 – 2016



Syphilis, All Stages

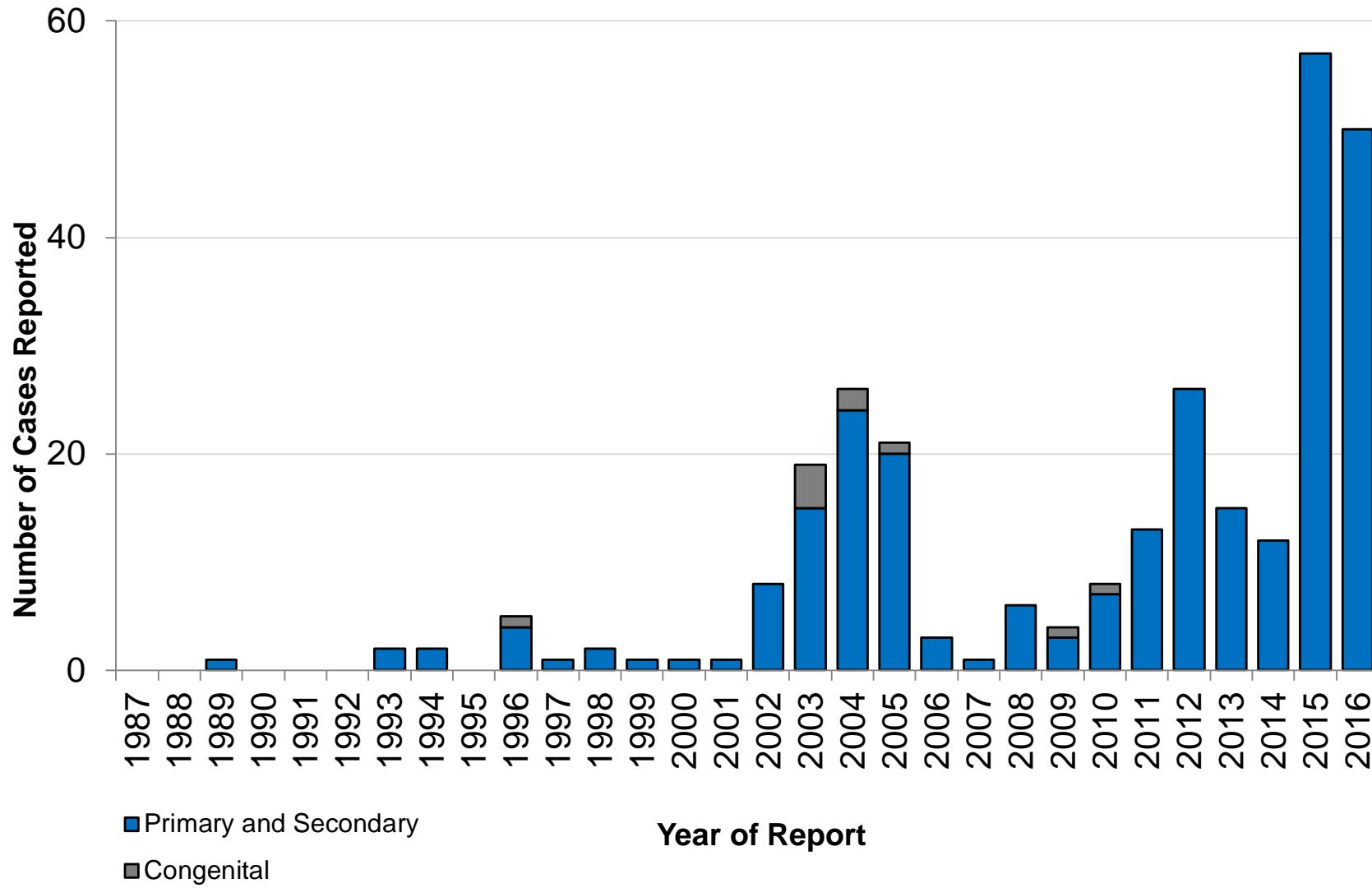
Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho and U.S., 1987 – 2016



Syphilis

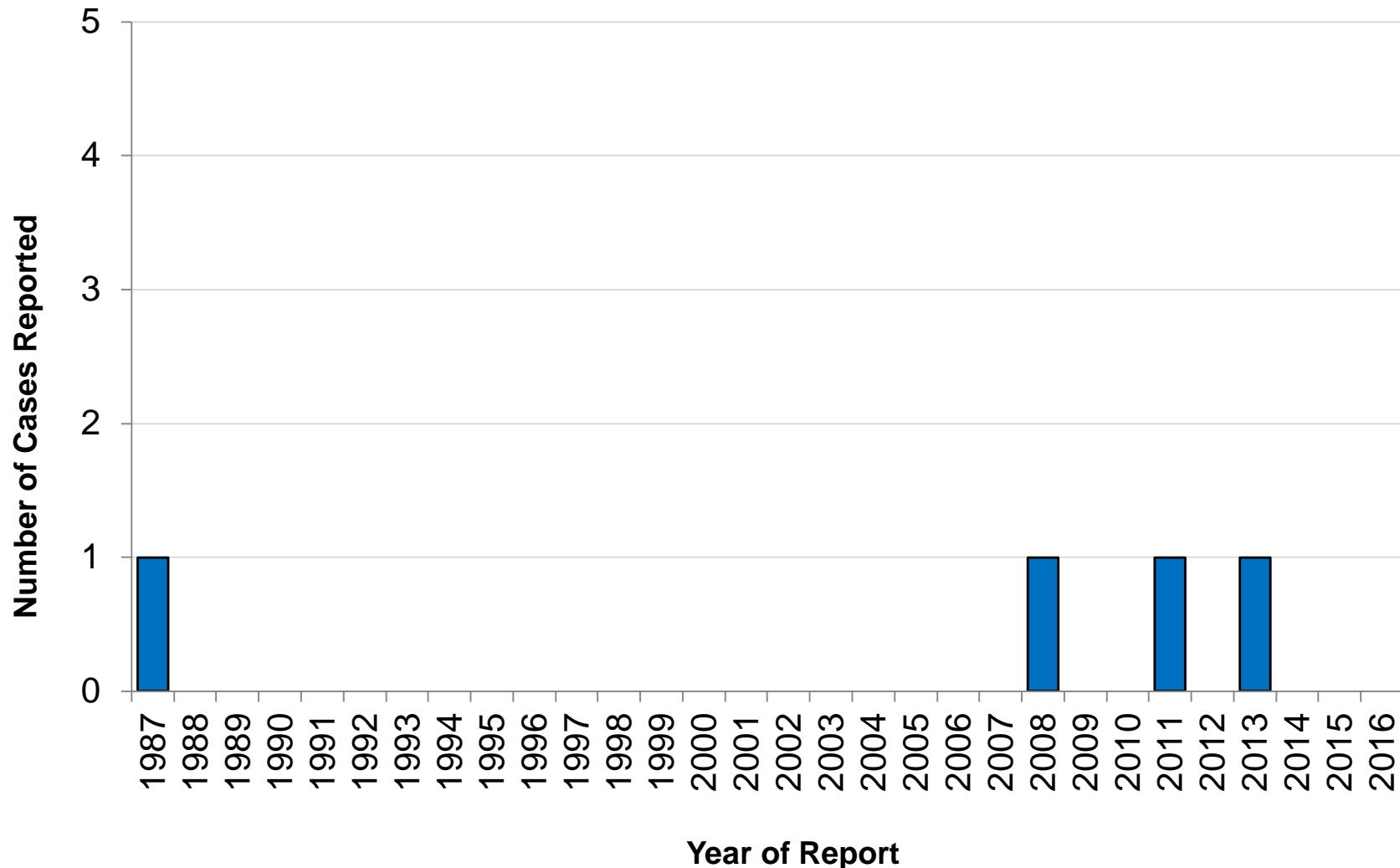
(primary, secondary, and congenital only)

Cases: Idaho, 1987 – 2016



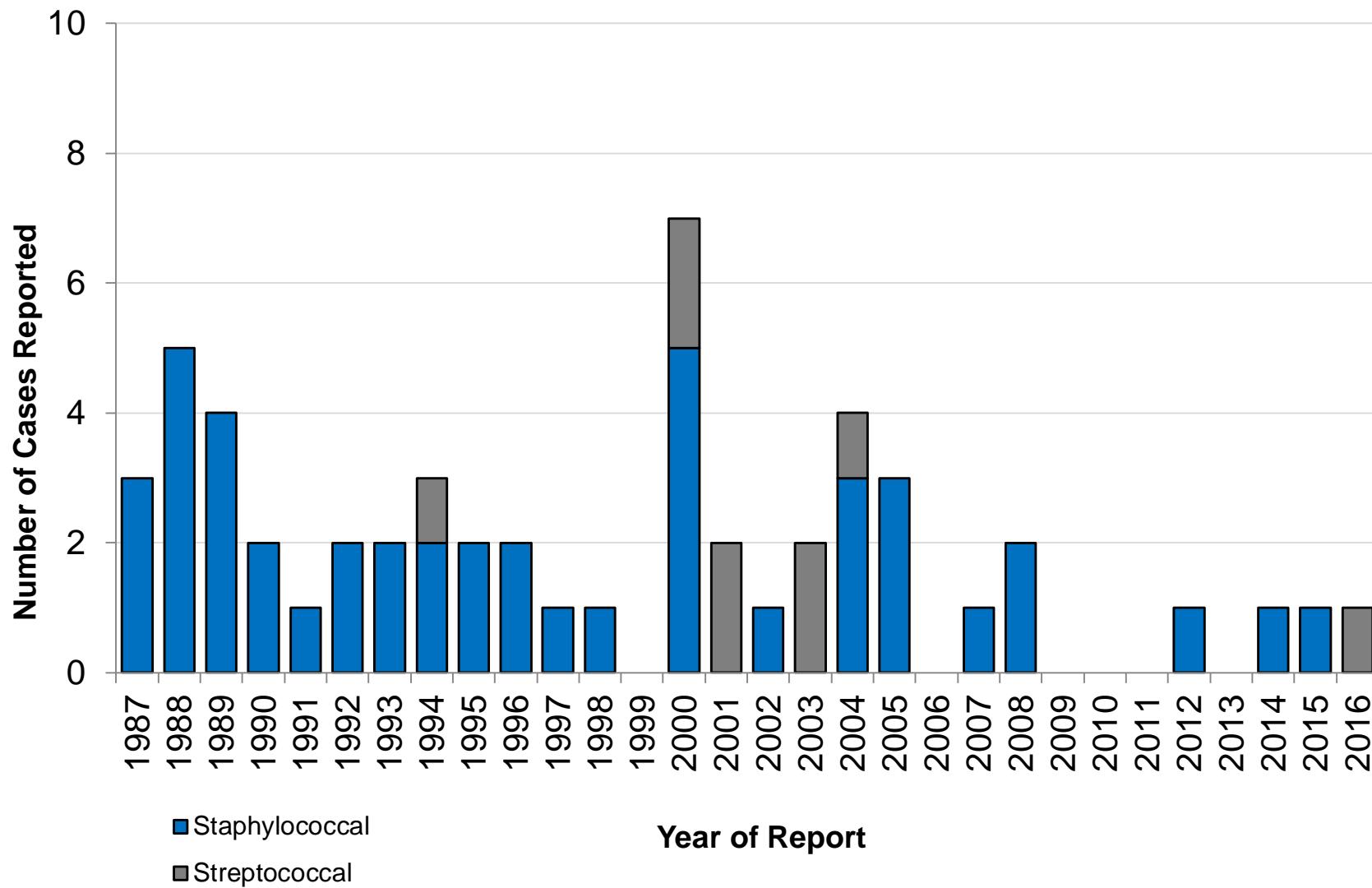
Tetanus

Cases: Idaho, 1987 – 2016



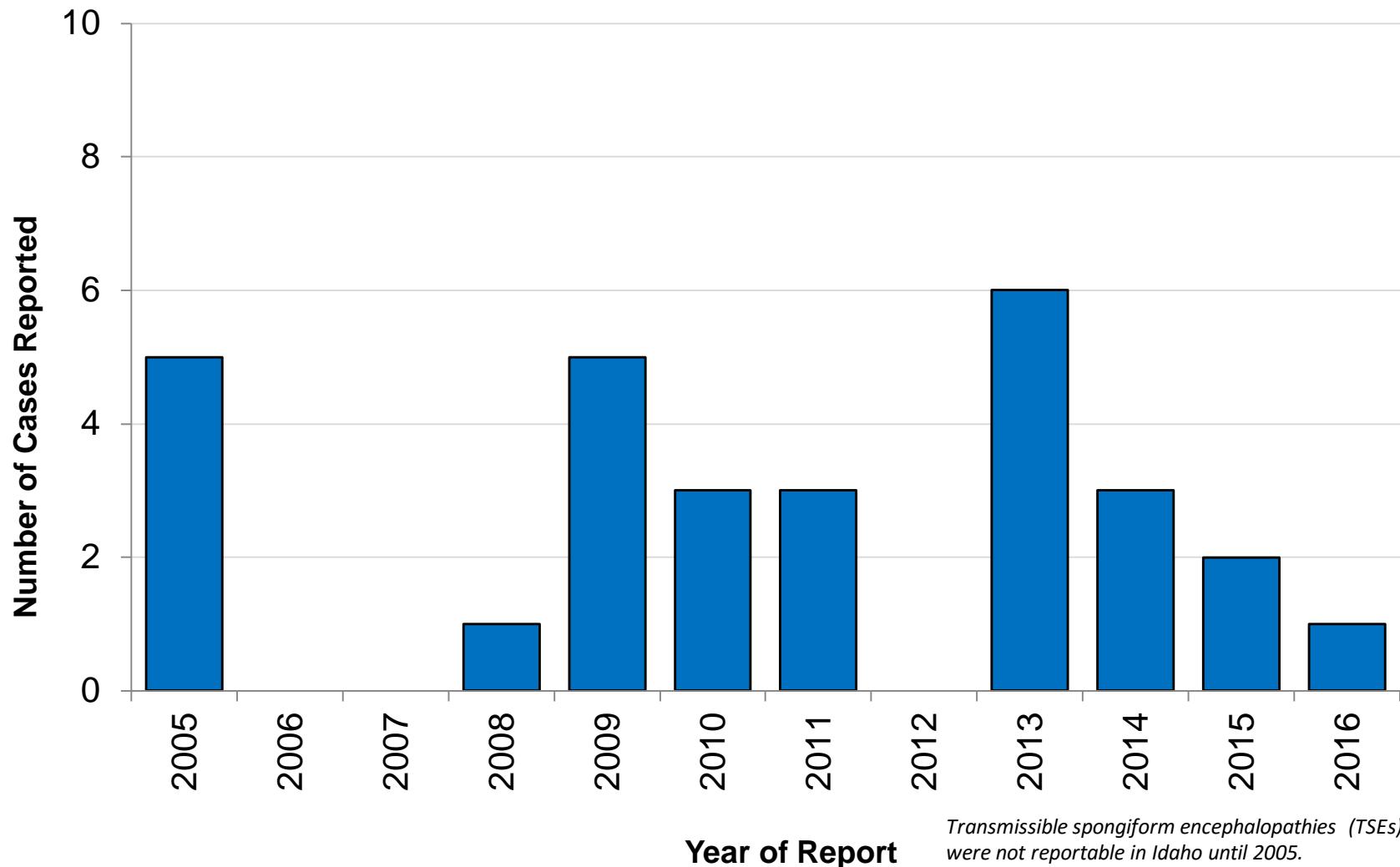
Toxic Shock Syndrome

Cases: Idaho, 1987 – 2016



Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies

Cases: Idaho, 2005 – 2016

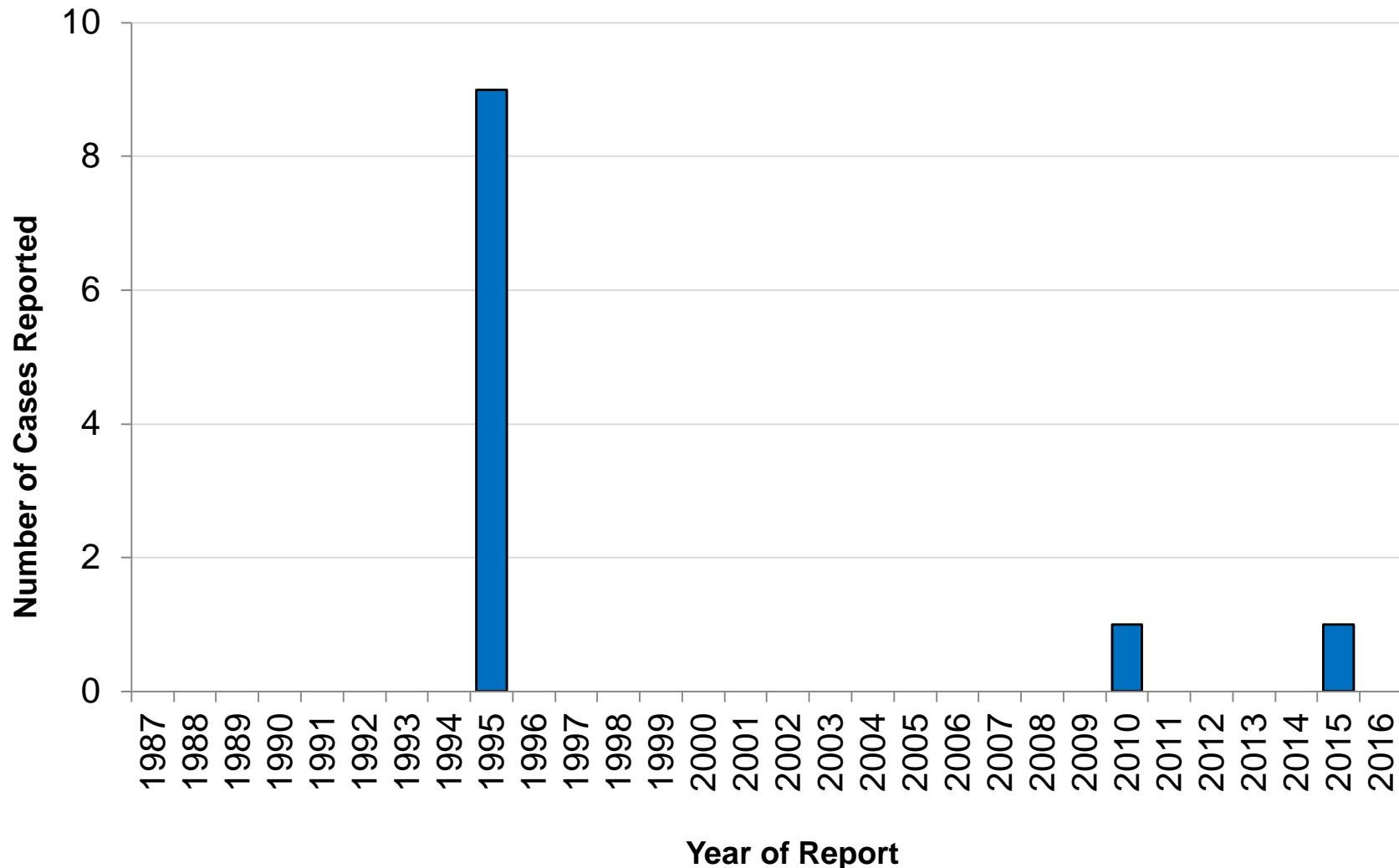


Transmissible spongiform encephalopathies (TSEs) were not reportable in Idaho until 2005.

Disease counts include cases reported to public health during the year and determined to be probable or confirmed TSE after review of clinical symptoms and/or laboratory confirmation.

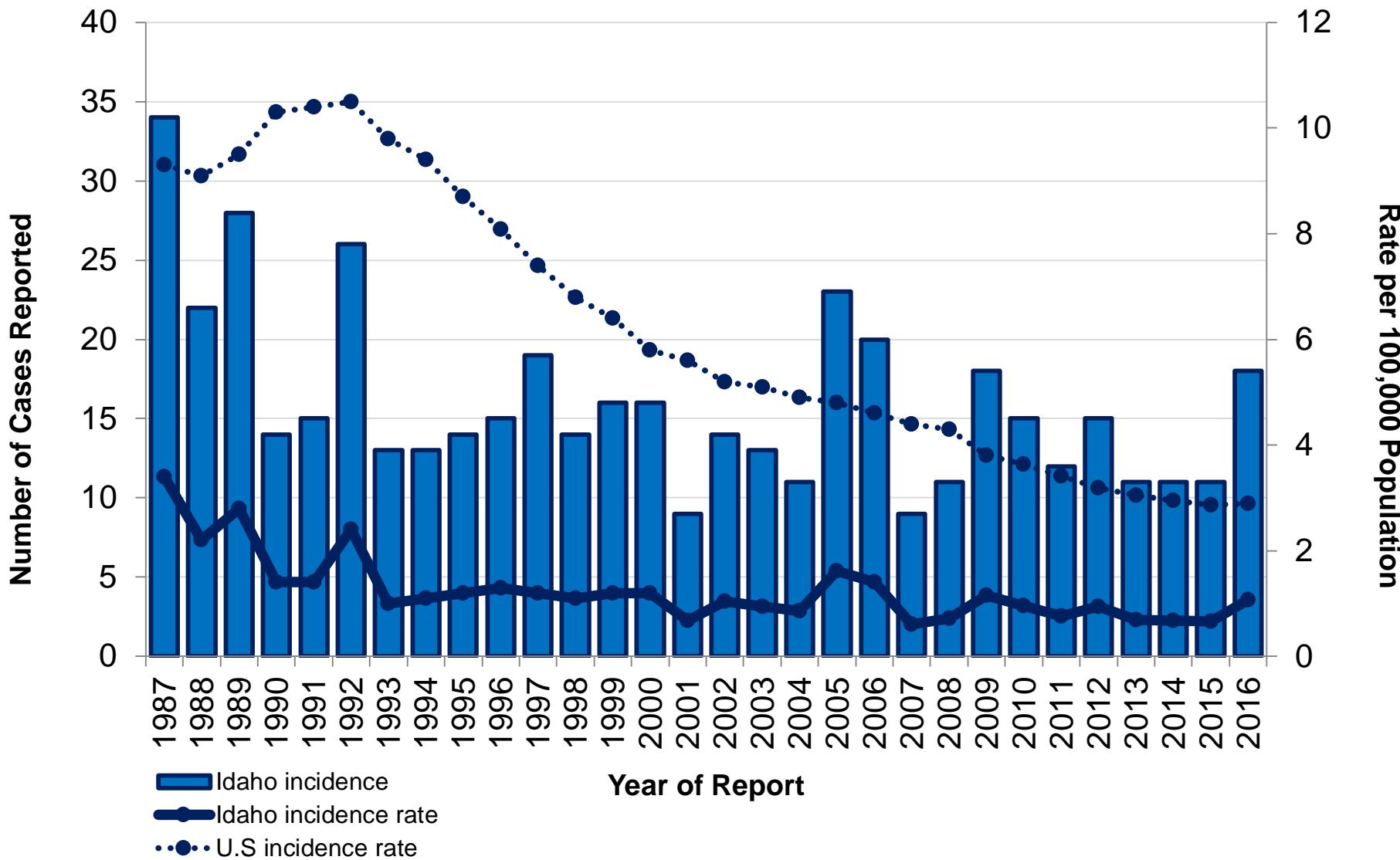
Trichinosis

Cases: Idaho, 1987 – 2016



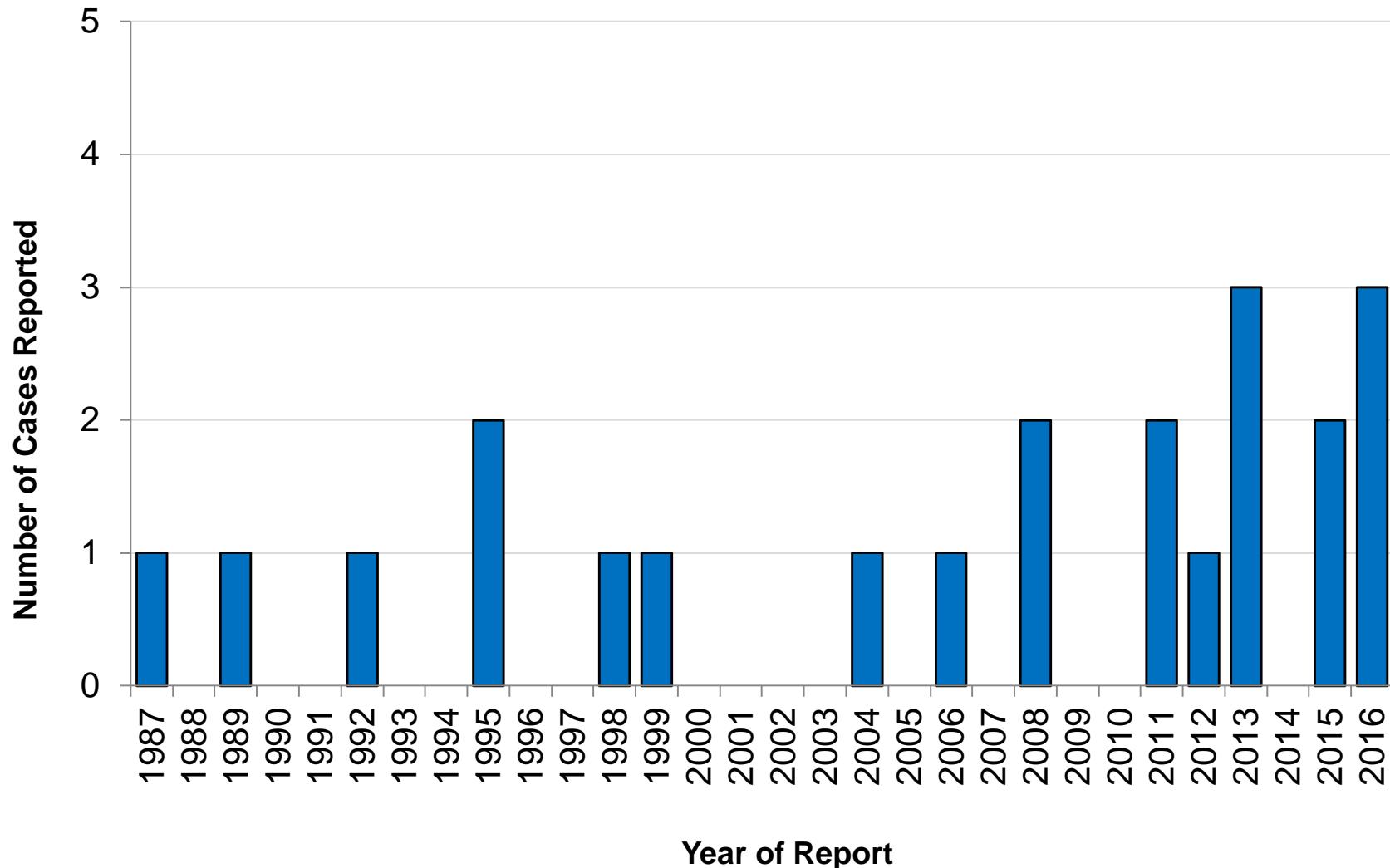
Tuberculosis

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho and U.S., 1987 – 2016



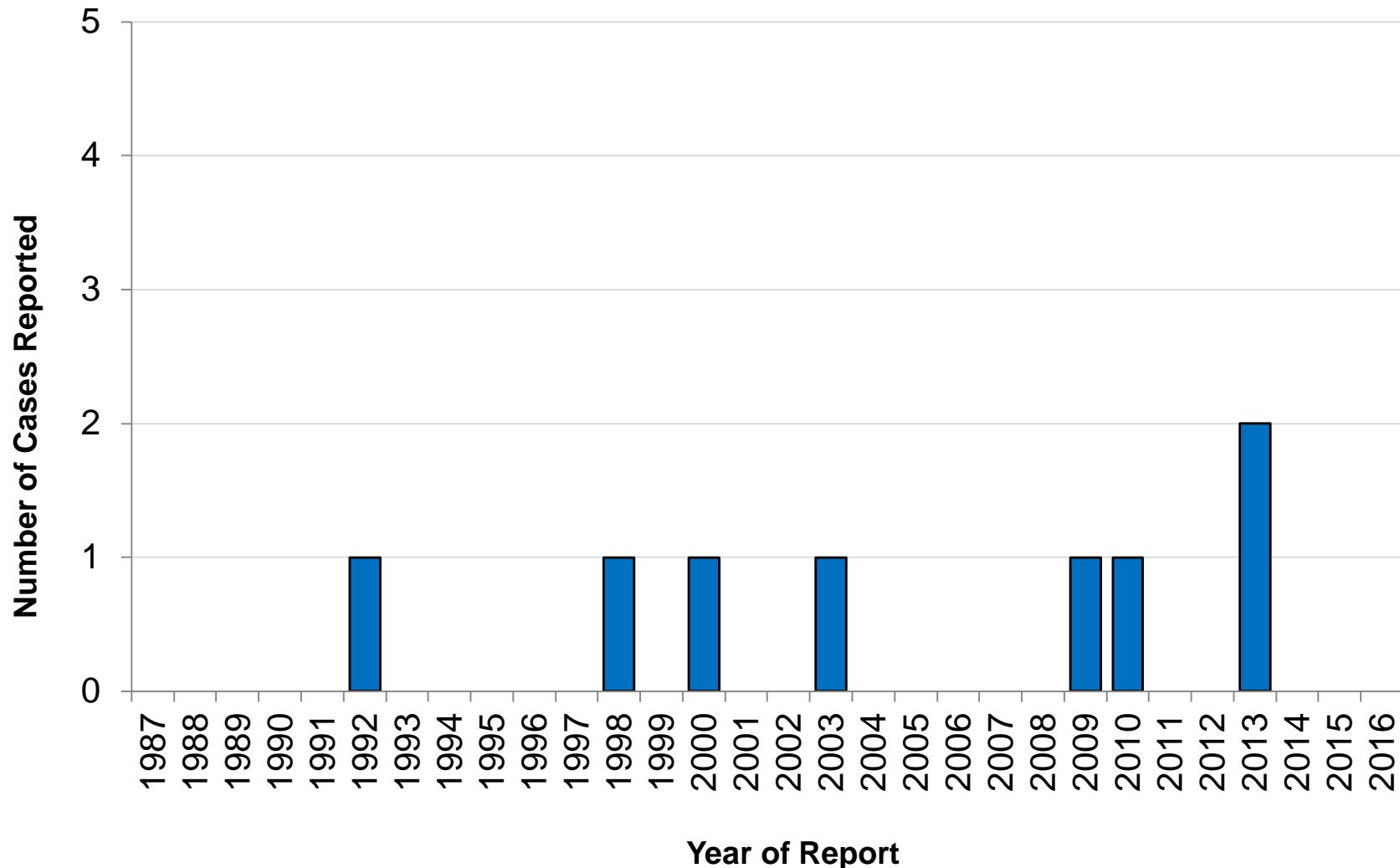
Tularemia

Cases: Idaho, 1987 – 2016



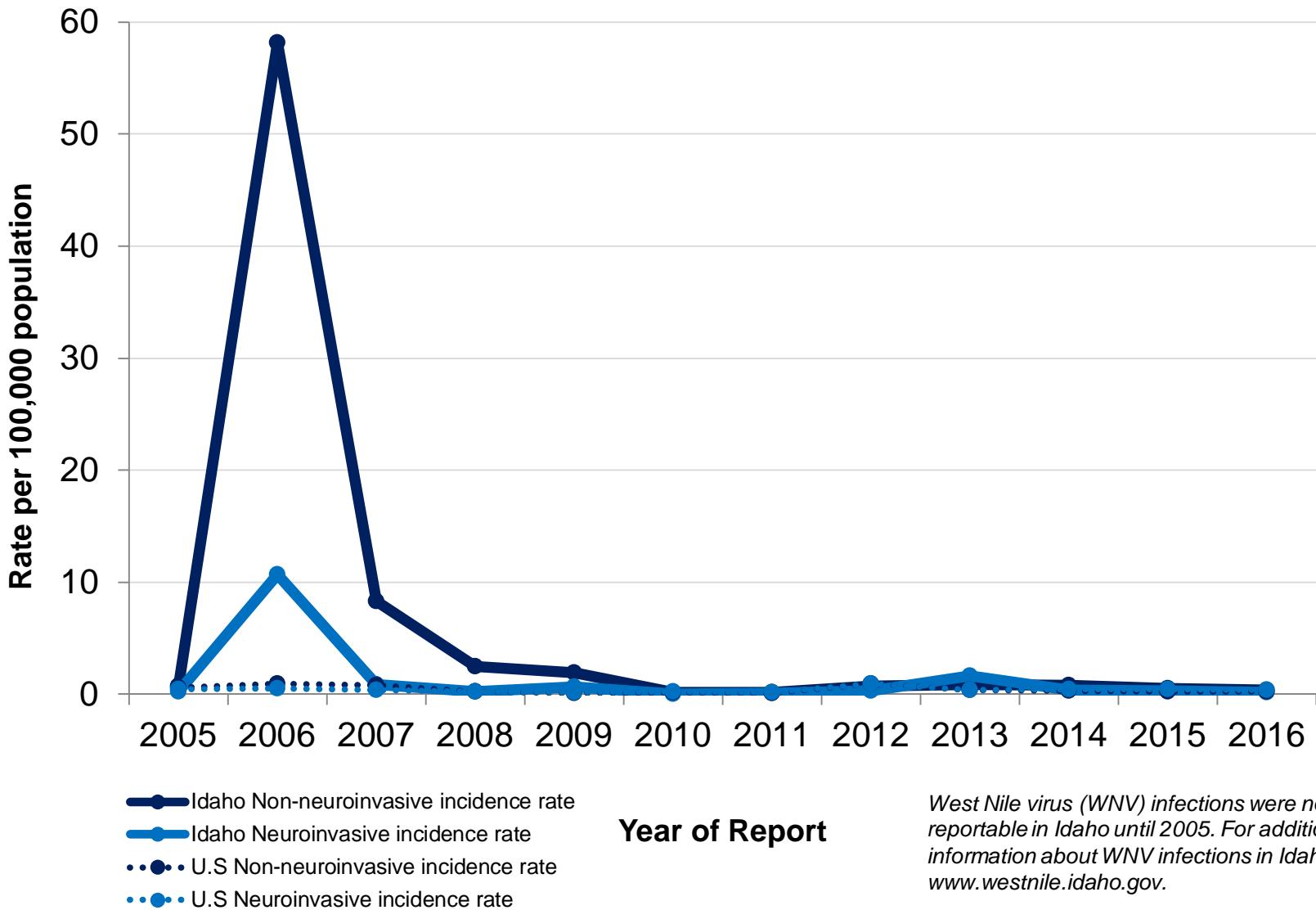
Typhoid Fever

Cases: Idaho, 1987 – 2016



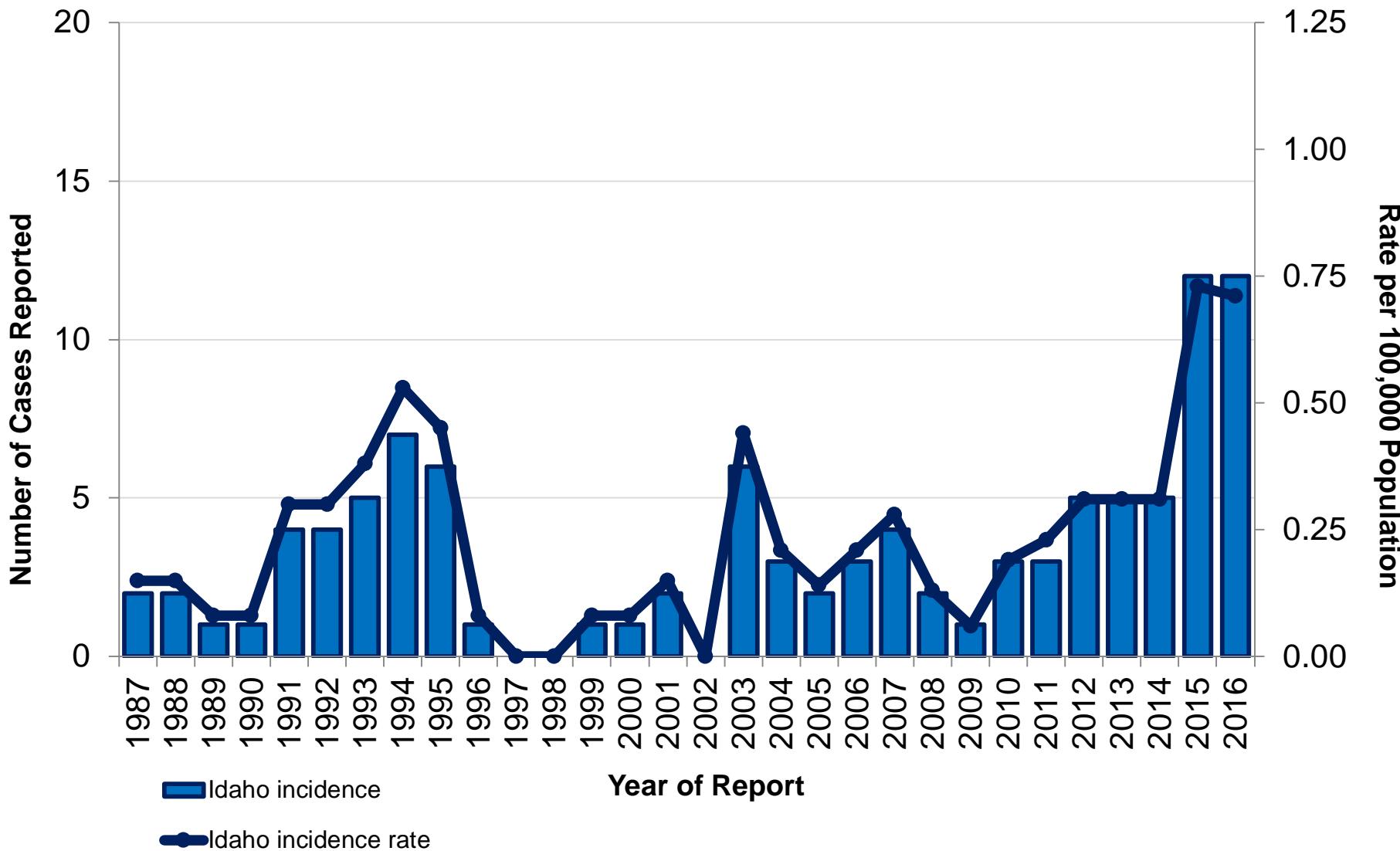
West Nile Virus Infections

Rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho and U.S., 2005 – 2016



Yersiniosis

Cases and rate of disease per 100,000 population: Idaho, 1987 – 2016



Reportable Diseases Without Graphs

- Cancer
 - Data available from the Cancer Data Registry of Idaho (CDRI) at: <http://www.idcancer.org/>
- Newborn screening abnormal findings
 - Biotinidase deficiency
 - Congenital hypothyroidism
 - Maple syrup urine disease
 - Galactosemia
 - Phenylketonuria
- Rare conditions without recent cases reported
 - Cholera
 - Human rabies
 - Smallpox
 - Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS)
- Novel influenza A